The Fresno Weekly Republican.

VOL. XV. FRESNO, FRESNO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1891. NO. 46

LANDED IN JAIL.

Suspected Train Robbers at Modesto.

THEY HAVE NOTHING TO SAY

Friends of Dalton and Dean Tender Them Small Ovations Along the Railroad.

VISALIA, September 8.—William Dalton and Riley Dean, the suspected Ceres train robbers, were last night confronted with Mr. and Mrs. Graham, who were camping a short distance south of Ceres on the night of the robbery.

Graham identified the two men as having come to their camp shortly before the robbery, asked for a drink of water and left in a northerly direction.

Dalton exhibited much confusion at the sudden meeting. Neither men will talk on the subject.

Sheriff Kay took Dalton and Dean to Modesto this morning.

THE TRAIN ROBBERS EN ROUTE.

They Pass Through Fresno Under a Guard.

The Ceres train robbers, Dalton and Dean, were taken to Modesto for incarceration on the noon train yesterday.

They were in charge of Sheriff Purvis, of Stanislaus county, who was assisted by Sheriff Kay of Tulare, who captured them, Detectives Thacker, Smith, Lawson and others, in all eight men.

The prisoners were not handcuffed nor held in check in any manner save by the vigilant eye of the trained men who guarded them. They seemed to take their arrest lightly and Dalton chatted pleasantly with Judge Prince, who knew him in former days, and others. He declined to speak of the crime and said he was simply seeing the sights. Dalton declined to be interviewed and appeared to enjoy his notoriety.

The officers say they have made no mistake and that the right men have been caught, beyond a doubt. They declined to go into details, but have a confident air.

The men have been fully identified by Mr. and Mrs. Graham, from whom they got a drink of water near Ceres on the day of the robbery. This completes the chain of evidence, it is understood.

A large crowd was at the depot to see the robbers.

SHOOK HIS HAND.

Dalton's Friends Meet and Greet Him.

MERCED, September 8.—Bill Dalton and Riley Dean passed through here this afternoon en route for Modesto, in charge of officers.

Dalton shook hands with a number of his old acquaintances and associates here. He said he was not worried as he could prove that he spent the night at Tulare on the night the train was robbed at Ceres.

Dalton is well acquainted here, formerly taking a prominent part in politics, having occupied the position of secretary of the Democratic convention of this city at one time. It is understood that their examination will take place at Modesto this week.

SAFE IN JAIL.

Dalton and Dean Placed Behind the Bars.

MODESTO, September 8—Sheriff Purvis of this county, accompanied by Sheriff Kay of Tulare and Detectives Thacker, Smith, Hume and Lawson, returned from Visalia this afternoon having in charge William Dalton and Riley Dean, the supposed Ceres train robbers.

A large crowd was at the depot to see the men.

They were escorted to the county jail and lodged in cells.

The wife of Dalton arrived from Sacramento earlier in the afternoon and accompanied her husband as far as the jail.

The sheriffs, detectives and district attorney were in secret consultation for two hours this evening.

WAS A MISTAKE.

Bill Dalton Did Not Voluntarily Surrender.

TULARE, September 8.—The statement that Bill Dalton came to the door and threw up his hands at the time he was arrested is erroneous. He was taken unawares. Sheriff Kay and Deputy Witty when they saw the men enter the house drove up rapidly and jumped into the front room. The only persons there were Mrs. Ruggles and a girl. He asked if any men were on the premises. They said no. While conversing Kay suddenly kicked open a door leading to an adjoining room, and held a shotgun leveled. Dalton stood there with a rifle beside him not suspecting the sudden entrance. Kay had the drop and Dalton had to surrender.

Broke a Record.

HARTFORD, Ct., September 8—At bicycle races at Charter Oak park today, in the half mile safety race for the national law championship, A. A. Zimmerman, of the New York athletic club, won in 1.22 1-5, making the last quarter in .29¾, breaking the world's record on .30 4-5.

Mr. Clarke's Pull.

CAPE MAY, September 8—The President has appointed Willis G. Clarke receiver of public money at Carson City, Nev., vice George C. Thaxter, resigned.

His Lucky Star.

WASHINGTON, September 8.—The Star this evening publishes a report it heard that James S. Clarkson, chairman of the Republican national executive committee, would probably be appointed to succeed Proctor as secretary of war.

Will Accept.

BOSTON, September 8.—Hon. Redfield Proctor has sent a letter to Governor Page of Vermont accepting the appointment to the seat in the senate made vacant by the resignation of Senator Edmunds.

Will Let Her Go.

NEW YORK, September 8.—A Washington special says: It is stated here on what appears excellent authority that the United States district attorney will move to nolle pros the case of the Itata when it comes up next week in the United States court at San Diego.

PRISON PUGILISM.

The Idaho Warden Believes in the Science.

BOISE CITY, Idaho, September 8.—The report of a bloody fight to a finish at the state penitentiary came to light in this city today. The extraordinary event occurred five weeks ago last Sunday. Boxing has been permitted by the warden for months and culminated in a finish fight between convicts McCreary and Dunlap, in which the latter was whipped.

The preliminaries were arranged by Warden Mack and his guards. The prisoners were allowed to bet money and articles which they manufactured on the result and on the day of the fight were present en masse.

Guard Alex Roberts, son of Prison Commissioner Roberts, was bottle holder for one of the combatants. All the officials of the prison were present. The fight was particularly a savage one, convict Dunlap being pounded until covered with blood and almost unable to stand, when his second (a guard) threw up the sponge. News of the affair caused a sensation and there is a clamor for an investigation.

INCREASE IN VALUATION

Made by the Equalization Board Yesterday.

SACRAMENTO, September 8.—The action of the state board of equalization on increased valuation of counties and the votes thereon was as follows:

San Francisco, increase, 30 per cent; ayes—Beamer, Colgan, Hebron, Morehouse; no—Swan.

Los Angeles, increase, 15 per cent; ayes—Beamer, Colgan, Swan, Morehouse; no—Hebron.

Santa Clara, increase, 10 per cent; unanimous vote.

San Joaquin, unanimous vote for 5 per cent increase.

San Bernardino, unanimous vote for 15 per cent increase.

Santa Barbara, unanimous vote for 10 per cent increase.

Orange, increase, 10 per cent; ayes—Beamer, Swan, Morehouse; no—Hebron.

Kern, unanimous vote for 5 per cent increase.

San Mateo, unanimous vote for 10 per cent increase.

The board today fixed the state tax levy as follows:

General fund	23 4
School fund	17 6
Interest and sinking fund	1.
Special Mendocino Insane asylum fund	1 6
Total	43 6
University fund ad valorem	44.6

SOME SOUND SENSE

FOR WORKINGMEN TO PONDER OVER.

President Burt, of the Trades Congress, Expresses Himself on Labor.

NEWCASTLE, September 8.—Though the Trades' Union congress really opened yesterday the real business of the meeting did not begin until today. President Thomas Burt this morning in his opening address congratulated the congress upon being the largest body of representative trades unions to meet in any part of the world. Burt also said he was glad to see that women's unions were so largely represented at the congress, as the women needed more organizing than the men. The president expressed the opinion that wherever women did the same work in quantity and quality as men, they ought to ask the same pay as men, and the latter ought to support them in their demands. [Loud applause.]

Continuing, Burt predicted that as trades unions grew stronger strikes would diminish in number and in importance. "A strike," he said, "is always an ugly weapon with which to enforce claims. A strike was like a boomerang, which, if not skillfully thrown, comes back and wounds the thrower." Still, Burt admitted strikes as necessary when blindness and deafness of mammon obliged workmen to stop the wheels.

Referring to arbitration as a means of settling disputes between employer and employe Burt said: "Where arbitration affords a chance of arriving at a settlement it is criminal to strike." [Applause.]

Touching upon the subject of state legislation in regard to workmen, their manner of employment and their hours of labor, Burt declared that this was a subject upon which the great dividing line is drawn between workmen, some advocating that the functions of the states ought to be limited to enforcing the existing law, and others desiring such action upon the part of the state as would lead to a fundamental change in the entire industrial system. Burt believing help the best solution for the existing social problem, and declared that in his opinion the advocacy of the suggestion if that a state should be a producer and an employer of labor it would lead to disaster if applied. In conclusion Burt reminded the delegates that the important problem for workmen was to discover some means which would bring about a better distribution of wealth, and so raise themselves in humanity, in greater material, well being and in nobility of character. [Long and enthusiastic applause.]

FRESNOITES AT SANTA CRUZ

Quiet, Exceedingly Quiet at the Popular Resort.

SANTA CRUZ, September 3.—Everything is awfully quiet, and we in Santa Cruz are going to reverse the old adage of "After a storm comes a calm" and prove that after a "calm comes a storm." The woodwork of the triumphal arch is finished and only awaits the master hand of the great Porter, of Barton opera house fame, to transform it into a thing of beauty and a joy, not forever, but just for a few days. I visited Capitola on Monday and found it a pretty lively place, the bathing is quite en famille, and it is really what I never could get used to. I saw Della Watts enacting the part of a water nymph. She is an admirable swimmer and seems to enjoy herself immensely. The Misses Dora and Stella Keshishyan and their little brother Johnnie are to leave for Fresno on Monday. They have become quite attached to Santa Cruz.

Made a Payment.

WASHINGTON, September 8.—The navy department has authorized the first payment of $96 427 on the battleship Oregon, just begun at the Union iron works at San Francisco.

Made a Match.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 9—The Occidental club has matched Billy Mahan of San Francisco and Billy Mabo of Australia, better known as the Shadow, to fight to a finish in the Occidental rooms for a purse of $1000.

INCREASED PRODUCTS

What California Ships to the East

IN FRUITS AND CEREALS

Last Year's Shipments Fall Far Below What This Season Is Expected to Do.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 8—Up to today 2075 carloads of green fruit had been shipped over the Southern Pacific to the east, against 1751 carloads last year.

It is estimated that at least 1800 carloads of raisins will be shipped out of the state this year, and judging from good crops everywhere in California, or an increase of 350 carloads over last year, the total shipments for 1890 being 1450 carloads, or 29,000,000 pounds.

Wine shipments will be in excess of last year's shipments of 2500 carloads, or 49,350,000 pounds.

The prune shipments by rail will equal last year's, which was 12,000,000 pounds, or 600 carloads.

There has been a slight falling off in canned goods shipments, but they will doubtless exceed 4 000 carloads.

It will thus be seen that the rail shipments of California's leading products, aside from cereals, will amount to about 11,000 carloads.

MRS. SEARLES' MILLIONS.

Hopkins Will Have a Word to Say About Them.

BOSTON, September 8.—Judge Boalt and Lawyer J. Russell Wilson, counsel for Timothy Hopkins-Searles in the proposed will contest, have arrived in Boston. Wilson says that ex-Secretary Endicott had been added to the counsel and that, joined by Mr. Choate and Judge Boalt, the case will be conducted by them to the end. "Any statement," continued Wilson, "of a settlement of the case out of court does not come from our client nor from us. Any talk of the future course of the contest would be altogether speculative. We have no knowledge of our opponent's plans, and we are quite sure they have no information as to ours. Of the several mansions mentioned in connection with the estate that at Methuen does not belong to the properties in issue, but was erected by and belongs to Mr. Searles. Those at Great Barrington, Block Island and San Francisco belonged to Mrs. Hopkins-Searles."

THE MARKETS.

Decline in England Makes the Wheat Market Dull.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 10—Wheat market dull and very weak owing to a decline in English and foreign markets. Shipping wheat very dull, exporters will not pay over 62½ per cental for standard grades. Barley steady with fair demand for choice bright feed grades. Oats continue dull, prices weak and receipts heavy. Corn quiet, although there is some little demand for small yellow.

Fruit—Wine grapes $12@15 per ton; apples $1 per box, quince 50c per box, grapes 20@35c per box for sweetwater, 20@40c for muscat, 20@50c for black and 40@75c for tokay, watermelons $3@5 per 100, cantaloupes 25@75c per crate, figs 30@60c per box for common and 75c @$1 50 for choice, blackberries $3@4 per chest, peaches 15@40c per box, choice clings 1@1½c per pound, plums 15@40c per box, egg plums ½@¾c per pound to canners, apples 35c@$1 10 per box, raspberries $10@12 per chest, pears 25@60c per box, strawberries $6@7 per chest for Sharpless, Mexican limes $10@12 per box, lemons Sicily $7 50@8, California lemons $4@6 for choice and 75c@$2 50 for common, Tahati oranges 25c@$3 per box, bananas $2@2.50 per bunch, pineapples $1@5 per dozen.

Dried fruit—Apricots bleached 5½@7½c, apricots, sun dried, 3@5c.

Peaches, sun dried, 3@5c, bleached 5½@6½c, apples 6@7c for evaporated, 4@5c for sliced and 3@4c for quartered, pitted plums 5@6c, unpitted plums 1@2½c, grapes, future delivery, 2¾c per pound, prunes 4½@5½c per pound, pears 7c for evaporated, 4@5c for sliced and 3@4 for quartered, nectarines 3@4c for red and 6@7c for white, figs 3½@4c for pressed and 2@2½ for unpressed.

Raisins—Layers, future delivery, $1 50, loose Muscatels $1@1 25, spot prices, layers, fancy $1 25 choice, fair to good 70@90c, with usual advance for fractional boxes, loose Muscatels 60@75 per box.

The Park Place Disaster.

NEW YORK, September 10.—The tale of the horrible disaster in Park Place, resulting in the death of sixty odd human beings, is now ended with a verdict of a jury. It found that the people killed lost their lives by the collapse of buildings, caused by the giving away of supporting iron columns near the middle of the ground floor, due to some sudden shock applied to said columns and not primarily due to their apparent inherent weakness. The jury was unable to find whether the breaking of the these columns were due to an explosion or not. The jury recommended legislation authorizing the fire department to periodically inspect all buildings used for printing, manufacturing and storage purposes.

Moneys Misapplied.

OTTAWA, Ont., September 10.—The railway committee of the senate has prepared a report on the act respecting the Baie des Chaleurs Railway company, regarding the charge that out of certain moneys, amounting to $2 0,000, authorized by the government of the Province of Quebec to be paid to the company on account of its subsidy and granted by the legislature, a sum amounting to $175,000 had been retained and improperly applied to purposes other than the construction and completion of said railway. The committee finds the charge is proven, and among those who profited by the misapplication were Hon. M. Mercier, premier of the Province of Quebec, Hon. C. A. Pelletier, Hon. Charles Langelier, Hon. Francois Langelier, J. I. Tarte and Ernest Pacaud.

Badly Shaken.

NEW YORK, September 9—The Herald has from Salvador: Millions of dollars worth of property and many lives were destroyed in this republic by an earthquake today. Whole towns are wiped out and as far as advices received indicate hardly a city in the country, except those along the coast escaped the awful effects of the convulsion. There had been indications for several days past that seismic disturbance of more than usual power might be expected.

PECULIAR POISONING.

The Accident that Befell a Kansas Family.

KANSAS CITY, September 8.—A special to the Times from Belleville, Kas., says that nine people of that place are at the point of death, as the result of having partaken of poison in food. George Gregg returned from Iowa last Saturday, where he had gone to bring home his wife and children, who had been visiting there. A young lady relative accompanied Mrs. Gregg. On Sunday Ira Johnson, a neighbor, called on his way home from church and accepted an invitation to dinner. Eight persons sat down to the table. Soon after dinner they all became violently ill, exhibiting all the symptoms of poisoning. Shortly afterward a servant, who had in the meantime eaten dinner also, became ill, showing the same symptoms. Since then all have grown steadily worse and the recovery of none of the victims is expected. What the nature of the poison was and how administered is unknown.

SKINNED ALIVE.

The Fate of a Barbarous Burly Negro.

SHREVEPORT, La., September 8—News was received here today of a horrible outrage being committed on the person of a young lady school teacher near Arcadia.

A few days ago the young lady started home, two miles distant, and when in a lonely place on the road was set upon by a burly negro, who dragged her in the woods near by, tied her to a tree and kept her there for two days.

When a searching party found her there on the evening of the second day she told them her story, telling them to hide near by as the negro would soon return.

In a short time the negro appeared and was captured. He was fearfully tortured, being skinned alive and cut to pieces, and his body left to the buzzards.

Blowed Like Halifax.

HALIFAX, September 8.—A fearful southeasterly gale prevailed in this region, the storm raging with terrible violence from 10 o'clock until after midnight. It must have been disastrous to shipping on the coast as several good sized vessels and a number of smaller crafts were dashed to pieces in the harbor and other damage was done. Half of the Inter-colonial railroad bridge across the harbor at the Narrows has disappeared, and a grain safe at Interway colonial elevator was carried away by the fierce wind. Trees and fences were leveled in the city and a large amount of minor damage was done.

FATHERLY ADVICE

EXTENDED MR. CLEVELAND BY MR. JONES,

Concerning Mr. Flower and the Coming Presidential Campaign.

A LIVELY FUSILADE.

Two Desperate Outlaws Captured.

PURCELL, Ind. T., September 10.—A fierce fight occurred near here today in which an United States marshal and posse captured two noted desperate outlaws after mortally wounding them. The posse, which was in charge of Deputies Swayne, Cooke and Elkins, has been on the trail of William Conley and Ross Riley for several days. They cornered them today in an unoccupied hut and demanded their surrender. The outlaws responded with a volley from revolvers. The posse returned the fire. A lively fusilade was kept up for some time, the outlaws finally surrendering. They had both been shot, it is thought fatally. One of the posse was injured. Conley is the horse thief who escaped from the Arkansas penitentiary. Riley is a Cherokee negro. He was one of seven murderers sentenced by the Cherokee council to be shot, but escaped before the sentence was executed.

Another Shooting Scrape.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 10.—Late tonight the officers at the branch police station, corner of Folsom and Fifth streets, were startled by a pistol shot fired just outside the door. Rushing out they found Officer Grant lying dead on the pavement with a bullet hole through his head. A man was seen running away, and on being stopped it was found that he had handcuffs on his wrists, afterwards found belonging to Officer Grant. The discharged pistol was found on the pavement near the body. The man gave his name as Maurice B. Curtis. He denies doing the shooting.

Admission Day Festivities.

SANTA CRUZ, September 10.—The festivities attendant upon the celebration of the forty-first anniversary of Admission Day, terminated today with a grand bull's head barbecue given at the beach by citizens to the visiting Native Sons. Plates were laid for 800 persons and fully 1500 people partook of the feast. Music was furnished by the local band. Much enthusiasm was manifested by the visitors. A ball game in the afternoon between San Francisco and San Jose was won by San Francisco with a score of 9 to 4.

A Gift From Mrs. Leland Stanford.

ALBANY, N. Y., September 10.—Mrs. Leland Stanford has donated property valued at $100,000 for the benefit of the Society for the Relief of the Orphan and Destitute Children in this city.

A YOUNG CHICAGO

Is What Superintendent Fillmore Says

FRESNO WILL VERY SOON BE

The Railroads Will Do It, and Not Much Effort Will Need to Be Extended to Secure Them.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 9.—General Superintendent J. A. Fillmore said today that the removal of the Tulare shops and division headquarters to Bakersfield and Fresno would be effected by November 1. All the works and division offices at Tulare will be abandoned. The machine shops will go to Bakersfield and the offices to Fresno.

The reason for this is that the railroad people have concluded to make divisions in the San Joaquin to run from Lathrop to Fresno and from Fresno to Bakersfield.

Mr. Fillmore says that this move is coupled with new railroad enterprises that will make Fresno a small Chicago.

The Gamblers Guessing.

SACRAMENTO, September 9.—Things may not move along quite so smoothly this year as in the past for the gambling fraternity. They are already very largely represented here, and in nearly every saloon the whirl of the wheel, the rattle of the dice and the monotone voices of the croupiers are to be heard. Until, however, it is definitely known by the sports whether everything goes or not, the usual wholesale gambling saturnalia will not break out. The faro games are, in the meantime, running wide open. To give the house a tone a number of the better class of saloons close up at midnight for the present, though the hotel bars run all night and day. It is hoped from this temporary cessation of hostilities that the authorities may take a lenient view of things and not make an issue of the general gambling and open-all-night-bar proposition.

Senator Stanford's Letter on Sunol.

NEW YORK, September 9.—Robert Bonner today received the following letter from Senator Stanford:

MY DEAR SIR—Sunol has now apparently entirely recovered. For about ten days she has shown no symptom of lameness. We shall soon give her good work. Her general condition seems to be very good indeed, and if nothing happens we shall be prepared to give her a trial in the course of two or three weeks. If everything is favorable to a full exhibition of her powers I have no doubt she will lower her record several seconds. From what I have seen of her this season 2:06 does not seem to be beyond her powers. Before she went lame she made quarters in 0 29½, the last eighth in 0.14½, and seemed very comfortable while doing it. We shall try her on the Stockton kite shaped track and give her one or more trials if everything goes well on the ordinary shaped track. Yours truly, LELAND STANFORD.

On the Turf.

SACRAMENTO, September 9.—The second day's races were all running.

First race, three-quarters of a mile, for 2 year-olds, seven starters—Dr. Ross won, The Peer second, Undine third. Time, 1.16

Second race, one and one-quarter miles, two starters—Cheerful won. Time, 2 10.

Rosemeade handicap, one and one-eighteenth miles, three starters—Fairy won, Almont second, Jackson third. Time, 1.53½.

Mile, heats—Fanny F won, Gladiator second, Ledon third. Time, 1.44½.

PORTLAND, September 9—Yesterday's unfinished 2 20 pace—Rosie C won, Lady H second. Best time, 2 24.

Three-eighths of a mile dash—April Fool won, Bob Wade second. Time, .35½

Five-eighths of a mile, heats—Regal won, Smooth Wire second. Best time, 1.02½

Mile dash—Idaho Chief won, Mystery second. Time, 1 43.

Trotting, 2 40 class—Lem Tucker won two heats, Cinemah and Nick Lone heat each. The race was postponed on account of darkness. Best time, 2.33¾.

Blocked With Wheat.

KANSAS CITY, September 9.—Ever since the wheat harvest began in Kansas the wheat receipts here have been enormous. Up to within the past week the railroads have been able to handle the crops with moderate promptness, but since then receipts have been so heavy that a blockade of serious dimensions occurred, and this morning, in the Missouri Pacific yards there were 500 cars of wheat waiting to be forwarded, in the Santa Fe 400, in the Union Pacific 200, and in the yards of other roads 800. Reports from various Kansas points state that hundreds of carloads are waiting on switches for transportation. The roads have all done their best to relieve the blockade.

Sunny Skies.

CHICAGO, September 9.—John W. Conger, collector of internal revenue for the southern district of California, was married tonight to Mrs. Fannie P. Jackson, at the residence of the bride's uncle, Colonel E. G. Littlefield, in Englewood. The couple left tonight for Fresno.

DETROIT, September 9.—Professor A. F. Lange of the University of California was married today to Miss Carrie Penny of Ann Arbor. They immediately took a train for the west.

Woman's Work.

PACIFIC GROVE, September 9.—At the Methodist conference today Mrs. Goodall presided over the Women's foreign missionary society. Reports of officers were read, giving progress of work among the Chinese. Dr. J. C. Peck, missionary secretary, of New York, addressed the meeting on the subject of converting the Chinese. Delegates to the general conference will be elected on Friday.

Gave Them the Slip.

COPENHAGEN, September 9.—It is reported that notwithstanding the strict watch kept upon the movements of the Chilean war vessel Presidente Pinto, which recently appeared off this port, she eluded the vigilance of the authorities and successfully shipped her guns, thus accomplishing the object of her visit.

Another Professor.

MAYFIELD, September 9.—William Howard Miller, of the John Hopkins university has been appointed instructor in mathematics in the Leland Stanford Jr. university.

A BERDOON BLOW-UP.

Safe Crackers Get in Their Work, but Fail.

SAN BERNARDINO, September 9.—At 4 o'clock this morning an explosion occurred in the Bogart building, in Court street, in the paint store of A. P. Morse. Immediately following the explosion flames were seen issuing from the structure. The fire was soon extinguished, however.

An examination of the premises disclosed the fact that the safe in Morse's store had been tampered with, two holes being found drilled near the combination. Directly following the explosion two men were seen running from the building.

This afternoon two men answering their description were arrested at Rabel springs and jailed on the charge of arson. They refused to give their names. Later in the day a tall Swede blacksmith, who also refused to give his name, was arrested for making the tools with which the safe was tampered with, and which were traced to him.

Back to Early Days.

CHICAGO, September 9—The Society of California Pioneers today celebrated enthusiastically the forty-first anniversary of the admission of California to the union, with a picnic on the site of the California building at the world's fair grounds. Three hundred guests sat down to lunch. The old pioneers spent the afternoon recounting the harrowing tales of their experiences in gold digging in early days.

He Couldn't Swim.

EUGENE, Or., September 8—George H. Park, a wealthy contractor, was drowned in the Willamette river this afternoon. He was fording the river when his horse became unmanageable and overturned the buggy. His 10-year-old son, who was along, swam ashore. Park's body was recovered.

Killed for Six Bits.

COQUILLE CITY, Or., September 9.—A. Webster, proprietor of the Ocean house at Bandon, shot and killed George Fales, a waiter, yesterday, in a quarrel over 75 cents, which the waiter claimed was due him. There is great indignation, and threats of lynching Webster are heard.

Texas Protests.

CHICAGO, September 9.—Dispatches were received at the world's fair headquarter's today from the headquarters of the Texas state fair association saying that 100,000 Texans protest against the Sunday closing of the world's fair. The day of fanaticism is past.

HOW IT WAS DONE.

BRAVE SHERIFF KAY TELLS THE STORY

Of How He Captured Dalton and Dean in Their Retreat.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 9.—Sheriff Kay of Visalia, was in the city today to confer with Wells-Fargo detectives regarding the train robbery at Ceres. Sheriff Kay says he knows the third man implicated in the robbery and that he will soon be arrested.

The Itata Still Held.

SAN DIEGO, September 10.—Captain Manzen has not received official notice of the intention to release the Itata, though he has been expecting some such move for some time.

When the orders come for the releasing of the vessel she will go to San Francisco immediately for need repairs, etc, then take a cargo of provisions for Chili. The machinery is still disabled by the removal of important pieces by Marshal Gard, who stored them in the United States barracks in this city.

Trouble is Expected.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., September 9—A special to the American from Knoxville says information from Briceville and Coal creek tells of an alarming state of affairs, and whether the bluff is for the legislature remains to be seen. The information is to the effect that the miners there have determined to turn loose 125 convicts in the mines of the Knoxville Iron company. There is great uneasiness in the entire district tonight. It is stated it is caused by an opinion of the attorney general that lessees had no legal right to sublet convicts.

Republican Conference.

BALTIMORE, September 10.—The conference of prominent Republicans today resulted in Colonel Van Nort remaining on the ticket for governor, and the withdrawal of Westcott from the chairmanship of the state central committee and the selection of Harry M. Clabaugh for that position.

HELD TO ANSWER.

Bennett and Pate Will Remain in Jail Until Called for Trial.

In Sanger yesterday the examination of Bennett and Pate on the charge of grand larceny in stealing sixteen head of cattle belonging to W. F. Hanke from his pasture on Kings river bottom.

At the close of the testimony, which though circumstantial in the main, was quite conclusive, the two were held to appear before the superior court. Bennett's bond was fixed at $4000 and Pate's at $3000. Neither were able to give the bonds and they were brought to Fresno and jailed.

THE EVENING CONCERT.

An Enthusiastic Crowd Listens to Good Music in the Park.

The first Thursday evening open air concert by the Park band was given last evening in the court house park. About as many people gathered as were present at the Sunday afternoon concert, and every one seemed to thoroughly enjoy the music. The selections were well chosen and the manner of their execution plainly shows that it will be but a short time before practice will make a perfect band.

COYOTE SCALPS.

The Second Quarter Will Pretty Nearly Clean Them Out.

The arrival of scalps at the county clerk's office continues, but they do not come in as fast as during the first months the law was in effect. During the first month or two about $4000 worth arrived, and during the last two months 250 have been stored away. They will be counted at the October meeting of the supervisors and burned. The supervisors are of the opinion that the first two quarters will about clean the animals out of the county.

Grand Sachems in Council.

CLEVELAND, September 8.—The great council of Improved Order of Red Men began its fifty-fifth annual session here this morning.

FASSETT SELECTED

To Lead New York Republicans

ON TO A CERTAIN VICTORY

A Platform Adopted, Every Plank of Which Echoes the Sentiments of True Americans.

ROCHESTER, September 9.—At noon General Knapp, chairman of the state committee, called the Republican convention to order. He spoke briefly, and a reference to the "matchless man from Maine" was received with terrific and prolonged applause. W. W. Goodrich was chosen temporary chairman. On taking the chair he made an enthusiastic address.

After the appointing of the various committees an adjournment until 2 o'clock was taken.

When the convention reassembled this afternoon a permanent organization was effected with James M. Varnum as chairman. He delivered an address of great length, the telling points of which were enthusiastically received. He eulogized reciprocity and doings of the Republican party during its existence, spoke highly of the tariff, and in regard to finance said he was confident the convention would not hesitate to proclaim in the clearest and most emphatic terms its adherence to the principles of honest money, so ably and well expressed by President Harrison. He trusted, too, that the convention would not hesitate to place itself on record in favor of a practical and intelligent amendment to the ballot reform bill so thoroughly emasculated and shorn of its good uses through the machinations of David B. Hill, in favor of some intelligent and rational regulations of the liquor traffic and of the protection of the civil service reform laws.

A letter was read from Andrew D. White withdrawing his name as a gubernatorial candidate.

Then Senator O'Connor of Binghampton, placed in nomination for governor, J. Sloat Fassett of Chemung; Philip Beecher of Buffalo, General Carr of Rensselaer, General Stewart L. Woodford and M. R. Wadsworth were also nominated.

The roll call was proceeded with, and finding that Fassett had a clean majority of votes his nomination was made unanimous.

The resolutions committee then reported the platform as follows:

The platform reaffirms the principles on which victory was won in 1888 and approves the legislation of the fifty-first congress. It commends the administration of President Harrison as an administration that commends the confidence and respect of the American people by its intelligent, efficient and sagacious conduct of public business in all departments.

The platform then declares that the revenue legislation of the fifty-first congress, both in the tariff and administrative act, is a just and proper application of the policy of protection to American labor, and the fruits of this legislation are increasing daily in the establishment of manufactories, steadier employment to wage earners, better price to farmers, and an assurance of financial independence in the face of monetary distress throughout Europe and South American; reciprocity is commended.

On silver, the platform says: "The act of July 14, 1890, provides for the purchase of the silver product of American mines and the issuing of a new treasury note protected by a reserve of 100 cents worth of silver for every $1 issued. We commend this policy of maintaining gold and silver at a parity, the treasury notes paid for silver to be kept at a par with gold. The voice of New York is emphatic against any degradation of the currency and demands, with President Harrison, that every dollar issued by the government, whether paper or coin, shall be as good as every other dollar."

The pension plank says the Republican party, while mindful of the dictates of economy and avoiding the reaction invited by an excess of appropriations, favors the fulfillment of the pledges given to the soldiers of the union. It earnestly commends the rigid enforcement of the alien labor contract law, indorses the laws enacted by the late congress on immigration, insists upon the suppression of trusts, etc., and condemns cruelty to Jews in Russia.

Considerable space is devoted to state issues and criticising the action of the Democratic legislature, executive, etc.

A resolution offered by Colonel Shephard of New York, was also adopted, advocating the encouragement of American shipping interests.

At its conclusion Mr. Fassett was introduced and made a speech of some length, accepting the nomination.

The remainder of the ticket was nominated by acclamation as follows:

Lieutenant governor—Hon. John Vrooman of Herkimer.

Secretary of state—Eugene F. O'Connor of Brooklyn.

Comptroller—Arthur C. Wade of Jamestown.

State treasurer—Ira M. Hedges of Rockland county.

Attorney general—William E. Sutherland of Monroe.

Colgan and the Commission.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 8.—The California world's fair commission met this evening. The principal subject of discussion was the suit against Controller Colgan, who had refused to audit bills calling for money from the $300,000 appropriated by the last legislature for the world's fair exhibit. Colgan's attorneys have filed briefs already and those of the commission's attorneys will be filed in a few days. While it is believed the appropriation will be certainly judged constitutional, work is being impeded for lack of funds.

Yellowstone Park.

WASHINGTON, September 10—An additional proclamation, signed by President Harrison and Assistant Secretary of State Wharton, was issued today regarding the timber reserve in Yellowstone park. The boundaries are the same as described in the first proclamation. It concludes with a warning to all persons not to enter or make settlement in the section reserved for the Yellowstone park.

A Teacher's Death.

Walter Gray was one of Fresno county's most successful teachers and had been engaged to take charge of the Fresno colony school, which is to open on Monday. He was daily expected from Chico, where he has been spending the summer, but yesterday came the news of his death, which occurred at Chico on Wednesday morning. Mr Gray was about 25 years of age and had taught in the county schools for three years.

SHERIFF KAY'S STORY

Of How Dalton and Dean Were Captured.

TULARE, September 9.—Sheriff Kay yesterday told the Tulare Register of how the capture of Dalton and Dean was secured. "You see," said the sheriff, "I have been apparently taking it easy, resting around here during the day, but I have been working hard of nights and have been able to keep my movements out the papers. I did not go to the scene of the robbery and take up the chase, because my theory from the beginning, based upon what I knew to be facts, was that Bill Dalton and Wiley Dean committed the crime and I knew they would come back to this county.

"Disguising ourselves and procuring a strange team, my deputy, George Witty, and myself started out. It was nearly dark as we drove up in sight of a house belonging to Maggie Rucker, about five miles southwest of Traver, and we saw two men slip through the weeds into the house.

"Without a moment's hesitation I whipped up the team, drove to the front door and both of us jumped quickly inside.

"Mrs. Rucker and a girl were sitting in the room. I asked the former if there were any men about the premises. She replied that there were not.

"Suddenly stepping to a door leading to a rear room, which I supposed to be locked, but which was not, I turned the knob and gave it a kick. It flew open and there stood Bill Dalton with his rifle by his side.

"Evidently he was not suspecting my sudden entrance or he would have had his gun ready. I had the drop on him and grasping him by the collar I jerked him away from his gun and threw open his vest to see if he carried other arms.

"Witty went on through while I escorted Bill outside. In a few moments I heard Witty give a command to 'drop that.' Cocking my shotgun and bringing it bear on Bill Dalton, I ordered him to get around the house lively.

"He obeyed with alacrity and there stood Witty with his shotgun leveled at Wiley Dean who sat crouched in a sort of dugout under the house with his rifle pointed at the opening.

"Dean dropped his gun and came out and we made a hurried search, but could not stay long as it was nearly dark and we did not know what might happen, as there was but two of us.

"In the barn we found the horses, saddles, spurs, etc., and these we brought with us. It is my belief that one other man was in hiding under the hay, but we were not in shape to look for him as it was getting dark.

"We found several guns, but there were doubtless others concealed in the hay, as well as other paraphernalia used by them. Many men are out there today making a thorough search."

ADMISSION DAY.

THE NATIVE SONS ENJOY THEMSELVES

In Many Cities and Towns Throughout the State Yesterday.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 9.—Admission Day was generally observed as a holiday in this city, nearly all business houses as well as public buildings being closed, except for a time in the forenoon. Flags floated from many buildings and in the harbor the United States steamer Pensacola and other vessels were gaily decorated with bunting. A slight shower of rain fell early in the forenoon and followed by alternate spells of sunshine and cloudy weather. This did not deter a large number of picnickers, including Pioneers and other societies from leaving the city for Sausalito, El Campo, Ukiah and other points. In this city the various athletic entertainments were well attended.

The majority of the parlors did not arrive here until long past midnight and it was after 2 o'clock this morning when the reception and parade was concluded.

A grand parade, under grand marshal of the order, Frank Mattison, was formed at 11 and at 1 p.m. was dismissed at the plaza.

There was a baseball game in the afternoon as well as a balloon ascension. In the evening there was a ball in the pavilion.

JACKSON—Excelsior parlor No. 31 celebrated today. Several thousand people were in attendance from Amador and adjoining counties. Prentiss Carpenter of Placerville delivered an oration.

DOWNIEVILLE—Admission Day was celebrated here by a parade of Fremont post G. A. R. and the Native Sons. Hon. F. D. Seward and Frank Wehe delivered patriotic addresses.

VALLEJO—Niantic parlor of San Francisco celebrated here today. Members were accompanied by about 500 people from the city.

MARYSVILLE—Five thousand strangers are here today from Woodland, Grass Valley, Nevada City and surrounding country.

NAPA—Admission Day was a half holiday here. A ball game and races were given in the afternoon.

EUREKA—Business suspended here today. A parade and literary exercises were held.

GILROY—Admission Day was generally observed here.

FROM WHEATVILLE.

A Flourishing Settlement Southwest of Fresno.

The settlement of Wheatville stretches for about twelve or fifteen miles all along the swamp line, beginning at Summit lake and ending in the Texas field, and produces now a crop of about 40,000 bags of grain, mostly wheat. Part of this was shipped this year by Lethent and part by Carathers. Nearly all of this land is under irrigation by the Crescent ditch, supplied by the north fork of Kings river and running for about fifteen miles in a northwesterly direction.

The first settlers to farm came here six years ago and by unceasing toil succeeded in building up nice little homes. What we need most is a good road system and enforcement of the law to keep people from flooding the land, roads and all. There are three school districts, of which the middle one (Crescent) is the most important. It has quite a roomy school house. The school term has just begun.

IN MORE TROUBLE.

Reuben Goins Has a Man Arrested for Burglary.

Before Judge Laning yesterday Reuben Goins swore to a complaint charging another colored man named Williams with the crime of burglary. He claims that Williams went through his house while he was away and that he left the house just as he found it. Williams was out in the country and an officer was sent out to get him.

The Weekly Republican.

Fresno, Fresno County, California

By the Fresno Republican Company.

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Largest Circulation, The Most News.

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Weekly Republican, six months by mail ...

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Daily Republican, six months, by mail ... $3 00

The American hog, pickled, may now visit Germany.

The true price of raisins will now be soon established.

Riverside claims only 400,000 boxes of raisins for this season.

Now may be the successful rebels in Chili will sue the United States.

The Republican covered the railroad robbery pretty thoroughly yesterday.

Six thousand dollars await the man who will discover the Ceres train robbers.

It is economy to equip against fire, as The Dalles, up in Oregon, has just discovered.

Train robbing and attempts at train robbing should be made a capital offense in this state.

It would have been a fatal mistake to have moved the high school to the C-street building.

The snarl in school matter will probably unraveled in due season. Time is said to right all things.

Missouri should reorganize its system of inflicting capital punishment. It is too ghastly even for newspaper reading.

The train robbers have not been caught as yet. This may indicate that stage robbers know more than bloodhounds.

Alila, Ceres and Pixley were the scene of recent train robberies. These persistent enemies of the express companies are attracted by odd and fanciful names.

The railroad and express companies will realize that Len Harris saved the treasure on train 19 on Thursday night and they will undoubtedly appreciate the service.

The chief of the horticultural department of the world's fair has been appointed and California stands shivering in the cold. Will Mr. Hatch contemplate his work?

It looks as though the state mining bureau officials would have to serve the state gratuitously until another legislature convenes. No calamity will befall the state because of this.

There is good inquiry for improved and unimproved land in Fresno county from all sections of the country, and the indications are that sales will be quite active in the early fall.

Fresno has been chosen as the place at which the eighth grand council of the Young Men's Institute will be held next year. This is quite an honor and will bring here 400 or 500 delegates.

If rain does not fall or some other calamity overtake the country, $1,000,000 will be paid out here for raisins and labor on them by the first of the year. That will give an impetus to business.

Stockton has discovered another Chinese leper. The authorities of Fresno should make a thorough inspection of Chinatown, to ascertain if any persons affected with this loathsome disease are in hiding there.

San Francisco has given the divine Sara a great reception and our esteemed evening contemporary was so agitated over it as to drop into French, Latin and Dutch head lines. The shock justified the monstrosity.

The faculty of the Stanford university is being selected slowly, but with discriminating judgment. The last selection, that of Professor George H. Bryant, of the Alabama polytechnic institute, is an excellent one.

The people for whom the healthful weather of July and August in Fresno is too horrid are now returning from the mountains and the sea, and the city is nearing its old-time appearance of life and animation. Fresno is itself again, as it were.

The prince of Wales has announced his intention of revisiting Tranby Croft this fall and the religious press of England has been aroused thereat. The prince may fly in the face of the people of his country until he may never see another king or queen crowned in it.

Mr. Hearst of the Examiner will take the risk of bringing his magnificent new yacht around the Horn. It is a perilous trip and will be a costly one. The arrival of the new craft will be awaited with some interest. The whole business will be a big advertisement for the Examiner.

It would be something of a relief to the country to learn the true story of Minister Egan's connection with Balmaceda. One thing should not be forgotten in reading the reports now being sent out to the detriment of Mr. Egan—that they emanate from English sources and that Mr. Egan is cordially hated by the English for his services in the cause of Ireland.

The raisin packers will nearly all begin operations today, and by Monday all the houses will be working full force. The pack will not be quite as large as last year, probably, but will be very much better. Indeed, the indications are that it will be the best ever sent out of the county. Prices will be about the same as last year. The outlook for the county is very promising.

"Building or no building, we are going to have good schools. There must be a general advance all along the line. People want good schools and must have them," said Professor Heaton yesterday, and he is right. After all, it is not buildings, but teachers, that make schools, and these we have. The dingy attics in the K-street building will again have to be peopled with little ones, if it should be found that the board cannot legally erect a temporary building without advertising and receiving competitive bids, as the law demands.

The prosperous condition of a city is shown by the conditions with which its inhabitants can surround themselves. The Gentlemen's Driving club of this city now numbers fifty-three members and enough persons have signified their intention of joining to swell the membership to 100. This is a splendid showing and the club will be very influential. Its club house, in comfort, elegance and general appointments, is not excelled by any similar institution in the state and will, no doubt, be the scene of many gay parties during the winter.

THE STATE FAIR.

The Stockton Mail is so in love with the state fair idea that it grows hysterical over it in this way: "The state horse farmers—or, that is, the state agricultural society has decided to give prizes for the finest display of—that is (we get things fearfully mixed) for a 20 mile horse race at the state fair. The state horse fair—the state agricultural society is doing a great deal for the sporting—for the farmer. (The more we try to write on this subject the more mixed we seem to get; it is really embarrassing.) To continue: If it were not for the state hors—agricultural society agriculture in California would fade and die, just wither and dry up, you know. The state agrihorsicultural society stands between the tiller of the soil and extinction. There is something thrilling about the fair the state horsicultural society manages. For our own part we love to go to a fair and gaze in rapt interest upon the pickled cucumbers and lymphatic pumpkin-squashes, and the prettiest baby and the department manager's cheek and the picture of 'Eve Before the Fig Tree was Invented' and other treasures; then we love to go out where the crowd is and gamble on the races with them, and without the society these things could not be. Some times we fear that the world does not realize all it owes to its own agricultuhorseral societies; they do so thoroughly encourage agriculture. This little tribute of praise is all unworthy, but such as it is you can bet that the state a-g-r-e-a-l t-u-r-a-l (that is right. Eureka!) society has it. It is only lack of time and space which prevents us from telling all the emotions that thrill our very being whenever we think of the society."

THE HIGH SCHOOL.

The one great need of the city in an educational way is the proposed new high school building. It is the capstone of our school system. It is needed to perfect it and to make it representative of the intelligence and progress of the community. It is needed to the end that the lower rooms may be relieved of the congestion which has long existed therein. These are the reasons that actuated the taxpayers when they voted for the bonds. The consent to this special indebtedness was cheerfully given and it has been productive of no little vexation of spirit that the whole business has been so badly managed that the election has been rendered null and void.

The erection of a temporary building is regarded as a needless expense if a proper effort had been made. If the bonds could not be sold, there has been ample time in which to have called a new election for an issue of bonds bearing a higher rate of interest. There is a feeling that there has been procrastination in the matter and that it is being continued. Even with a temporary building, (the construction of which, in the manner proposed, is of doubtful authority), the erection of a high school building cannot be long deferred and the board should begin the work anew, if that is necessary.

The people fully feel the force of the argument urged in favor of a high school building and they are ready to tax themselves for the erection of one. They are now simply waiting for the board to go ahead. Will it do so?

The weather prognosticator at San Francisco predicts showers on the coast and in the valley, with heavy rains in the mountains. This valley is generally free from the scope of these predictions, but it will be well for our raisin men to be on their guard and be prepared for rain. The indications are somewhat favorable for a precipitation.

The board of supervisors will meet in monthly session tomorrow. They should look into the matter of private persons conducting business in public buildings. We have special reference to the occupation of the county surveyor's office by Messrs. Farley and Harrell, but a general exclusion act should be passed. No private officing in public buildings.

In Chicago a Catholic priest a few days ago knocked down the door of a Chinese opium joint and rescued therefrom three girls who were smoking opium and who implicated others in this disgraceful habit. Oh, for a Catholic priest who would shoulder an axe and march over into our Chinatown and batter down the doors of the dozen opium joints, whose protection seems to be the special business of some officers.

Here is an opinion upon local newspaper fighting by the Modesto Herald: "S. R. Hart, an attorney of Fresno, attempted to whip Editor Mappes of the Sunday Sayings last Tuesday morning, and received a good choking for his pains. Hart is a brother of Attorney General Hart. The trouble arose from a statement in the Sayings to the effect that the advertising card of Hart had been fired from its columns. The paper did not say so, but left the impression that Hart was poor pay. It turns out that he is also a poor fighter."

Not only his old and loving parishioners, but the people generally, will be sorry to learn that under the call of the bishop, Father Aguilera will leave here this week to assume the pastorship of the church at San Luis Obispo. He has been here so long that he seems a part of the church and is an honored name in every Catholic home and holds a warm place in every Catholic heart. While they will see him depart with tear-bedimmed eyes and sad hearts, they will wish contentment and happiness and success in his new field.

There is not a little good advice in the following. Young man, dost thou go abroad in the land at night, and rush the grow'er and perambulate with the feminines? Dost thou whoop it up with the boys and fight for the substance of the jack-pot, and bank thy sheckles against the ever slippery tiger? Art thou a guzzler of beer and a player of cards? Hast thou seek the 10-cent cigar, and hast thou lost thy grip on the ways that are right, and wisdom which is good in the world? Verily, verily I say unto thee, if thou art in a bad row of stumps, it will not be long ere thou dost know thy name is pants. Thy heels will fly up and find that thou hast fallen into the soup. Keep thy eye on the gun and monkey not with the intoxicating juice of the bug. Steer clear of the man with the aces, and in the ripened years of thy life thy pockets will be full of the collateral of the earth, while those who mind not these commandments are partaking of the lunch which is free.

THE WEST SIDE.

The other day when the board of education had voted to transfer the high school to the C-street building, that body reconsidered its purpose on listening to Superintendent Heaton. What convincing argument did Mr. Heaton produce to bring about this result?

He said the plan would not work, because the people would complain and would not send their children there. That it had been tried once. A grade containing forty pupils was transferred and only eleven children went where they were ordered and twenty-nine parents complained.

What does this mean? That, while many good people live on that side of the track, that section is nevertheless looked upon as a spot that the young and the innocent should shun as they would the plague.

The fact is that in their supineness, cowardice and general neglect of duty the city and county authorities have permitted a modern sodom to grow up over there, to the disgrace of the city, the dishonor of the churches, the depreciation of property values.

Not only this, but it constitutes a school of vice that annually graduates hundreds of criminals. It is a moral plague spot toward which the innocent and virtuous are attracted simply to be destroyed, physically, mentally and morally.

The passing of children residing south of Tulare street through streets lined with brothels, dance houses, cribs of the worst sort, open gambling places and vile saloons on their way to the C-street school is a common, but not pleasing sight. It is an everlasting disgrace to this people and a menace to the honor and virtue of hundreds of sons and daughters of good people.

Children cannot be thus brought in contact with vice and immorality without being contaminated. Familiarity with its existence takes from it to these young minds its hideousness and prepares them to fall a prey to it.

Professor Heaton was right. The people would not send their sons and daughters of larger growth over there. The declaration of this fact should bring the authorities to a sense of their duty in the premises.

It should do more. It should arouse the good and pure people who live over there and those who own property there and do not wish to apply it to evil uses, and cause them to rise in indignation and demand protection from the engulfing wave of crime. It is not certain that the city might be held legally responsible in damages for permitting these places to exist to the depreciation of values. This Gomorrah should be cleaned out.

AS TO EGAN.

The Expositor can see no good in Egan, the American minister to Chile, and seems to be actuated by two reasons, because he is Irish and because he is a Republican. The Expositor of last evening said:

"The Expositor wants to ask its morning contemporary a question: Neighbor what do you think of the story about that hundred thousand-dollar check, with Balmaceda's name to it, chasing Minister Pat Egan with the view of persuading him to help the Chilian tyrant? You are of the opinion that Mr. Egan may be trusted not to extend aid or comfort to rebels, now what do you think of his ability to withstand the temptations of a hundred thousand-dollar check that is chasing him day and night? The story of this check has gone all over Europe, and the question for us Americans to decide is, what are we going to do about it?"

We think it is absurd for any one to consider the story of the $100,000 check and from later reports, which the writer of the excerpt had not seen at the time, it appears that Mr. Egan is quite satisfactory to the successful revolutionists.

This would seem to indicate that the English enemies of Mr. Egan, whose name is legion, have been pretty busy lying about him.

The Expositor will probably be honest enough to revise its views concerning Mr. Egan.

His Satanic Majesty never takes a vacation. He seems to like hot weather.

The Wallace grand jury has the confidence and good will of the people and much is expected from it. Uncover the rascally legislative doings and send the rascals to San Quentin.

The Sacramento Bee is flattering to the girls as follows: "An exchange has an editorial on 'Average California Girls.' There are no such things in this state. They are all away above the average."

Vallejo is the only town in the state where there is not a Band of Hope, a Women's Christian Temperance Union, or a Young Men's Christian Association. But it has McCudden, the coal contractor, and isn't that enough?

The Journal of Education calls attention to the fact "that California pays the largest salaries in the country, that she has the best teachers for her obscure rural districts that are to be found anywhere, some of the finest Normal schools, the best county superintendents and gives the best authority to the state department."

It will be a little awkward for American Catholics to take part in the proposed international Catholic congress to be held in Switzerland at an early date. The main purpose of the congress will be to discuss the question of the restoration of temporal power to the Pope, not as an Italian question, but as one of universal concern. How a good citizen of the republic can give consent to the crowning of any monarch, papal or otherwise, is not clear.

Peter Robertson, the dramatic critic of the Chronicle, says this of Madame Bernhardt: "There is only one objection to Sara Bernhardt—she makes everybody else so small. She is an education in what may be in art, and when we have seen her all other actresses seem to be comparatively insignificant. In 'Fedora' she displays almost every emotion possible to a woman." Manager Fyke did well to induce her to appear in this play in Fresno.

Oroville has had about the same experience as Fresno. Recently the people there voted $5,000 school bonds at 5 per cent interest. It was thought this rate would be high enough to dispose of the bonds, and at par, Oroville railroad bonds issued some years ago and bearing the same rate of interest having been promptly taken up. Oroville must hold another election and vote bonds bearing 7 per cent interest, however, two of its foremost citizens having scoured San Francisco in vain to obtain the $15,000 at 5 per cent.

THE HORSE IN CALIFORNIA.

The state board of trade has issued a 16-page pamphlet on "The Horse in California," being the first of a series of publications on the industries and interests of the state.

In trotting horses it gives the fastest records for yearlings, 2-year-olds, 3-year-olds and 4-year olds up to 1891, contrasting the California record breakers with those bred east of the Rockies. Thus Freedom is contrasted with Sudie D and Sunol in his 2, 3 and 4-year old form with Axtell and Allerton, showing an advantage of from 2 to 6 seconds in favor of the California horse.

In pacing horses Yolo Maid is paralleled by Don Pizarro and in trotting horses to harness Palo Alto with Maud S.

The rest of the pamphlet is devoted to thoroughbred horses and other information of general value to horsemen and others. From a list giving prizes realized for California horses we select the following: Anteeo $55,000, Bell Boy $51,000, Stamboul $50,000, Sunol $40,000, Mascot $28,000, Tournament $33,500.

There is an introduction to the pamphlet by John P. Irish, from which we extract the following: "Here the art of horse breeding has had some of its most valuable refinements; and training, as a means of testing the qualities of strains and individuals, has reached its highest development on the stud farms of this state.

"The climate is adapted to the early development and long maintenance of capacity for supreme effort in the horse.

"It is shown by the experience of breeders and the performance of California stock, that the difference between a youngling here and in the east is not caused by the precocity of a California colt, which by undue development early is destined to early decay. Quite to the contrary—It is shown that our winterless climate with its lack of extremes of heat and cold, and its kindness to suitable and nourishing pasture and forage, permits the entirely natural and unchecked development of the horse; and that the performance of our yearlings and 2-year-olds is simply the natural work of the horse, when bred and trained in the midst of physical conditions which neither stunt nor retard symmetrical and continuous development.

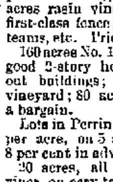
"The eastern horse, on the other hand, is the victim of austere conditions, which hinder natural development. Bred and trained under the aggravations of extreme heat and extreme cold, it loses the benefit of that steady and unchecked progress from foaling to full growth which is necessary to make the perfect animal.

"The proof of the effect of climatic conditions is to be sought in the performance of the horses, and the advantages of breeding in California are to be studied in the prices secured for representative animals."

As it is amongst the purposes of the California state board of trade to promote knowledge abroad of the varied advantages of this state, the board presents the record and comparisons in this little pamphlet in which the superiority of California horses is proven by the final test of performance and price.

The Wallace grand jury in San Francisco has a large field to cover. It is expected that indictments will be found against Crimmins and Kelly, the Republican leaders; against Buckley and Rainey, the Democratic managers; the legislative boodlers, the corruptionists in the police department and the schools, but no department of the city government requires as much attention as the courts. At least two of the superior court judges are openly charged with having been corrupted, and with leading notoriously immoral lives. Drive the rascals out.

The Los Angeles Times has just issued a 20-page midsummer edition, reviewing the lands and the fruits of southern California. It is an issue of unusual excellence, very creditable to the Times' management. There is a 4-column article on Fresno county, written by John W. Short. It is a splendid setting forth of the resources of the county and the productiveness of the soil, and should make the edition a large sale here.



In just 24 hours J. V. S. relieves constipation and sick headaches. After it gets the system under control an occasional dose prevents return. We refer by permission to W. H. Marshall, Brunswick House, S. F.; Geo. A. Werner, 531 California St., S. F.; Mrs. C. Melvin, 105 Kearny St., S. F., and many others who have found relief from constipation and sick headaches. G. W. Vincent, of 6 Terrence Court, S. F. writes: "I am 69 years of age and have had constipation 25 years. I was induced to try Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla. I recognized in it an herb the Mexicans used to give us in the early 50's for bowel troubles. (I came to Cal. in 1850,) and I knew it would help me and it has. For the first time in years I can sleep well and my system is regular. The old Mexican herbs in this remedy are a certain cure in constipation and bowel troubles." Ask for

Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla

For sale by BURKE & COLSON, Central Drug Store Mariposa street.

THE (TAYLOR & CRAWFORD) Fresno Undertaking Parlors

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FRESNO LEADS.

NEARLY 50,000 ACRES IN GRAPES BY STATISTICS.

The Total Acreage in the State Given By Counties—Comparative Statement.

The secretary of the state viticultural commissioners, Winfield Scott, has just performed useful service in compiling a directory of the grape growers, wine makers and distillers of California. He embodies, in this publication, also, a list of the principal grape growers and wine-makers of the eastern states. The whole makes a volume of about 260 pages, which has just been published at the state printing office.

The list of California grape growers is given by counties; the total acreage, the amount in bearing, the varieties and the product in 1889 are given with each name. In this way valuable facts regarding raisin and table grape producers, as well as the wine-making industry, are secured. The directory contains about 4,300 California names and 3000 eastern.

The acreage of vines by counties is as follows:

County.	Total acreage in vines	Acres in bearing	Acres not bearing	Acres in wine grapes	Acres in table grapes	Acres in raisin grapes
Alameda	5,836	000	706	6,528	256	101
Amador	....	....	....	....	....	....
Butte	721	78 1		411	65	601
Calaveras	401	404	....	401	1	....
Colusa	422	217	205	21	28	370
Contra Costa	3,41[illegible]	1,758	1,391	2,066	276	81
El Dorado	1,512	1,51[illegible]		2,019	376	123
Fresno	49,500	25,25[illegible]	27,219	5,574		44,926
Inyo	52	18	4	32	21	9
Kern	1,500	....	1,500	....		1,250
Lake	1,061	1,008	53	1,016	15	
Los Angeles†	4,695	4,383	312	4,612	40	22
Marin	202	141	61	427	26	....
Mendocino	204	183	21	190	14	....
Merced	1,816	688	1,211	425	....	1,121
Monterey	....	....	....	....		....
Napa	18,225	17,006	1,226	18,171	52	
Nevada	250	220	....	190	50	....
Orange	124	126	8	140	.	4
Placer	2,235	2,134	12	351	1,431	500
Sacramento	4,676	4,025	682	3,131	1,161	235
San Benito	175	135	40	140	35	
S Bern'dio*	3,615	3,615	....	1,021	....	2,591
San Diego	4,627	4,425	201	182	40	4,174
San Joaquin	1,246	1,146	100	900	316	....
S L Obispo	471	421	50	437	122	1
San Mateo	788	601	181	747	26	15
S Barbara	270	197	78	250	10	
Santa Clara	11,623	11,001	492	10,591	1,126	101
Santa Cruz	1,624	1,187	497	1,365	319	....
Shasta	468	432	36	122	101	242
Solano	3,527	3,527	....	11,923	1,107	432
Sonoma	32,683	21,053	1,630	22,251	332	....
Stanislaus	619	89	530	82	15	521
Sutter	370	287	83	18	47	285
Tehama	4,012	2,660	1,352	3,795	30	227
Tulare	9,919	2,592	7,325	70	....	9,849
Tuolumne		....		....	....	
Ventura	320	216	101	100	23	197
Yolo	6,704	6,740	....	1,585	1,000	1,125
Yuba	695	645	50	570	125	....
Totals	168,306	122,168	46,197	90,228	9,240	68,837

*Partial.
†Reported as wine grapes.

The committee has late advices from nearly every section of the state about the crop. Fresno will have an average of wine grapes. Some sun burning is reported at Stanford's Vina place.

In Napa and Sonoma there will be a much smaller yield this year than last. The hot weather is responsible for this. It has retarded the development of the grapes, and unless there is rain or a succession of fogs very soon the crop will be away below all previous expectations.

SOMEWHAT DAMAGED.

The Crop Considerably Injured About Selma.

The raisin crop is badly damaged in these parts, says the Selma Irrigator, and

...

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160 acres No. 1 ash land; all improved; good 2-story house of 10 rooms; barn, out buildings; 80 acres in bearing vineyard; 80 acres in alfalfa; fenced, at a bargain.

Lots in Perrin Colony No. 4, $60 to $80 per acre, on 5 and 6 years' time, with 8 per cent in advance.

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20 acres in Wolters Colony, improvements consisting of small house, ten acres in raisin vines and trees; price $2300; $500 cash.

29 acres 6½ miles west of Fresno in the Fruit Vale estate tract; improvements consist of 14 acres in raisin vines 2 years old, 4 acres in raisin vines 1 year old; 50 fruit trees, small house and barn.

10 acres, 6 miles south of Fresno, improvements consist of dwelling, 9 acres of 5-year-old vines, trays and sweat boxes, and including crop if sold soon. Price $3500.

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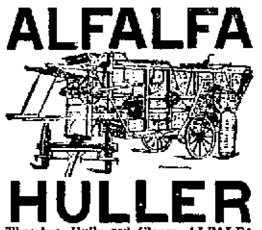

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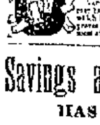

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The history of the U. S. government by congresses; the history of the U. S. by administrations; an analysis of the federal government; issues of all political parties; the history of all political parties in this country; the popular and electoral vote for each candidate.

There are many most excellent features of the map but to most readers the political portion of it will prove the most interesting and instructive. It is so simple and clear that every child can understand it. Each administration is separated by dark lines running up and down the map. Between these lines the reader will find the name of the President and his cabinet, the chief justices of the supreme court and associate justices, vice-president of the United States and the speaker of the house of representatives, with the term of office of each and their politics; the political complexion of the senate and house for each session of congress; also figures giving the popular and electoral vote of each candidate in every presidential election.

Running from left to right and entirely across the map are streamers indicating the different political parties since the formation of the government. The size of a streamer indicates the comparative strength of a party during each administration, the one in power being above the others. The issues or platforms of each party are recorded on the streamer representing it, with the date.

A map such as this in every home will at once become a source of information, both to parents and children. Even politicians do not claim to be able to state the different political parties and their beliefs during each administration without reference to books. This map shows at a glance what is contained in many volumes.

The Republican has carefully studied this reversible double map before presenting it to the public and is satisfied that it is the most useful and practical publication of its class ever issued. One beauty of it is that all representations and dates are brought down to the present time. The members of President Harrison's cabinet appear in full. It was only a short time since that the branch railroad of the Southern Pacific company between Fresno and Poso, near Bakersfield, was fully completed, yet Rand, McNally & Co. have incorporated it into this mammoth map.

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A. R. Spofford, librarian of congress, penned the following, which is said to be the only recommendation of any work ever written by him: "The novelty of the plan, exhibiting by graphic diagrams a complete synchronology of American political history, is carried out with admirable ingenuity, and the work may fairly be termed a Breviary of American Politics."

Just before his death Hon. S. S. Cox, the brilliant congressman from New York, was shown an outline of the political portion of this map, which was then being prepared, and after examination he said: "Only one work is comparable with it—the 'Statistical Atlas' by the government—and to say this is high eulogy."

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THE FRESNO REPUBLICAN,

FRESNO, CALIFORNIA.

CERES HOLD UP

New Developments in the Startling Crime.

SCENE OF THE AWFUL TRAGEDY

A Post That Was Riddled With Bullets.

Detective Harris Removed to Alameda—What He Says About the Shooting—Will Probably Die.

MERCED, September 4.—Last night's train robbery is still the one topic of conversation. The scene of the robbery was visited by an Associated Press correspondent late last night.

He found the dirt torn up where one bomb exploded and pieces of wood from the express car scattered around.

The hole blown in the car door was big enough for a man to crawl through and the iron steps were blown clean off.

At least fifty men with shotguns and rifles are in chase of the villains who perpetrated the dastardly deed, but as the gang of would be robbers are thought now to have numbered about seven and separated immediately after the attempt, a part starting north and the balance south, it will be a hard matter to discover them.

Detective Lawson, who was in the fight, heard two gangs talking.

Three tramps who were beating their way were arrested and will be held as witnesses. One, who gave his name as J. L. Rare, said he could identify one of the robbers if he saw him.

He described him as a tall, light complexioned, broad shouldered man, 35 or 40 years old.

One theory advanced by some is that the villains were harvest hands working near Modesto and conceived the plan to rob the train as being an easier way to make money than working sixteen hours a day in the harvest field.

Sheriff Cunningham of San Joaquin county and posse got on the trail of the two horsemen this morning, near the the scene of last night's attemted train robbery, and are following it. It went east 300 yards and then turned in a southwesterly direction toward Crow's Landing, Stanislaus county. A large party is in pursuit.

Bridges are being guarded, but as the river is low and fordable at almost any point, the robbers will probably avoid these.

A post probably saved Harris' life. When he reached a point where he could cover the robbers, he took position against the fence behind a post. He evidently leaned forward and rested his gun on top, to get the better aim. This is shown by the fact that the ball after penetrating took a downward course.

Had he stood erect it would have gone upward and penetrated the brain.

The post has been found riddled with buckshot intended for the gallant officer's body.

The robbers did not shoot at random, in the direction of a flash. Persons who saw the brave officer take his position say that the light from the car rendered Harris's person visible and the robbers had full view of him.

Harris was taken first to Turlock and then to Merced, where physicians at once were summoned and the extent of his injuries ascertained.

The wounded detective arrived at Oakland at 3 p m. and was removed to his home at Alameda, where he is attended by a corps of physicians.

The bullet which entered his neck could not be located and it is believed to have passed into the shoulder.

His condition changed for the worse during the removal from Merced to Alameda, and physicians are now doubtful of his recovery.

Harris is shot in the side of the neck and is suffering much pain in his right arm, which is badly affected, being partially paralyzed. This is regarded as a bad sign.

In an interview he says: "When the train was being held up, and the robbers were at the express car, I jumped from the train, crossing over the fence, and making a circle to where the robbers were standing, opened fire on them five or six times.

"While shooting I was shot down. The robbers located me by the flash of my pistol.

"Before leaving the train I begged the officers, or anybody, to come with me. None of them would volunteer and I went alone.

"I could locate the robbers, but having only a pistol was at a disadvantage. If I had had a shotgun I could have dropped the robbers sure.

"While I was shooting the robbers circled about me, finally locating me from the flash of my pistol and dropping me. I could do no more. The robbers then decamped. I think there were only two of them."

The wounded man's daughter, Mrs. Maybrick, lives at Alameda, where he has made his home.

The remarkable nerve of Mrs. Josephine Denton receives the highest encomiums. Her manner was wholly in keeping with that of the coolest man on board.

When revolvers were asked for she unhesitatingly produced one and gave it to Brakeman Fox, and told him to use that.

Fox had exhausted his ammunition and was looking for more at the time.

When the robbers had departed she insisted on accompanying the trainmen to the point where Harris fired, and she was right in front of the crowd that found the wounded detective.

She still wore an indifferent manner and absence of fear that characterized her first actions, and her tender hands ministered to the needs of the moment.

The express messengers come in for much praise. They acted in a cool and humane manner. They held their car and refrained from killing the innocent fireman, who was shoved in on them.

The Southern Pacific and Wells-Fargo companies have each offered $3000 for the arrest of each of the men engaged in the hold up.

MERCED, September 5.—The full detective force who are after the Ceres train robbers met here this afternoon by appointment in the El Capitan parlors.

Those leading the chase are Sheriff Cunningham, Deputies Stockird and Sell, Detectives Hume, Lawson, Packer and Smith, and although forty-eight hours has passed since the attempted robbery, these brave men have not taken any rest, going night and day.

Detective Lawson this evening said: "At our meeting today we all agreed that Bob and Emmett Dalton, who are now at large, the men who figured in the Alila train robbery, had something to do with this. The Daltons are well acquainted with the country and people, and it will be hard to convict them if arrested."

Lawson brought a tramp to town this afternoon who was on the wrecked baggage car. The man, who gave his name as Colonel Gouch, gave the detective a good description of the short man who figured in the robbery, and he thinks he could identify him if he saw him.

The officers are confident they will cage their game within a week.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 5.—Today a telegram was received from Newman saying that Sheriff Cunningham had lost the trail of the robbers which he had followed south from Ceres. Cunningham himself did not send this telegram, but forwarded it by a messenger to Newman. His location at the time he sent the message is not known, but evidently Newman was the nearest telegraph office.

Searching parties that went out from Merced also have returned without the slightest information, the search toward the west having proven in vain.

Officers are considering where else the robbers might have gone. Had they gone directly east they would have reached LaGrange, where the immense dam for the Ceres and Turlock irrigation districts is building.

A great force of men is now employed, and some people think that a couple of laborers at work on the dam might have stopped the train and returned to La Grange during the night without attracting the attention of their comrades.

A railroad officer says that in his opinion the robbers walked along the track to Modesto, four miles north of Ceres, and took the next train to San Francisco. They might easily have done so without attracting attention.

No word has been received at the railroad office from Detective William Smith, nor at Wells-Fargo's office from Detective Hume.

STOCKTON, September 5.—It was rumored here tonight that the Ceres train robbers had been arrested by Sheriff Cunningham. As no corroboration can be obtained it is not believed the report is correct.

OAKLAND, September 5.—The condition of Len Harris, the wounded detective, is more favorable today. He rested quietly last night, and his physicians say there is no immediate danger as long as he is free from fever.

ROBBERS CAPTURED

At Least the Officials Think So.

THE DALTONS WERE THERE

They Stopped at a Camp and Obtained a Drink of Water. Recognized by a Picture.

On Wednesday night the Los Angeles express was stopped at Ceres, a short distance from Modesto, and a desperate effort made to rob the express.

Thanks to the bravery of the express messengers and Detective Harris, who fired upon the robbers and was wounded by them almost unto death, the attempt proved futile.

Then began a long but determined chase, which resulted in the capture of the would-be robbers near Traver.

The story of the pursuit and the running down of the men in their lair and their subsequent capture is graphically told below.

It has just been discovered that these men, if their guilt can be clearly established, are liable to be hanged. The last legislature made train wrecking and train robbing a capital offense.

The law was approved March 31, 1891, and constitutes a new section 218, of the penal code. It reads as follows:

"Every person who shall unlawfully throw out a switch, remove a rail, or place any obstruction on any railroad in the state of California, with the intention of derailing any passenger, freight or other train, or who shall unlawfully board any passenger train with the intention of robbing the same, or who shall unlawfully place any dynamite or other explosive material, or any other obstruction, on the track of any railroad in the state of California, with the intention of blowing up or derailing any passenger, freight or other train, or who shall unlawfully set fire to any railroad bridge, or trestle, over which any passenger, freight or other train must pass, with the intent of wrecking said train, upon conviction shall be adjudged guilty of felony, and shall be punished with death or imprisonment in the state prison for life, at the option of the jury trying the case."

SAW BILL DALTON.

Campers Recognized Him By a Portrait.

MERCED, September 7.—Yesterday afternoon Detective Lawson hunted up a camping party from whom the Ceres train robbers obtained a drink of water on the evening of the robbery.

He found them near Athlone, ten miles south of here. They are a young couple named Graham and are on their way to Los Angeles.

Friday night they were camped near Keyes, three miles south of Ceres.

About 8:30, when fairly dark, two men came up and asked for a drink. One, the tall man, came into the light, but the other, who was shorter, kept in the background. The tall man carried a shotgun wrapped in a coat.

Mrs. Graham unhesitatingly recognized the portrait of Bill Dalton as that of the short man.

Graham will be confronted with Dean as soon as possible, and if he identifies him as the tall man the evidence will be complete.

DEAN KNOWN IN SAN JOAQUIN

He Was Once a Jumper Farmer There.

STOCKTON, September 7.—Riley Dean lived in this county for a long time, farming as a jumper on the so-called Moquelemos grant. He left here five or six years ago and has since been living in Tulare county.

It now transpires that the officers agreed that Bill Dalton and Riley Dean should be arrested as the train robbers, and Detective Smith, of the railroad force, telegraphed Sheriff Kay to make the arrest, Dalton be known to be near Traver.

Sheriff Cunningham came home to keep look out for Dean if he should show up in this section, where he has relatives. The officers believe they have the right men.

STORY OF THE CAPTURE.

The Robbers Traced to a Disreputable Resort.

VISALIA, September 7.—There is no longer any doubt that the men arrested by Sheriff Kay and Deputy George Witty, are the men who held up the train at Ceres.

For the present the true inwardness of the arrest cannot be made known. The information having been received, the officers rode up in a buggy to a well known rendezvous of the Daltons and other desperate characters, four miles from Traver.

Hitching their horses, they walked up to the house, when Bill Dalton stepped out with his hands up, without waiting for the officers to make known their errand.

Some one was heard to run out through the back door, and Deputy Witty ran through the house in pursuit.

The house is raised up several feet from the ground, and under it the robber had taken refuge. Witty ordered him out, but the man made no move to obey and did not even answer, but all the while kept his gun leveled on the officer.

Witty said: "Well, I'll find a way to get you," and ran to his buggy and got his shotgun. Dalton, who was in the custody of Sheriff Kay, cried out, "Don't shoot him; I'll get him out." Dalton then told the other robber to come out, and he did.

They were brought to Visalia on the evening train and lodged in jail. Kay also took possession of their guns and horses. The horses were worn out.

Dalton and Dean say they were in Traver on the night of the robbery and can prove it.

Bill Dalton is a brother of Grattan Dalton now in jail here awaiting sentence for holding up train No. 17 on February 21.

THEY ANSWER THE DESCRIPTION.

Bill, who is out on $50,000 bail, was here last Monday and Tuesday and called on Gratton. He appeared excited and his manner attracted the attention of Kay, who put an additional guard of three men on duty. Dalton left on the midnight train for Modesto on Tuesday. It is not positively known if Dean accompanied him or not. They answer the messenger description of the Ceres robbers, Dalton being the short one and Dean the tall one.

Riley Dean is a saloon keeper of Hanford. He was a former resident of Stanislaus county, and is a cousin of the Fugitt boys of Oakdale. It was he who, with Dug Fugitt, had an encounter with the Carmichael boys of that county while at work on a threshing machine near Oakdale several years ago, at which time Fugitt was stabbed. Dean has considerable property at Hanford, and is said to be well off.

MAGGIE RUCKER IS IT.

The place where they were found is a house that is kept by a well known character by the name of Mag Rucker. She also will be arrested unless she tells all she knows about the affair, and as she is not made on a heroic mold, being rather frail and fickle, she will probably become an important witness, not only in this, but other robberies.

Dean arrived at Maggie Rucker's house Saturday night. Dalton refuses to talk. All he will say is that he never saw Dean until yesterday. When Dalton was released on bail he was seen on the Hanford trail talking with Dean.

IDENTIFICATION CERTAIN.

Sheriff Kay is certain that the men are the ones who held up the train at Ceres beyond the per-adventure of a doubt. He said the third man would be captured before tomorrow noon. Until then he did not desire to say how he learned the robbers' whereabouts or their connection with the hold-up at Ceres on Thursday night.

A third man, by the name of Middleton, is being hunted for as the man who furnished Dalton and Dean with horses.

That the right men have been caught is beyond question. They have been under the surveillance of Will Smith, a railroad detective, and the Visalia officers for three weeks past. Smith discovered that they had bought guns, ammunition and bombs in San Francisco and promptly notified the Tulare county officers.

But Smith and the rest did not suspect that another train robbery was to be committed, but on the contrary supposed that the preparations being made were a part of an organized movement to break open the jail here and liberate Grant Dalton, convicted of being engaged in the Pixley robbery. For this reason no attempt was made to follow them.

EVERY MOVEMENT KNOWN.

As soon as news of the Ceres robbery reached this county every town was watched and the officers waited for the return of Dalton and Dean. The sweat on their horses had not dried when Sheriff Kay and his deputy surprised the robbers at Mag Rucker's place.

Every movement of the robbers for a week past is known, and they have been traced to Modesto and back again to where they were captured. Enough is known to convict both men, and it is said tonight that Dean desires to turn state's evidence.

On the forenoon of the robbery the two men were in Modesto. They stopped in front of Supervisor Toombs' residence and inquired of him about the distance to Ceres and Keyes' switch. While there they dismounted and cinched their horses.

Towards evening they hitched their horses to the fence on Clinton Whitmore's summer fallow near the railroad, three-quarters of a mile from Ceres. They then walked to Ceres and jumped on the tender when the passenger train stopped. They had on masks, and Dalton carried a shotgun and Dean a rifle.

Dalton was the one who shot the railroad detective, Len Harris.

THE LINE OF RETREAT.

After the attempt to rob the train the robbers jumped on their horses, and fording the river near Grayson, made the foothills on the West Side and gradually worked their way south till they thought they could enter Tulare county with safety. But escape was impossible, as the officers had but to patiently await their arrival and then arrest them.

It is supposed the hold-up was for the purpose of obtaining money to bail Grattan Dalton out of jail, when both intended to leave the country.

THE NEWS AT MERCED.

Dalton's Bondsmen Not a Little Excited.

MERCED, September 7.—The arrest of Dalton and Dean caused no little excitement in Merced, as Dalton was out on bonds for complicity in the Alila train robbery and all his bondsmen are Merced people. His father-in-law and brothers-in-law reside here and are highly respectable people.

Detective Will Smith has kept well on Bob and Emmet Dalton's track since the robbery, but he has not been able to find their hiding place, although he knows its vicinity. Lawson and Stockird leave on the midnight train to assist Smith.

The force of sheriffs and detectives here is large and well organized, with Thomas Cunningham of Stockton as leader. He has men stationed at all of the leading points, and no train leaves the valley without one or more detectives being on board. Besides this others are watching the county roads, and if the robbers did not escape on the night of the robbery they will never be able to leave their hiding place without being caught.

All of the detectives are working on the theory that Bob and Emmet Dalton were the leaders in this raid, as it was carried out exactly on the principle of the Pixley, Alila, Goshen and Indian territory robberies, all of which they figured in.

The officer's reason for thinking this is given in Detective Hume's own words: Bill Dalton is the man, sure. He lived near Paso Robles until August 24, when he sold the lease of his farm and crop for $30 and sent his wife and sister to San Francisco. He left the ranch during the night on horseback with another man, headed this way. He has not shown up since. If he is innocent, why does he not show himself? Bob and Emmet Dalton are not in Oklahoma, as reported, for both have been seen in this valley lately, and as they are outlaws they are lying low at houses of friends. All tramps who were on the robbed train and held by the officers have been turned loose.

TRAIL AT LOS BANOS.

This May Be Bob, Emmet and a Confederate.

LOS BANOS, September 7.—A man giving the name of A. S. Austin, who claims to be on his way to Washington, D. C., says that he discovered three men, who, he supposed, were the Ceres train robbers, in the mountains south of the Gilroy hot springs, early Friday morning encamped in a canyon by an old shanty far away from any habitation. The men were shooting at a target with a revolver under an old tree. Their horses seemed to be very tired. The man says that if a squad of officers will accompany him he will show where the men are now.

FILLMORE KNEW THE MAN.

What He Says of the Robber Leader and Robber Fighters.

That the railroad company was pretty well posted on the doings of Robert Dalton is shown by the following from the pen of J. A. Fillmore, general superintendent of the Southern Pacific, printed in Sunday's Examiner:

"The man who robbed the train at Ceres the other night is the most daring and cold blooded robber of the decade. He is as successful as he is audacious, for he remains the only robber whom we have not been able to punish.

"In the last four years Robert Dalton has stopped our trains four times. First at Pixley, then at Goshen, next at Alila—last February—and now at Ceres. He heads a gang which operates in Kansas, Missouri, Colorado and Indian territory. He walks the streets of Denver as fearlessly as he walks the streets of San Francisco. One day he is in St. Louis and a week after has been seen in El Paso. A man of wonderful perception, excellent address, a quiet voice and eagle eyes, when in the heart of civilization—he can change in a second to the fierce desperado, without mercy and without scruples. He is a dead shot with the revolver. In the dark he needs only the flash of his enemy's gun to make a target of him. Our express messengers are intrepid fellows who shoot like a shaft of lightning, but it would seem that he is a match for them.

"He and the person or persons with him has struck off toward the west we feel confident. They are in the heart of the Coast range now, and as they are expert in the art of woodcraft, undoubtedly will give their pursuers a hard chase.

"I wish that Bill Smith, who is one of our most expert messengers, had been at Ceres the other night. He would have dropped every one of the robbers, or else died on the spot. He is that kind of a man. At the same time he is extremely adroit in crawling up on his prey, and would have used the utmost strategy in managing the situation in such a way that he would have got Dalton exactly where he wanted him.

"Now, you must not think from this that I undervalue the gallant conduct of Len Harris, who is one of our bravest and most expert officers. On the contrary, I cannot express enough admiration for the courage and swiftness with which Harris advanced single-handed upon an unknown foe in the black of night. It takes more than an ordinary soldier to perform a deed like that.

"But then Harris is a man who doesn't know what fear is. His history would read like a romance, and he is an old man with a chapter for every year of his life. To experience a situation such as train robbery is an ordeal that few people care to endure. Men seemed to grow as paralyzed as the women are hysterical when a dozen or twenty desperadoes are investing a train with a heavy sixshooter in every hand. Of course it is Len Harris' trade to be brave and to face any danger, but then it is a very difficult trade, and requires a man of steel.

"Sheriff Paul is just such another one as Harris. He is in Arizona now and is United States marshal of the territory. When the train was robbed at Pantona in 1886, Paul was in our employ. At first a posse was sent in chase of the robbers and succeeded dismally. The entire party was ambushed by the robbers and compelled to surrender arms and horses, and to retire in disgrace.

"Then Paul girded up his loins and started in pursuit of the robbers, with a band at his horse's heels. Night and day he raced his men after the highwaymen till the Mexican border was reached, but this did not deter him, and he kept right on into Mexican territory, up into the mountains, bringing the robbers to bay in a barn of some rancho. Paul, willing to abide by the law, bought the barn from its owner, then set fire to it and captured the fleeing bandits as if they had been so many frightened rats. Now Paul exercised great cunning in that campaign, but in many another instance he had been so reckless in his eager pursuit of men who kill quickly and kill often, that the narration of the incidents causes a man to shudder.

"Civilization and colonization are the only means by which train and stage robbery can be eradicated. The railroads and express companies employ the bravest and the cleverest men they can find to prevent crime, but it is a pretty hard game to beat at present.

VERY INDIGNANT.

THE PRINCE OF WALES' VISIT TO TRANBY CROFT

Causes the Religious Press to Hold Up Their Hands in Holy Honor.

LONDON, September 4.—It is announced that the prince of wales will revisit Tranby Croft this autumn evokes loud outcries from the religious press. The Methodist Times asks if the prince has not a single friend in touch with the British people, and warns him that his conduct excites deep emotion among the middle and working classes, on which the stability of the throne rests.

Fell From a Balloon.

BAKERSFIELD, September 5.—The postmaster received a letter today from A. Willard, United States consul at Guaymas, Mexico, containing news of the death of Charles Howard, a well known aeronaut. On August 13 he made an ascension, and when 500 feet in the air the balloon burst and descended with frightful velocity, carrying the parachute with it. Howard struck on a building, then fell to the ground receiving injuries from which he died the next day. A collection was taken up to defray funeral expenses. Deceased was a resident of Bakersfield for eight years, was an universal favorite, and his untimely taking off has cast a gloom of sorrow over the city. He was well known in Fresno.

Murdered, Then Burned.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., September 5.—William Smith and wife, living near Livingston, went to church leaving two daughters, 17 and 19, in the house. An hour later the house was discovered to be in flames, and the neighbors came and saw the dead bodies of the girls lying on the floor in pools of blood. The bodies were consumed. The girls had been murdered by an unknown person and the house fired.

Cool nights are here.

HORRIBLY HORRIBLE

Were Scenes at Bulling's Execution.

MURDERER ATTEMPTS SUICIDE

Bleeding From the Effects of His Wounds He is Taken to the Scaffold and Hanged.

KANSAS CITY, September 4.—The history of the gallows tells no more hideous story than that of the execution of Louis Bulling, the St. Joseph wife murderer, at Savannah this afternoon. Just before time for the execution the doomed man shot himself in a vain effort to commit suicide, and finally died on the gallows, shrieking for mercy and cursing his executioners.

Sheriff Barry had set the hour for the execution at 10 this morning. When he went to the cell at 6 to prepare the doomed man for the scaffold, Bulling pleaded so pitifully for an extension of a few hours that the sheriff yielded and gave him until 2 to live.

Bulling ate a light breakfast and spent the rest of the time pleading with the sheriff for mercy and attending to religious exercises conducted by Rev. Lavake.

When 2 o'clock arrived he renewed his supplications to the sheriff and pleaded for one hour more. The sheriff then retired, leaving the murderer with Rev. Lavake, at the same time removing the cell door at Bulling's request, to be left alone with his spiritual adviser.

Suddenly two shots rang out and the sheriff ran to the cell. The priest laid prostrate on the floor. At his side lay Bulling weltering in his own blood which flowed from wounds in his breast. He had shot himself twice with a revolver. The priest had fainted.

A hasty examination of Bulling's body showed one bullet had entered the left breast and glancing from the ribs had passed around the body, coming out at the back. The other inflicted a slight flesh wound in the side. He had not lost consciousness, and when the sheriff ordered four deputies to carry him to the scaffold he cursed and swore at them in a horrible manner.

The deputies dragged the struggling man to the court yard and lifted him on the gallows. He refused to stand and they placed him on a chair. As he sat there he presented a revolting spectacle.

He was dressed only in shirt and trousers, his hands and face were covered with blood which had also stained his shirt. Blood was pouring through his shoes whence it had run from the wounds in his breast, and formed dark pools on the floor of the scaffold, dripping from thence to the ground beneath.

He cursed and swore at the deputies, cried and screamed for mercy, and shrieked in terror.

The sheriff gave him a large glass of brandy which he swallowed at one gulp.

Finally he was told to get up and stand upon the drop. He refused, and four deputies held him while the rope was being placed, and the black cap was put onto his head. He was yelling, screaming and blaspheming. He shot through the opening at exactly 3.21. His neck was broken by the fall and he died almost instantly.

Rev. Lavake has been arrested for giving Bulling the revolver with which he attempted to commit suicide. He was interviewed tonight regarding Bulling's attempted suicide. He said he did not give Bulling the revolver and had no idea where it came from. He was on his knees praying when Bulling fired first shot. Muscular contraction following the passage of the first bullet into Bulling's body, the priest asserts, caused Bulling to discharge the revolver accidentally, and the ball whizzed by his head. He first thought Bulling had attempted to murder him and fainted. Just before Bulling was handed to the sheriff he had a short whispered consultation with him regarding the attempted suicide.

The sheriff declined to say anything regarding the conversation, but it is considered significant that immediately after the execution Lavake was arrested.

A Panther's Feast.

TALLAHASSEE, September 5.—While a gang of section men were working on the Florida and Western railway today, twenty miles from here, along a big swamp, a huge ferocious panther leaped from a tree and struck McWilliams, knocking him flat. The rest of the party fled leaving McWilliams to fight alone. The contest was short and bloody. McWilliams had no weapon except a shovel and in a few minutes he was mangled beyond recognition.

The rest of the gang secured arms and returned, but were too late, as the panther had torn the arms from the corpse and fled to the swamp. Work has been suspended on the railway, the men refusing to work.

Progressive Riverside.

RIVERSIDE, September 4.—The Weekly Phoenix will publish tomorrow an estimate of the raisin crop of San Bernardino county for this season, showing the total for the county as 400,000 boxes of twenty pounds each. The picking will be three weeks later than previous seasons, not beginning until September 20. Growers report vineyards healthy, and to all appearance the vine disease has gone.

Improvements in this city since January 1 in business blocks and residences foot up to $502,871.

Quite an Organization.

NEW ORLEANS, September 5.—The Times-Democrat's Galveston special tells of an organization of colored cotton pickers who have agreed to pick no cotton after a certain date for less than $1 per 100 pounds and board. The organization has been perfected through the medium of the colored alliance, which numbers more than 500 000. It is learned that a secret circular has been mailed to all pickers throughout the cotton belt, fixing the date for the inauguration of the strike.

Around the Horn.

NEW YORK, September 4.—The steam yacht Vamoose, owned by W. R. Hearst, proprietor of the San Francisco Examiner, will be sailed around Cape Horn to San Francisco. The trip will take at least a month and will be the longest and most perilous voyage ever undertaken by a craft of her size and kind. The time for starting has not yet definitely been settled.

Flavin in Trouble.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 5.—An attachment was levied today on the I X L clothing establishment of M. J. Flavin & Co, by the Sather bank of this city, to which an overdraft of $22,500 is owing by the firm. The liabilities of the firm, it is stated, amount to between $80 000 and $85,000, of which about $15 000 is due eastern creditors. The firm claims to have assets of $125,000, and to be perfectly solvent.

Everyone Interested.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 5.—At a meeting of the board of fire commissioners this afternoon Samuel Rainey, superintendent of engines, tendered his resignation, which was accepted, and Assistant J. W. Riley was appointed to the place. Rainey has been connected with the department for many years.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

What the Commission Accomplished Yesterday.

CHICAGO, September 4.—At the opening of the National Columbian commission this morning a communication from President Baker of the world's fair corporation, asking for the co-operation of the national commission in securing a loan of $5,000,000 from the government for the use of the fair to be repaid out of the first receipts, and a resolution of the executive committee commission indorsing the request was read and referred to the committee on judiciary.

A resolution was presented to reconsider and expunge from the records the resolution heretofore passed for the appointment of a committee to recommend certain modifications in the tariff law in the interest of the exposition. After a long discussion the resolution for the appointment of the committee was reconsidered and the matter referred to the committee on legislation.

A resolution pledging the commission to take up and consider the Sunday closing question as soon as it should properly come before that body was unanimously passed.

The auditing committee presented its report, showing an excess of expenses by the commission for the year ending July 1 next, over the appropriation of $23,000. In order to avoid this the committee recommend that the April meeting of the committee be postponed till July, and that the pay roll be reduced. The report was referred to the committee on by-laws, and the commission adjourned until 2.

This afternoon the judiciary committee reported unanimously in favor of indorsing the appeal for $5,000 000 loan from the government, and recommended that congress pass the necessary legislation. Commissioner Massey said that Chicago had done everything promised and now proposed to go further and take $5,000,000 out of their gate receipts to repay money to be spent for buildings and grounds which would make the exposition the most magnificent the world has ever seen. The report was adopted.

Dynamite Explosion.

WHITE PIGEON, Mich., September 4.—The dynamite factory of F. A. Reynolds & Co., near this place, exploded last evening and sixteen workmen, mostly Swedes and Norwegians, were completely annihilated and not a trace of them can be found. It is estimated that twenty tons of dynamite exploded. The concussion here was terrible, the buildings being badly damaged and the people frightened.

MONARCHS OF THE TURF

TWO RECORDS SMASHED YESTERDAY.

The California Horse, Direct, Reduces the Trotting Record to 2.06.

INDEPENDENCE, Ia., September 4.—Two of the world's records were broken today. Allerton trotted a mile in 2.10 flat, crowning himself the king of stallions and enhancing his value $50,000.

Direct covered a mile in 2.06, breaking the world's records for both trotters and pacers.

WOODLAND, September 4.—First race, mile and one-eighth dash—Won by Lyford. Time 1.59½.

Second race, trotting—Won by Shylock in four heats. Best time, 2 24½.

Third race, pacing—Won by John L in three straight heats. Best time, 2.24.

GRASS VALLEY, September 4.—A large crowd attended the races this afternoon, which were the best of the week.

First race, running Servia won in straights. Time, 1.45.

Second race, three-quarters of a mile and repeat—Joe Harding won, Gladett second. Best time, 1.16¼.

Three-quarters of a mile dash, saddle horses—Sir Thad won, Hazel second.

Mixed race—Chloe won, Wapple second. Best time, 2 38.

OAKLAND, September 4.—The postponed special of yesterday was won by Mandee, Tippoo Tib second. Best time, 2.27½.

Trot for 2.40 class—Kabir won. Time, 2 29.

Pace for 2 15 class—Rupee won, Princess Alice second. Best time, 2.18.

Trotting—Lizzie F won. Best time, 2.22.

NO DISSATISFACTION THERE

Mexico Is Not Threatened With a Revolution.

ST. LOUIS, September 4.—A dispatch from the City of Mexico says much indignation has been caused there by the publication of reports in the papers of the United States to the effect that the people of Mexico were about to inaugurate a revolution against Diaz' regime. President Diaz has denied the rumors.

Senor Comancho, one of the foremost citizens of Mexico, said there is absolutely no truth in the report of discontent in Mexico. "Reports coming by way of San Francisco," said Senor Comancho, "originated mainly from misled libelists or disgruntled persons who have no credit or standing, and whose base ambition and ill will is well known here. There are no revolutionary elements or revolutionary ideas in Mexico."

EXTREMELY CORDIAL

IS MR. EGAN'S RELATIONS WITH CHILI.

The New Government One That Is Wholly Satisfactory to the People.

WASHINGTON, September 7.—The department of state telegraphed to Minister Egan September 4 that if a government has been formed by the congressional party acceptable to the people he should recognize it and open communication with its head. Today the department received a telegram from Egan stating that a provisional government had been established on September 4, with Jorge Montt as president, and was universally accepted by the people, and that he (Egan) was in very cordial communication with it.

Labor Day Observed.

SACRAMENTO, September 7.—Labor Day was fittingly observed here today. Business generally was suspended. At noon delegations of stonecutters and quarrymen came from Rocklin and Folsom. The parade of the trades unions was the largest ever seen in this city, and included the great army of laborers in the Southern Pacific shops. Literary exercises were held in the city plaza.

Reports from all cities of the union are to the effect that the day was generally observed by parades and speech-making.

Should Be Exterminated.

MERCED, September 7.—The Olsen and McFarland factions got together again yesterday at Merced Falls, where Nat McFarland, John Gibbons on one side, and will Olsen, and Julian Varieno and others, met in a saloon and had a bloody encounter. Pistols were fired, and no one was hit, but all were more or less bruised. Ever since the Ivett murder, of which August Olsen was accused, these factions have been enemies, and whenever they meet a fight ensues.

JUDGE SAWYER DEAD

After An Extremely Short Illness.

BRIEF SKETCH OF DECEASED

A Life Filled With Activity, the Greater Portion of Which Was Passed on the Bench.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 7.—Judge Lorenzo Sawyer died very suddenly at 7:45 this evening. He had been much better during the day and was deemed convalescent. His son Houghton was reading to him. His son Prescott and grandson Howard Adams were also present. Suddenly he was seized with a severe fit of coughing. Prescott ran for Dr. Yeamans, who lived only a few doors away, but before he could return the judge was dead.

His disease was capillary bronchitis, from which he had been confined to bed for ten days. The immediate cause of death was the formation of a clot of blood, which the coughing forced to a vital spot in the heart, causing almost instant death.

The death of Sawyer leaves northern California without any federal judge, the late Judge Hoffman's place not having been filled yet.

Lorenzo Sawyer was born in Jefferson county, N. Y., in 1820. When 16 years old he went to Pennsylvania with his father and engaged in farming. The next year he left home and for eight years studied law, supporting himself by teaching school.

He was admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1846, and afterward practiced law in Chicago and Jefferson, Wis. He came to California in 1850 and settled at Sacramento, but soon removed to Nevada City. In 1853 he came to San Francisco, and in 1854 was elected city attorney of San Francisco. In 1862 he was appointed judge of the twelfth district court, and in 1863 was elected justice of the supreme court of California. In 18 9 President Grant appointed him United States circuit judge. Judge Sawyer had long passed the age permitting him to retire and for some time had contemplated retiring.

HIS TEMPORAL POWER.

An Effort Making to Restore It to the Pope.

BERLIN, September 5.—The Catholic congress which opened on Sunday and held a closing session yesterday, assumed unexpected importance. Over 1000 delegates were in attendance. A resolution was adopted declaring that the time had arrived to convoke a great international Catholic congress for the consideration of the question of the restoration of temporal power to the pope, and a committee was appointed to arrange for holding such congress. In discussing the question of a neutral ground as a place for the meeting of the proposed congress, Switzerland was most in favor. Delegates will be summoned from every Catholic community in the world.

The question of the restoration of temporal power to the pope will be treated not as an Italian question, but as one of universal concern.

After Many Years.

PHILADELPHIA, September 7.—William V. McKean, for more than twenty-six years managing editor of the Public Ledger, retired today and was succeeded by L. Clark Davis. McKean will continue on the staff at full pay and will write occasional editorials, but will be relieved from the responsibility of managing. The announcement is made that George W. Childs will himself hereafter be editor in charge.

Gertrude Is Married Now.

MILWAUKEE, September 5.—A local paper says the authorized announcement of the marriage of Gertrude Potter of Chicago, daughter of the millionaire iron man, to F. Lee Rust, son of a wealthy Wisconsin lumberman, has been made. They were married quietly at Geneva lake on June 0, and are now in Europe. The bride gained no little notoriety on account of a love affair with a Chicago newsboy.

Brought Fair Prices.

CHICAGO, September 5.—Porter Bros. company sold today three carloads of California fruit. Bartlett pears, $1.90, Beurre hardys $1.45@$1.65, egg plums $1@$1.05, gross prunes $1@$1.15, half crates tokay grapes $2@$2.25, half crates muscats $1 10@$1.65, half crates rose de peru 95c@$1, full crates black prince 70@90c, half crates black hamburgs 80@90c, full crates purple Damascus $1.25.

Beginning to Look Serious.

WASHINGTON, September 7.—Secretary Tracy this afternoon issued orders for the United States ship Pensacola, now at San Francisco, to proceed at once to Honolulu. The state of affairs at the Hawaiian islands resulting from the death of the prince consort is such that the presence there of an American man-of-war is regarded as necessary to guard American interests.

THE COLORED CHURCH

Solemnly Dedicated to the Divine God.

The church of the colored people of Fresno, recently erected at the corner of G and Tuolumne streets, was dedicated on Sunday with solemn and impressive services.

The dedicatory sermon was preached by the Rev. O. Summers of San Francisco to a very large congregation. The same gentleman, who is pastor of the Bethel African Methodist Episcopal church, also preached to the colored Masons.

The financial condition of the new church is quite satisfactory. The lot and building has cost about $1500, of which $1100 has been paid, leaving a debt of but $400. Yesterday the colored people raised $125, leaving but $275 to be secured. The white churches will probably raise this sum by special collections.

Rev. Summers will remain a day and conduct religious exercises. After his departure the meeting will be carried on all week by Rev. A. S. Walton, and there is hope that much good will be done.

FRESNO CANAL COMPANY.

Arguments in a Celebrated Water Case Begin This Week.

From the Visalia Delta it is learned that the arguments in the Lower Kings River Water Ditch company vs. the Fresno Canal and Irrigation company case will commence before Judge Cross at Visalia this week after the calendar is called. It will be remembered that this case was on trial last June, and it consumed over a month on its trial. A voluminous amount of expert testimony was introduced. Brown & Daggett are the attorneys for the plaintiff and Colonel Harry I. Thornton of San Francisco and W. D. Tupper of Fresno are the attorneys for the defendant. The case was filed in 1881.

It will be a lively fair.

PLEASANT SHOWERS

Visits Numerous Sections—No Damage Done.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 5.—Rain was general through out the state. Light showers which did no damage is reported from Sisson, Chico, Red Bluff, Petaluma, Yuba, Gilroy, San Rafael and Monterey.

The signal service says fog and clouds will continue all along the entire coast, especially on the northwest and southwest coast of California, extending into the valleys of that state. The cloud formation will be considerable in the mountain districts with local rains in southeastern California, Nevada and northern Arizona. Fogs and clouds have been sufficiently heavy to give rise to occasional light rains in the Sacramento and San Joaquin valleys, and along the southwest and northwest coasts of California.

Mountain rains have occurred in California, Nevada and Arizona.

The following precipitations have been reported from regular stations: San Francisco trace, Red Bluff .02 inches, Sacramento .06 inches, Carson City trace, Fresno trace, Los Angeles trace, Barstow .06, Peach Springs, A. T., light rain.

SONOMA, September 5.—Rain fell this morning and at intervals for several hours. This rain will be of great benefit to the grape crop so far as quality is concerned.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 5.—Forecast till 8 p m. Sunday: For northern California, foggy and cloudy weather with scattering showers along the coast and in the valleys. Rains in the mountains in the southeast portion, and generally cooler.

Eifel Tower Does It.

PARIS, September 5.—In the recent storm terrible damage was done to the market gardens and the vineyards in the environs of this city. At Staines a farmer and a laborer were killed by a thunderbolt. At Clamart a peasant and his wife were killed. Scientists assert that the Eifel tower causes the electric disturbances and the climate here has been much worse since the tower was built.

Got What He Went After.

SUISUN, September 5.—Yesterday afternoon while Constable Fitzpatrick was attempting to arrest a man called Liverpool Red, the latter attempted to stab the constable. Fitzpatrick, in defending himself, struck the man with his fist, knocking his head against the wall. Concussion of the brain resulted and the man died. Fitzpatrick was exonerated by the jury.

CHILIAN INFORMATION.

MATTERS ARRANGING THEMSELVES.

The Relations With the United States Will Be Closer Than Ever.

WASHINGTON, September 5.—Whether or not the congressional junta has been recognized as the de facto government of Chili cannot be officially learned at the department of state, as the acting secretary refuses to make any statement whatever on the subject. Nevertheless there is good reason to believe that acting upon Minister Egan's information that the authority of the junta is supreme in Chili, he has, as already predicted, been directed to open relations with them.

If there has been any question as to proper treatment of refugees aboard the United States warships it has been decided by Admiral Brown. He cabled today that the Baltimore left yesterday for Peru, taking away twenty refugees whose lives are not safe in Chili.

PARIS, September 5.—A dispatch received today at the Chilian legation from Santiago says the provisional government of Chili has been constituted and will send a circular letter to the powers and to all countries appearing disposed to recognize the present administration of Chili.

Does Not Want Trouble.

NEW YORK, September 5.—The World says everything points to a quiet distribution of Mark Hopkins' millions without recourse to the courts. Yesterday afternoon, in response to a telegram to Timothy Hopkins summoning him to go to Methuen for a private conference with Mr. Searles, Hopkins left on the afternoon train. This move of Searles' was unexpected, and is regarded as a further evidence of his anxiety to settle with Hopkins without unpleasant notoriety.

Lavake Not Guilty.

SAVANNAH, Mo., September 5.—Rev. August Lavake, who acted as spiritual advisor at the hanging of Louis Bulling yesterday, has been released on bonds of $500 to answer to the charge of furnishing Bulling the weapon with which the murderer attempted suicide just before the execution. It is generally believed now that the priest is innocent. Bulling left a letter in which he directs the sheriff to return the revolver to his brother who, he said, knew to whom it belonged and how it came into his possession.

MURDER MYSTERIES.

TWO BODIES WERE FOUND YESTERDAY,

And the Belief Obtains That Bloody Murders Have Been Committed.

EUREKA, September 7.—The body of Ludwig Stein, an old German, was found in Mad river yesterday, with a handkerchief filled with a lot of stones tied around his neck. An autopsy showed that the man was dead before the body was put in the water, and the coroner's jury rendered a verdict of death from an unknown cause. Stein had trouble with his son-in-law, Adolph Fisher, lately.

PENDLETON, Or., September 7.—The body of John Stratton of Kansas City was found in a brush pile near here yesterday. It is believed the man was murdered, as the body was terribly bruised and bore indications of a desperate struggle. There is no clue to the murderer.

They Were Murdered.

PARIS, September 5.—An official dispatch received at the foreign office from China confirms the report of the murder of two Sisters of Mercy and a Belgian priest during the recent anti-foreign riot.

THE FATHER OBJECTED.

John Morgan's Assiduous Attentions Cause Trouble.

Yesterday Charles Coffen was before Judge Crichton and swore to a warrant charging John Morgan with disturbing his peace. It seems that Morgan is the foreman of a vineyard at which Coffen and his family are at work picking grapes. Morgan is claimed to have paid some attention to the girls and the father objected. On Sunday night the warrant asserts that Morgan came to the tent of Coffen and family, and beside shooting off a gun he swore pretty vigorously.

The state board of equalization has about concluded hearing evidence and arguments and will decide on the questions in a day or two.

The Weekly Republican.

Fresno, Fresno County, California.

By the Fresno Republican Publishing Co

T. C. JUDKINS, Vice-President and Manager

THE REPUBLICAN'S PREMIUM.

On another page will be found a description of Rand, McNally's Excellent Political and United States Map combined, which is offered free to every new subscriber of the DAILY REPUBLICAN or WEEKLY REPUBLICAN. Nothing excelling it has ever been offered as a newspaper premium.

The entire map is printed in eleven colors making it very attractive, seven colors being used on the political side alone. The map is mounted with rollers, top and bottom, is well bound with tape on the sides and is the largest ever printed on one sheet of paper. The contracting on both sides of this map cost [more than] $6000. Each political party since the organization of the government is represented in a distinct color. When a party begins a color appears, and when a party dissolves the colors disappear, so one can readily see that out of which a party was organized and that into which it went. Rand, McNally & Co., the most famous and reliable map makers and publishers in America, are the publishers of this mammoth map of the United States, which appears on the reverse side of the political map. These two maps sell separately for $10. Publishers' price $5; by express, prepaid, $5.75.

Both maps are offered free as premiums to THE REPUBLICAN. Don't fail to read details elsewhere in this issue.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Subscribers to the WEEKLY REPUBLICAN will please look at their receipts and kindly remit to this office the amount of their subscription due.

THE REPUBLICAN has matured plans that will make this paper, during the coming year, one of the very best newspapers in California. Say a good word to your neighbor and secure a subscription from him.

THE Tulare county relatives of the divine Sara should be getting ready to come to meet her here.

THE drops of rain and the flying of the local rain flag from the signal station makes the raisin men very uneasy.

SO TRAIN robbery as well as train wrecking, is a capital offense. Put that down to the credit of the last legislature.

THE railroad men kept very close watch of the Daltons lately, which turns out to have been a very good thing for them.

THE first raisins of the season have gone forward and returns on them, in the way of criticism, are awaited with interest.

OF the 68,837 acres of raisin grapes in the state reported by the viticultural commission, Fresno county is credited with 43,926 acres.

MINISTER EGAN seems to be on very cordial relations with the new government in Chili. This will be disappointing to his enemies here, in Chili and in England.

MERCED county should use every effort to quell the Olsen-McFarland factions or bloodshed will follow. Besides the world is getting very tired of hearing from the Olsens.

THIS has been perpetrated by the San Francisco Examiner: "In case Dalton (the long) and Dean (the short) has made a haul what action would the United States commission have taken in the matter?

FEWER raisins were never put up than will be shipped from Fresno during 1891. The berries are large and the clusters in some of the vineyards of enormous size. Unusual care is being exercised in the curing and packing and Fresno will redeem its reputation this year.

THE government at Washington feels that a crisis has been reached in affairs at Honolulu and that American interests there demand the presence of an American man-of-war. This being so it passes comprehension why the Pensacola is ordered there. She is not a war vessel; only a leaky tub.

THAT the people appreciate the park concerts was shown by the fact that thousands visited the park on Sunday and many remained there to the end of the program. This despite the fact it was a very warm day and that the park seemed the hottest place in town. With the advent of cooler weather there will not be room enough in the park to contain the people. Keep up the concerts.

THE death of Judge Sawyer following so closely on that of Judge Hoffman, leaves northern California without a federal judge. This will compel the President to fill at least one of the vacancies, and Judge Sawyer's mantle will probably fall on Hon. W. W. Morrow, who has practically held a presidential promise for the place. His appointment would give general satisfaction throughout the state.

THERE seems to be disposition among the rich and influential saloon keepers across the track to keep out rivals. It might be a good thing to flood this place with saloons. The old saloon men have grown rich on the sinful traffic conducted on that side and their influence is confined to the politicians because they can herd a lot of votes, the disreputables on that side. It is said that one saloon over there, which now aspires to monopolize things, has cleared as much as $4500 a month and its proprietors are now scheming to take all the vice under their wing and to place all its products in their pockets. The city trustees seem to understand the situation.

THE Stockton Mail has the following comments on the raisin freight question: "California raisin growers are much injured, so they say, by the action of the Southern Pacific company in refusing to give a reduction in the freight rates on raisins. That is, the company has given a reduction, but it is so small as to amount to very little. Heretofore the rate on raisins has been $1.65 per 100 pounds to the Missouri river. The raisin men asked that it be reduced to $1; the company has reduced it to $1.50, a 3 per cent reduction. The growers and shippers claim that this cuts them off from the possibility of competition with the Spanish product, as to maintain competition they must be able to lay down Valencia raisins in New York for 6 cents a pound, and with present freight rates they cannot deliver them there for less than 6½ or 7 cents. When the raisin men asked the Southern Pacific company for bread it did not give them a stone, but it was a mighty small cracker that it offered them."

CONGRESSIONAL FORECAST.

Up to and including the last congressional election California was divided into six congressional districts. The census of 1890, however, showed so large a ratio of increase in the middle and southern counties that the state was redistricted and a new congressional district, called the seventh, was added.

Under the old law the sixth district comprised the following counties: Alpine, Fresno, Inyo, Kern, Los Angeles, Mono, Monterey, Orange, San Benito, San Bernardino, San Diego, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara, Tulare and Ventura. This district at the last congressional election polled a vote of 66,470, divided as follows:

Republican	[illegible]
Democrats	[illegible]
Prohibitionists	[illegible]
Scattering	[illegible]
Total	66,470

Here the Republicans had a clear plurality of nearly 6000 votes, so overwhelming as to make the fight practically hopeless.

Not so in the new district. The strong Republican county of Los Angeles has been taken out and the Democratic counties of Stanislaus, Merced and San Benito have been added. The following table shows the counties comprising the new district, together with the vote of each at the last congressional election:

Counties	Republican	Democratic	Prohibition	Scattering
Stanislaus	941	1761	19[illegible]	...
Merced	[illegible]	990	93	
San Benito	851	1011	64	...
Fresno	2561	3275	292	27
Tulare	2786	2716	251	...
Kern	1067	1302	46	2
San Bernardino	3016	[illegible]	251	45
Orange	1292	1176	116	40
San Diego	3405	354	329	27
Total	[illegible]	16671	1611	141

This makes a total vote of but 35,9[illegible]6 and leaves a Republican plurality of about 603, with a fighting chance for either of the regular parties for the 1752 Prohibition and scattering votes.

The figures here presented will give the politicians something to figure on. They show that the nominee on either ticket who hopes for election must be popular not only with his own party but sufficiently so with the opposite party to draw a goodly number of votes therefrom. The candidate who is the best qualified under these conditions will be the winning man.

ALL IN THE FAMILY.

Quoting the following from THE REPUBLICAN, the Modesto Herald makes some pertinent comments: "Among Recorder Bell's deputies are Mrs. Ledsinger, a sister, and Miss Harrell, a niece of the recorder. Judge Harris, a cousin of Mr. Bell, is superior judge. Mr. Harrell, a brother-in-law of Mr. Bell, serves as deputy assessor for a few months in the year and during the remainder of the time has an office rent free in the room set apart for the county surveyor. So much for this particular family."

The Herald says:

"The above is the opening paragraph of an editorial in THE FRESNO REPUBLICAN treating of the efforts of a certain Democratic clique to keep the offices all in the family

"It is not so bad in Stanislaus county, still the assessor, recorder and school superintendent, each has his wife for a deputy, and the county clerk has his father—or did until the latter skipped out with $6000 or $9000 belonging to other people. The sheriff is the only county officer that hires a deputy outside of his own family.

"It may be all right, but there is a strong feeling against it here, and at the next Democratic primaries rude awakenings await those who have been acting the hog."

Unless all signs fail the Fresno "political family" will next year learn that it doesn't pay to "hog" a good thing.

JUST SO.

In a special dispatch to the Chronicle from Sacramento relative to the state fair we find the following:

The gamblers are here in great force and the wheel of fortune, rondo and other games of chance are in full swing at the Golden Eagle, Western and other hotels.

Just so! And these are so-called first-class, respectable houses, yet do not hesitate to turn themselves into gambling shops, selling or renting the privilege of skinning the innocent granger and other suckers who may be induced to go to the capital to see an alleged agricultural display.

Thus are the laws of the state enforced at the capital city, where they are enacted. There is a growing sentiment that there should be no more appropriations for a state fair.

THE Egan experience only enforces anew the lesson that "only Americans should be put on guard." Imagine Great Britain, France, Germany or Austria appointing to its diplomatic corps a naturalized citizen? It would not occur to them to run the risk of such possible complications.

IT was that grand old philanthropist and successful merchant and financier, Peter Cooper, who said: "We might as well permit our enemies to direct the movements of our armies in time of war as to permit them to direct or control our manufactures and other industries in time of peace."

FRESNO'S fair this year will be the most interesting and best attended ever held in the county. The management has done something besides catering to horsemen; it has enlisted the active cooperation of the farmers and now the business men are naturally dropping in. It will be worth their while to do so.

THE state board of horticulture estimates that 1800 carloads of raisins will be shipped out of the state this year, an increase of 350 cars over last year. We are inclined to consider this estimate too high. In this county the pack will fall below that of last year and we know of no section in which an increase has been noted. It isn't clear where the increase can be found.

THE Chronicle, speaking of the Egan incident, says: "It seems to be pretty well established now that the attacks on Mr. Egan, our minister to Chili, have been inspired by the English in Chili, and that so far as can be judged he has borne himself with firmness and impartiality during the revolution which has just come to an end. There is no evidence that he has been a strong partisan of Balmaceda, nor that he has been trying to make money out of the war, either by underhand means or otherwise."

WELL MATURED RAISINS.

The Los Angeles Times, taking issue from the San Francisco Chronicle, has the following concerning our chief product:

The first shipment of new crop raisins put up in Fresno, was received in San Francisco last Saturday. The Chronicle grumbles a little at it because the fruit was not allowed to mature thoroughly and the curing process was abridged in order to rush the product on the market. If there ever was a time when the raisin growers were put on their mettle it is this year, when Spanish raisin producers are getting ready to carry on a vigorous opposition to maintain their hold on the eastern market. The only way in which California producers can displace their foreign competitors is to show that as fine an article or a finer one can be put up in this country; that in fact we can supply everything that an exacting eastern trade requires. Let the raisin men put themselves on their mettle this year, with careful curing and the most elegant packing as their watchword.

The Chronicle is needlessly exercised about the first shipments of raisins. They were thoroughly cured and carefully packed and will compare favorably with raisins of like grade no matter whence they may come. The fog of the bay prevents the editorial mind in San Francisco from realizing that down here in the valley the air is very dry and warm at this season of the year and that fruit ripens rapidly and dries quickly.

The raisin growers are thoroughly alive to the necessity of placing upon the market superior goods, perfect in every respect and they are acting accordingly. Never before was as much care bestowed upon raisins as this year and the pack will be the best ever shipped out of the county.

SAMUELS ON CALIFORNIA.

There are indications that the man finally selected as chief of the horticultural department of the world's fair is quite large enough for the position. He does not hold California responsible for the acts of some of its fool representatives and expects the state to make an exhibit at Chicago that will do honor to its horticultural industry. This is shown by a letter to Porter Bros. & Co. of San Francisco, as follows:

CHICAGO, August 20.

GENTLEMEN—On receipt of your letter I telegraphed you in brief my views in regard to future actions towards California. It is expected that your state will make one of the largest and most attractive displays at the exposition, and should my nomination be confirmed by the local directory she will be encouraged in every possible way to do so.

I have been in the fruit growing districts of every part of the state and believe I know a sufficient number of persons in each locality who will heartily co-operate with me in exhibiting to the world your grand resources. Assure your friends that the fight being made against me now by certain Californians does not prejudice me in the least against the state, or even against those making the fight. Sincerely,

J. M. SAMUELS.

NEW ORDINANCE NEEDED.

It has been brought to the attention of the board of supervisors that in one of the public offices of this county, that occupied by the county surveyor, two private individuals, one a real estate agent, we believe, and the other a lawyer, occupy desk room. The office is none too large for the public uses, but if it were ever so large the intrusion should not be tolerated. A principle is at stake, the principle that no private business should be conducted in a public office.

If Farley and Harrel can use a public office in which to conduct their private business, why not every lawyer in town?

The supervisors should make a rule absolutely prohibiting such use of any public office and having made it, should see to its enforcement. Or, fearing to do this, they should collect rent for the use of such offices.

THE proceedings against the Itata have naturally ended with the recognition of the revolutionary government.

SAN FRANCISCO will have to pay its proper portion of taxation this year, at any rate. Good for the state board of equalization.

IT is noted that Dalton, the train robber, was formerly a leading Democratic politician of Merced. No telling where a man will stop once he begins going wrong.

THE loafers about Mariposa and J streets will be kept on the move in the future, if the police will do their duty. If they fail to do it they should be replaced by men who will do it.

THE survey on the Colis railroad is under way and by the first of the year Fresno will be able to indulge in an excursion to White's Bridge by rail. The county seat is daily getting closer to the people.

SINCE the Eiffel tower was erected terrible thunder and rain storms have been prevailing in Paris and vicinity. Scientists are of opinion that the tower is responsible for the electrical disturbances. Is there a hint to the rain-makers in this?

THE establishment of the Fresno business college was a good thing for Fresno. It has already brought many young people here and by New Year it will probably be giving a practical business education to 100 young men and women. It is worthy of a generous support.

THE state board of trade can be made a successful institution, but it should cease meddling with public matters that do not concern it any more than they do others. To its meddlesomeness the state lost the chieftaincy of the horticultural bureau of the world's fair.

ADVICES from semi-tropical Florida occasionally give one the shivers, just as the malaria laden swamps of that peninsula shake up the natives with ague. Ferocious panthers have caused the suspension of work on the Florida & Western railway. These panthers feasted on hardened railroad graders until their companions became discouraged and quit. Nice country to spend the winter in, that.

A DISPATCH from Sacramento says: "The city prison is overflowing with pickpockets, burglars and buncomen. Among them are some of the most widely known rascals on the coast, including Tom Fury, Tom Murray, Randall Scott and others of the same kind. The police force has been doubled, but notwithstanding the arrest of a large number of suspected characters, burglaries continue to be reported nightly." This is what we have to expect during fair week, if these fellows can stay out of jail and raise money enough to come down this way. Our police force should be augmented for the occasion.

NEW YORK'S CANDIDATE.

The Republican nominee for governor in New York is a little closer to the people of this state from the fact that he is married to a Native Daughter of the Golden West, a daughter of Mrs. E. B. Crocker of Sacramento. Their married life has been an ideally happy one and the union has been blessed with several children.

Mr. Fassett was born in Elmira November 13, 1853, and was graduated at the Rochester University 1875. He later attended lectures at Heidelberg, Germany. In 1877 he was back in New York and that year was appointed district attorney of Chemung county by a Democratic governor, Lucius Robinson, now dead. He had been admitted to the bar on motion of Governor Hill. The two have since become very bitter enemies.

Fassett, being a man of great talent and ability as an orator, rose rapidly and was elected to the senate for the term of 1884-85 from the twenty-seventh district, comprising the counties of Chemung, Steuben and Allegany. His majority was 2301, attesting at once his popularity and strength. A year before David B. Hill had been elected lieutenant governor, and when the young senator arrived at Albany he found the presiding officer in the senate a fellow townsman.

In 1885 the lieutenant governor was a candidate for governor, and Senator Fassett was a candidate for re-election. The lieutenant governor did all he could to defeat his fellow townsman, but the senator carried the district by 3019, a gain of 718 over his first run. From that time onward Governor Hill has opposed him bitterly and vigorously. In the senate Mr. Fassett was a leader, and was altogether too powerful to suit the Democratic governor.

The third time Senator Fassett ran the governor rallied all his forces to defeat him. It was a hotly contested election, and every disaffected Republican either wedded himself to apathy or listened to Democratic malignity. The district was overrun with Democratic speakers, and all that patronage and all that mendacity could do was done to defeat the senator. He was elected by 1560 plurality. It was a great blow to the governor, and, it is said, convinced him that Senator Fassett could not be defeated. Evidently the disaffected Republicans regretted their action, for in 1889 the senator was elected for the fourth time by a plurality of 6479.

The Democrats of New York city will bitterly oppose the young candidate because of the active part he took in exposing the corruption of the Democratic rule in that city, as a member of the senate committees. It was he who exposed the acqueduct job and the mere mention of the Fassett committee has the same effect on a Tammany man that a red flag has on a bull. The society has never recovered from Mr. Fassett's searching inquiry.

Mr. Fassett is now collector of the port, to which position he was appointed by President Harrison on the retirement of Mr. Erhardt and has already shown that he possesses the peculiar qualities needed for the position.

He will unify the Republicans and make a hard and effective campaign.

SHOULD BE INVITED.

Robert Ramsey, superintendent of H. C. Frick & Co.'s great coal mines and coke works, Connellsville, Pa., and Robert Bentley, secretary of the Ohio Iron and Steel company of Youngstown, O., are now in San Francisco and compose one of three prominent eastern parties now exploring the Pacific coast to look up the coal, coke and iron resources, with the view of manufacturing coke, pig iron and steel. One of these parties has been in California for some time. The other is in the northwest, and Secretary Bentley and Superintendent Ramsey have just arrived from the north, after three weeks' careful inspection there. They visited all the big coal mines of Washington and Oregon, and also inspected the Denny, Skagit, Guye, Snoqualmi and other iron mines.

It is claimed that millions of dollars are behind them and they mean to locate industrial works on this coast. They will stay some time in the state and an invitation should be sent them to look at both our iron and coal, and the oil and natural gas indications also.

It is all nonsense to talk of charcoal iron. Real iron men would not bother with the suggestion. Fresno will never have iron works based on a wood fuel theory, but coal is here and natural gas is possible, while the fluxes can be had for the taking.

These gentlemen say they have found coking coal and they might find that of the Coast range of mountains capable of being coked. If not, they will find no iron ore superior to this. Let them hear of Fresno's ore, at least.

LET OTHERS SEE AND KNOW

All signs point to this as the most prosperous fall and winter season that Fresno has ever known. There may have been others when there was more activity in certain special lines, but for an all around legitimate business activity and growth this coming season will doubtless exceed them all.

Fresno is far sighted in some of her actions and short sighted in others. What we want and need here is more people. With everything to make a most favorable showing, especially during the next two months, we ought to spend time and money in inducing people from a distance to come to Fresno and study into our resources. There are hundreds of hard-working people in San Francisco who would be better off physically, morally and financially if they were suitably located on a five, ten or twenty-acre tract of land in Fresno county. People in general who have the interests of the city at heart should aid as best they can the proposed excursions from San Francisco to Fresno. The present time is most opportune. To succeed and grow we must continually reach out. Others will not help us if we do not help ourselves. Fresno's steady and rapid growth is acknowledged the state over and hundreds of people would come here if they were given an invitation in the right spirit and manner.

THE San Francisco papers record the fact that Pete Dorcey, a notorious character of that city, had a runaway accident the other day and was "dragged by the legs." Pete has "pulled the leg" of many a man and he knows how it is himself now.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, September 28.

Alex Pe[illegible] to Eugene Avy, ne¼ of nw¼ and s ½ of ne¼ sec 10, t 13, r 21, 120 acres, $1.

Thos E Hughes to Mrs Mariah L Montague, lots 11 to 16 block 32 Hughes addition to Madera, $10.

W H Werfeld to Henry Werfeld, all of the French Gulch mine in Potter Ridge mining district, $10.

Flora L Church and others to W H McKenzie and others, lots 1 to 4, block 77, Fresno, $1

Pacific Improvement company to Jas L Costigan, lot 35 of Caruthers $750.

L G Brandon to Geo W Dutton, lots 11 to 18, block 17, Taylor's addition to Huron $10.

Wm H Pierce to Wm Ross Pierce lots 22 and 23, block 29, Fresno, subject to $600 mortgage, $100.

T L Duke to John C Moore, ne¼ of nw¼ sec 24, t 15, r 21, $3.00

F F Tucker and wife to W R Lave and wife, lot 2, block 1, Temperance colony, $1.

SATURDAY, August 8.

S A Horn to Thos E Hughes, all secs 19 and 20, t 12, r 17.

J R Webb to A W Johnson, ne¼ of sw¼ of sec 13, t 11, r 18, $10.

A W Johnson and wife to Erving Cornell, w½ of ne¼ of sw¼ of sec 13, t 11, r 18, $10.

Clarence and Erving Cornell to A W Johnson, n½ of lot 6 of nw¼ of sec 23 t 14, r 19, $10.

MONDAY, August 31.

George W Strine and wife to Jonathan Strine, all of block A and C except lots 4, 5, 10, 11 and 12, of block A, Hill's addition, Fresno, $10.

F B Bealer to Karl Buchanan, lots 7 and 8, block 22 Hughes addition, Madera, $250.

Ida Henderson to Samuel Henderson, [illegible] of sw¼ and w½ of se¼ of sec 21, w½ of ne¼, se¼ of nw¼, ne¼ of sw¼ and ne¼ of sec 28, and [illegible] of sec 27, all in t 14, r 27, $400.

E F Davis to Hattie Monson lots 20, 21, 22 and 23 block 4, Griffith second addition, Fresno, $750.

Wm A Fisher to Eva Neeley, lot 11, block 19, Fisher's second addition, Fresno, $125.

C L Walter to Fred S Moore, lot 6, Walter colony, w½ of sw¼ of nw¼ of sec 14, t 15, r 21, $[illegible]

Madera Fruit and Trading Co to Sarah Jane Barton, lot 12, block 41, Madera, $10

Sol Lazar to Mary N Crawford, lot 5, block 29, Madera, $[illegible]

Scott A Patterson to A R Gaynard, lots [illegible] to 8, block 13, Myer's addition, Madera, $[illegible]

Carlton F Hall to Mrs May B Vergin, 1 acre in nw corner of ne¼ of ne¼ of sec 7, t 11, r 20, $[illegible]

THURSDAY, September 10.

J B Tucker to Mrs S A Davis, nw¼ of sec 8, t 12, r 19, old acres, $612.50.

A H Vail to John H Grady, n½ of nw¼ of sec 17, t 11, r 16, $6000.

John H Grady to Frank McCabe, same property, $12,000.

J W Bean to Wm Williams, lots 9 and 10, block 152, Fresno, $1000.

James M Rutherford to S T Carlisle, lots 6 and 7 and e½ of sw¼ of sec 6, t 10, r 23, $10.

George H Ellis to Ellen W Coats, lots 21, 22, 23 and 24, block E, South Park addition, Selma, $5.

Harry Sherwood to Mrs Nellie Sherwood, lots 17, 18, 19 and 20, block 116, Fresno, gift.

Lewis F Ward to Wm Johnson, w½ of ne¼ of ne¼ of sec 27, t 17, r 20, $[illegible]

Mrs E G Ellis, Frank Ellis, Mary Bowden, Vic Ellis and Lillie D Batham to Ryland B Wells, all of Orangedale, $10.

TARIFF PICTURES.

New York Press.

The new copyright bill, the work of the protectionist congress, requires that foreign books copyrighted here must be printed and bound here. Bookbinders in England get $6.77

a week. Here they get $14.00

a week.

Ladies, the McKinley bill has not advanced the price of needles. They cost $1.10

a thousand last year, and only 72½ cents

this year; because we make them in this country and the tariff does not touch home-made goods if we make enough of them. That's a mighty good reason why we should make enough of them, isn't it?

The blue Kerseys bought last year by the Indian bureau, United States army standard, cost $1.73

a yard. This year, in spite of generally higher duties on imported woolens, the Indian bureau got its blue kerseys same standard, for $1.65

a yard.

Not much of a reduction yet, it is true, but the free traders said everything was going to be higher.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

Unclaimed in the postoffice at Fresno for the week ending September 11, 1891. Parties calling for these letters please say "advertised" and give the date of advertisement. If not claimed within fourteen days they will be sent to the dead letter office at Washington, D. C.

Aira, Frank	Albertl, Edmund
Arvey, Louis	Anderson, Samuel
Anderson, Martin	Allen, Emery L
Banks, Wm	Botto, Rocco
Brundage, E D	Bush F, Austin
Billingsley, T N	Barone, Henry
Brown, C W	Broans, Theo
Bowlhoff, John	
Cast, Mrs Nellie	Compton, Levi
Cowan, Chas	Cummings, Miss Mary
Carlson, Miss Amanda	Christensen, Ole J
Church, M	Clark, Geo
Cline, Wm E	Cole, Mrs Jennie
Campbell, Jas G	Connolly, Miss Kate
Crow, Mrs Mary	Crafford, Geo C
Crose, Gage	
Downey, E	Davis, Frank C
Davis, John	Denman, John
Eade, I H	Eaglin, John
Eldridge E E	Evans, Geo E
Evans, Wm	
Ford, Lizzy	Forney, Mrs Maria
Fry, Mrs M I	
Galloway, J D	Gillis, James
Griffith, A F	Granito, Geo
Grey, Chas	Gould, G S
Goudy, Everett R	
Hallahan, Warren	Hager, E C
Hazelton, Geo	Harris, Jas
Hamilton, W H	Hamilton, Beal
Haun, John C	Hennon, Wm
Herman, M	Henderson, Wm
Hendricks, Lidy	Hicks, Miss Edna
Higgens, Nate	Hierra, Ibal
Hyde, Mrs H B	Hull, Mrs Anna C
Harper, W J	Howard, Chas
Hull, Mrs C A	Huntley, Mrs Otto
Henderson, Peter	Hutchinson, Dick
Heyward, Frank	
Jorgenson, C	Johnson, Carl
Johnson, Sam	Jones, Mrs B F
Karr, E D	Kernes, W L
Kersey, Dr	Kerr, Jim
Kirk, J C	Knapp, Wm Harry
Kinney, A F	King, S H
Lawrence, E	Lathim, Jasper
Lecter, Gus	Leighton, Miss E R
Levy, Eugene M	Linder, F G
Lowry, Miss Minnie	Luarts, Mis
Lewis, Mrs Phoebe	Lee, N N
Modesit, Chris	Murray, Cornelius
Myers, Roy	Mackie, J L
Matheson, Mrs G W	Mears, A
Mackewane, Jim	Maxey, Z
Maxwell, James	Maddux, David W
Miller, Mrs J L	Mannon, Chester M
Miller, Thomas B	Miller, A M
McAllister, Mrs W R	McAdams, George R 2
McIntire, J C	McNeil, Mrs J H
McMenemy, Mrs M J	McMahon, Jane
Moore, N J	Moore, George L
Moore, George	
Nourse, W A	Nelson, Miss Louisa
Nicholas, J	Napie, Andr
Ohlestrom, J	Olson, L W
Omaley, Miss Theo	Owen, Bud
Palmer, Andrew	Paden, R J
Peyton, Mrs M M	Peck, A D
Parks, Miss Belle	Pederson, Jens
Parker, Mrs Allie P	
Ralphs, Edwin F	Reynolds, Henry
Rousseau, J W	Rohrer, Carl
Rose, Allie	Rohmer, Karl V
Ryan, J S	Robinson, Jas M
Salazar, Vick R	Sadler, J M
Siebenthal, Mrs Ruth 2	Sorenson, A 2
Sumerland, Miriam	Shaw, W
Snodgrass, E	Slocumb, W F
Skaggs, Mrs Ruth	Strine, G W
Standstrom, Miss Sophia	Steger, Geo W
Stoddard, I H	Stonick, Peter
Smith, W A 2	Smith, J P
Smith, Mrs M D	Smith, Annie
Smith, Archie	Stevens, Mrs Josie
Stewart, G R	Swaggerty, Mrs Clayton
Swarford, J N & Mrs P W	
Thorson, Charles	Tuck, J T
Thorn, Mrs Etta M	Thomas J T
Tingley, Mrs J M	
Uarlen, Lizzie A	
Wilson, J J 3	Wilson, Miss Mary
Wilson, A	Wilson, Dan
Wilson, Eli	Worden, Dean
Wall, James M	Walton, Richard
Wood, Miss Emma	Williams, Mrs Nancy V
Williams, Mrs M A	Willis, James L
Williamson, Jim	Wilkins, G W
Washburn, J L	Wells, Warren W
Webb, Michael	Wickholm, C A
Wood, John	

N. W. MOODEY, P. M.

MARRIED.

GREELEY—FISK—In Clay's addition to Fresno, September 3, at the residence of J. F. Greeley, by Rev. E. O. McIntier, Miss Minnie Fisk and Clarence E. Greeley of Selma.

WOOD—STARK—At the Baptist church in Fresno September 2 1891 by Dr. H. G. DeWitt, Anna Stark and Charles Wood, both of Fresno.

DIED.

MALCOLMSON—At the Malcolmson vineyard, September 4 1891, Helen Jane, beloved wife of Wm. Laing Malcolmson, and second daughter of John De Lacy, London, England.

Church services today at 2 p.m. at the Episcopal church.

RYER—In Fresno, September 3, 1891, Etta Alena Ryer, aged 13 years, 1 month and 27 days.

"Beautiful sleeper, robed for the grave,
All our efforts were fruitless to save.
Hope lingered with us as long as there was life,
Thou wert triumphant and calmed her, O! death.
Beautiful sleeper, never 'till now
Smile so angelic encircled thy brow,
Gaze on the tenderly now while we may—
Earth's clods the sorrow will hide her away."
O, Lord, teach us Thy will be done,

—AUNT M. M.

MR. PRESIDENT, ONLY.

BUT ONE FORM OF ADDRESS FOR THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE.

He Is Not "Your Excellency," Nor "Your Honor"—Neither Is He to Be Written to as "Dear Sir"—Plain Mr. President Is Sufficient—Why It Was So Decreed.

If you ask a president's private secretary he will tell you, among other things, that not one person out of ten in writing to the president addresses him properly. Each correspondent seems to follow his own sweet fancy. Thus the man who writes and asks for a pension or an office on the ground that he served in the war is apt to begin his letter, "Dear General," and after having told his wants he signs himself, "Yours fraternally."

This is pretty familiar. The president isn't a general, except in that he is commander in chief of the army, and as for all men being brothers, it is true as a theory, but is hardly correct on all occasions as a practice. If the letter from the old army man is answered, as nearly all letters are, the writer is addressed with due formality as "Sir," and not as "Dear Comrade." This ought to be a sufficient hint to him to keep his distance, but it is not, and a week later he bobs up serenely with another long communication to his "Dear General."

There are a number of his correspondents who wish to be very formal and respectful, and they always call him "Excellency." It sounds so big, is such a pleasing mouthful, that many people who ought to know better cannot resist the temptation of using this form. As between such an expression as "Dear General" and "Your Excellency" the former is preferable, for there is no law against it, while there certainly is an unwritten law against the latter.

When the constitution was formed there was a great deal of discussion as to the form of address that should be applied to the president. Some people thought he should be addressed "Excellency," others would be satisfied with "Your Highness," while still others thought he should be called "Majesty." The New Yorkers who bore in mind the days of the Dutch republic wanted the head of this republic called "His High Mightiness."

FREQUENT MISTAKES.

After a great deal of wrangling and considerable exhibition of party feeling over the matter, it was finally decided for all time to come that the chief executive should be addressed simply as "the president of the United States." That settled it and made it an impropriety to call him "Excellency." The governor of a state has more form about him in correspondence than the president, for unless there is a clause in the constitution of the state expressly prescribing some other mode of address, it is correct to call him "Excellency."

The democratic spirit of some states has interfered to prevent this, and it has been prescribed that the governor receive some simpler title, but there are only two or three of these states. As a general thing the rule can be laid down that the governor of a state should be addressed "Your Excellency." To begin a letter to the president in the same way is to establish an equality between the two executives that does not exist.

Another frequent mistake is made by those who begin their letters to the president, "Your Honor." His honor is the presiding judge of a court, or usually the mayor of a city. Some men, from constant associations with courts of justice, come to regard the judge as the highest and mightiest individual on earth, and they can conceive of no greater distinction to be conferred on the president than to call him "Your Honor."

To cut a long matter short, let the correct form for addressing the president be given. It is simply this. "Benjamin Harrison, president of the United States, Mr. President." Then after you have said your say, if you are not proud, you can finish the communication thus, "I have the honor to be, Mr. President, your obedient servant, John Smith."

ADDRESSED BY KINGS.

Don't make the mistake that is sometimes perpetrated of signing yourself thus: "I have the honor to be John Smith." It may reflect honor on you to be who you are, but it is hardly modest of you to say so. What you want to say is that you consider it an honor to be the president's obedient servant.

To the rest of the world Uncle Sam and the president are one, and that is why the latter insists upon ceremony in his dealings with other powers. Probably readers are familiar with the form observed in correspondence between the president and the head of another government. It is part of the law of nations that they are all coequal.

The king of Samoa writes to President Harrison in the same terms of equality as are used by the emperor of Germany, and the president replies in kind. The head of these little islands receives a munificent salary of less than $300 a year—that is, he receives it if there is money enough in the treasury to pay it.

When Germany had trouble with his majesty and demanded an indemnity for damages of $10,000, a broad smile went around the world, for it was well known that the treasury of Samoa had never had, and in all probability never would have, a sum half so large in its coffers. Yet the king of Samoa is addressed by the president as "Great and good friend," and the president signs himself, "Your good friend," and when Queen Victoria receives a letter from the president he treats her with precisely the same formality and no more.—Washington Star.

Strength of Men and Ants.

An ant three-eighths of an inch long, carrying a burden of one-sixth of a grain, moves at the rate of one mile in eleven hours. This weight—a small one compared with what they sometimes carry—is eighteen times their own. In carrying this weight they compare with a man 5½ feet high, weighing 140 pounds, carrying a ton and a half of lead from St. Louis to Jefferson City and back again in twenty-two and a half hours.—St. Louis Republic.

DRUGS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, AT LOWEST PRICES.

Prescriptions and Family Receipts filled lower than the lowest. They have but ONE PRICE. Give them a call and they will save you money every time.

Orders by Mail Will Receive Prompt Attention.

SMITH BROS., The Leading Druggists

Cor. I and Tulare Sts., Fresno.

TESTIMONIAL.

Fresno, Cal, August 12, 1891.

Messers. Kellett & Brown, Fresno, Cal. —GENTLEMAN: Some four months since I was prevailed upon to try your Paradise Oil for the relief of a severe attack of neuralgia in the head, from which I was then suffering, the usual remedies having no effect. Two applications of Paradise Oil caused the pain to cease, and up to the present time I have no recurrence of it. Respectfully yours,

EDWARD FOX.

The Pleasures of Maturer Age.

Young people in this country are very apt to think that the world and its pleasures belong to them alone, that the outlook for older people is colorless and uninteresting, and that, at the best, they can only enjoy life vicariously through their children. This is, however, by no means the case; the sense of enjoyment is as keen, in most instances, at fifty as at twenty-five, and vastly more appreciative. To be sure, that which would constitute the pleasures of one age would not be exactly the kind which would suit another.

"I do not envy you a bit," said a dear old lady of seventy, as her granddaughters presented themselves in all the bravery of their fine attire before going to the ball. "I have my pleasures, too, and I would not exchange my comfortable seat before the blazing fire with my feet on the fender and a good novel for all of your anticipated triumphs."

Young people are really too full of themselves to enjoy thoroughly an abstract idea, too brimming over with their own personality to enter entirely into the spirit of art, music or the mystic beauty of nature. Only those who have learned that "flesh and blood cannot inherit the kingdom" can feel the keen intellectual enjoyment that is warped by no personal bias, no restless self seeking; and whatever may be the glory of youth, to it is not given the fuller and higher appreciation that only comes with maturer years.—New York Tribune.

Unsold Books in Paris.

Parisians—if we are to judge from some statistics published—do not take so kindly at present to fiction in book form. Formerly the yellow covered novel, which costs usually about half a crown or a little more when just issued, was to be seen on every table and in the hands of numerous travelers by boat, rail or car. There is now, however, a crisis threatened in the book trade, and novels are at a considerable discount.

It is estimated that there are from fifteen to twenty popular authors whose books fill the requirements of the publishers. To attain this end at least thirty thousand copies of a work must be sold. Zola and a few others reach this point easily, but it has happened lately that one of the most celebrated of the latter-day fictionists had the misfortune to find that 45,000 copies of his last production were returned to the publishers by the Maison Hachette, which has the monopoly of railway bookstalls.

Of a splendidly bound book by a famous author, ornamented with designs by eminent artists and advertised in the most extensive and elaborate manner, only one copy was got off. Of another work of the same description, but less expensive, only six copies were sold, the remainder being handed over at a ridiculous price to the secondhand booksellers on the quays. It is stated furthermore that one publisher in Paris has now on hand 2,000,000 volumes which he cannot sell.—London Telegraph.

The Mystery of Inheritance.

The body of an individual animal or plant is to be regarded, from the point of view of heredity, as consisting of two distinct elements. These are germ cells and body cells, the former devoted to the important work of reproducing the race, the latter constituting the actual bodily material, and discharging all the ordinary functions through which the individual life is maintained. Inheritance is a matter of the continuity of the germ plasm or germ cells, which are handed down from one generation to another in cumulative ratio, carrying with them in each case not the features and qualities of the one predecessor and parent, but of all preceding generations.

Assuming that the germ plasm is liable to exhibit variations, we can see how and why such variations can be transmitted to new generations; but we have also to take into account the influence on the germ cells of the body to which they belong. While, then, inheritance preserves through the continuity of the germ cells the stability of the race, it gives the rein to variation, and by the combined influences of environment acting on the body of the individual peoples the world with new and ever varying forms of life.—Dr. Alexander Wilson in Harper's.

An Easy Lesson.

There were two very young women—aged five or thereabouts and exactly of a size. One had long yellow curls tumbling about her round pink face and big, wide blue eyes that looked fearlessly at everything. The other was fair, too, but her eyes were dark and timid and there were little nervous whirls in her silky black locks. The pair were trotting along the wide pave of an uptown residence street at about 6 o'clock in the afternoon. After three blocks of it Miss Blue Eyes said, in just her mamma's tone:

"Now, Bessie, dear, I must kiss you goodby. Your house is just around the corner and nothing will hurt you. There is a policeman right opposite; run home now, and be sure you come again soon. I have so enjoyed our talk about the dear little doggie and the dolls. Tell Julia my Estelle sends love to her, and come tomorrow. I am so glad always"—floating off in the middle of a sentence.

Bessie went around the corner all a-tremble, and probably got safe home. Half way across the block her companion heaved a deep, world weary sigh and said reflectively, "You just have to be polite—but say—ain't it awful tiresome sometimes!"—New York Recorder.

No Deformed Chinamen.

"Did you ever see a deformed or crippled Chinaman?" asked a gentleman. There was a negative reply, and the questioner continued: "I don't think you ever will. If a Chinese child is born deformed it is made away with as soon as possible. Just how the babe is killed I do not know, but it is never permitted to live. You may travel all over the world and you will never see a crippled Chinaman. When an accident befalls one of them he is made away with too. This is a part of their religion, and they adhere to it closely."—Washington Post.

Timber Culture, Final Proof, Notice for Publication.

U. S. Land Office at Visalia, Cal., July 2, 1891.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Alexander Campbell, Selma, Cal., has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Register and Receiver at his office in Visalia, Cal., on Wednesday, the 28th day of October, 1891, on timber culture application No. 1736, for the NE quarter of section No. 15, in township No. 15 S, range No. 22 E.

He names as witnesses: Colin S. Campbell of Selma, Cal.; Frederick C. Stillman of Selma, Cal.; Thomas M. Hancock of Huron, Cal., William Ely of Selma, Cal.

jy10 6w M. J. WRIGHT, Register.

Notice.

U. S. Land Office, Visalia, Cal., August 31, 1891.

COMPLAINT HAVING BEEN ENTERED AT this office by L. SHERMAN against John Thompson for abandoning his homestead entry No 7273, dated August 31, 1889, upon the NE¼ of section 24, township 13 south, range 17 east, in Fresno county, Cal., with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 17th day of October, 1891 at 10 o'clock a.m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

se1 6w R. L. FREEMAN, Receiver.

JENNIE T. LEONARD, M. D. PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Mariposa and K streets. Room 8, next to Dr. Rowell's. Special attention given to obstetrics and diseases of women and children.

Notice of Application for Duplicate of Certificate of Purchase.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AT 1 o'clock p.m. of Tuesday, the 15th day of September, 1891, at the office of the surveyor General of the State of California, at Sacramento, California, the undersigned, Robert C. Thom, of Kings River, Fresno county, California, will make the proof required by law, and will apply to the Honorable the said Surveyor General for a duplicate of a certain certificate of purchase, No. 4 S issued to one Edward P. Prothero for said surveyor general on the 25th day of April, 1890, for the south half of the northwest quarter of section 17, township 14 south, range 23 east, Mount Diablo base and meridian, swamp and overflowed lands of the state of California, situate in the said county of Fresno.

That said Robert C. Thom claims to be the owner of said certificate of purchase and that the same has been lost and destroyed and is beyond his control.

(Signed) ROBERT C. THOM,

Dated August 14, 1891.

Goucher, Jacobs & Jones, Attorneys for Applicant.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS ARE INVITED FOR constructing a levee on and near Kings river in Fresno and Tulare counties, along the line of lower Kings river reclamation district No. 531.

The work must be done in first-class manner in every respect, all trees on the line of levee to be dug out, the ground plowed and only clean earth used for embankment.

Each bid must be for a single section of the levee, but the same person may make several bids, and all work must be completed before January 1, 1892.

The work will be paid for in warrants upon the funds of the district in the county treasury.

For all further particulars bidders are referred to the office of F. A. Blakely, secretary of the board of trustees of the district, in Hanford, Tulare county, where specifications, surveys, maps and plans of the work may be seen.

All bids must be made and contracts will be let by the cubic yard of earth put into the levee, the amounts to be determined by measurements made by the engineer of the district.

All contracts made must contain all such stipulations, provisions and conditions as may be deemed requisite to protect the interests of the district, and all work must be done according to the surveys, plans and specifications made by the engineer of the district, and under his supervision and to his satisfaction.

Bids will be opened and contracts awarded at Hanford on the 23d day of September, A. D. 1891.

The board of trustees reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

TIMOTHY PAIGE,
DON RAY,
D. W. PARKHURST,
Trustees of said District.

Hanford, August 27, 1891.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Stockton, Cal., August 28, 1891.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before A. C. Williams, clerk of the superior court of Fresno county, at Fresno, Cal., on Monday, October 19, 1891, at 11 a.m., viz: John F. Mahoney, of Fresno, Fresno county, on Homestead Application No. 4966, for the W½ of NW¼ and lots 5 and 6 of section 25 and lot 9 of section 26, township 11 south, range 20 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Elmer E. Redfield, Frank Joseph, Thomas Kennedy, James Sweeney, all of Fresno, Fresno county.

se1 6w GEO. A. McKENZIE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office, Visalia, Cal., August 19, 1891.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver at Visalia, Cal., on December 15, 1891, viz: Barton R. Collins, preemption D. S. 10676, for the NE¼ of section 35, township 13 south, range 11 east, 160 acres.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: M. J. Blackwell, of Los Banos P. O., Charles E. Beck, of Firebaugh's P. O., C. W. Ward, of Los Banos P.O., S. H. Beck, of Los Banos P.O.

au26 6w M. J. WRIGHT, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Visalia, Cal., August 28, 1891.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at Visalia, on December 15, 1891, viz: Charles E. Beck, preemption D. S. 10658, for the NE¼ of section 19, township 18 south of range 12 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Martin V. Curl, of Firebaugh, Barton R. Collins, of Los Banos, John K. Campbell, of Firebaugh, Charles W. Ward, of Los Banos.

au29 6w M. J. WRIGHT, Register.

Notice—Timber Culture.

U. S. Land Office Visalia, Cal., August 17, 1891.

COMPLAINT HAVING BEEN ENTERED AT this office by J. R. Tilton, of Fresno, Cal., against Wm. S. Runyon for failure to comply with laws to Timber Culture Entry No. 1526, dated March 7 1887 upon the NE¼ of section 1, township 15 south, range 12 east, M. D. M. in Fresno county, Cal., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that said Runyon did not plow five acres of said land in the second or third years, and has never at any time planted seeds nor trees thereon, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 2d day of October, 1891, at 10 o'clock a.m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure. R. L. FREEMAN, Receiver.

au21 6w

Notice of Insolvency.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE COUNTY of Fresno, State of California

In the matter of FERNANDO MICHEL, an Insolvent debtor

Fernando Michel having filed in this Court his petition, schedule and inventory in insolvency, by which it appears that he is an insolvent debtor the said Fernando Michel is hereby declared to be insolvent. J. M. Hensley, the sheriff of the said county of Fresno, is hereby appointed receiver and directed to take possession and charge of all the estate, real and personal of the said Fernando Michel, debtor, except such as may be by law exempt from execution, and of all his deeds, vouchers, books of account and papers, and to keep and to care for and dispose of the same until the appointment of an assignee, and to file herein his oath of office as such receiver. And all persons are forbidden to pay any debts to the said insolvent or to deliver any property belonging to him or to any person, firm or corporation or association for his use. The said debtor is hereby forbidden to transfer or deliver any property until the further order of this court, except as herein ordered.

It is further ordered that all the creditors of said debtor be and appear before the Honorable S. A. Holmes, judge of the superior court of the said county of Fresno, in open court, at the court room of said court, in the said county of Fresno, on the 19th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a.m. of that day, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of the estate of said debtor.

It is further ordered that this order be published in the Fresno Republican, a newspaper of general circulation, published in the said county of Fresno, as often as the said paper is published before the said day set for the meeting of the creditors.

And it is further ordered that, in the meantime, all proceedings against the said insolvent be stayed.

Dated August 12, 1891.

M. K. HARRIS,
Judge of Superior Court

C. G. LAMBERSON, Att'y for Insolvent.

au14 6w

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Visalia, Cal., August 3, 1891.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before A. C. Williams, county clerk of Fresno county, Cal., at Fresno, Cal., on October 27, 1891, viz: Frank L. Beckwith pre emption D. S. 10607, for the SW¼ section 5, township 15 south, range 17 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Samuel Bowen, Theodore Willard, H. R. Griggs, Arthur G. Bollinger, all of Whites Bridge, Fresno county, Cal.

au25 6w M. J. WRIGHT, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Visalia, Cal., August 8, 1891.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office at Visalia, Cal., on December 4, 1891, viz: Robert Davis Homestead No. 7464, for the NW¼ section 22, township 16 south, range 14 east, M. D. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Ole Estjornson, Jacob Wolf, George H. Fredericks, J. F. Cadogan, all of Whites Bridge, Fresno county, Cal.

au25 6w M. J. WRIGHT, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Visalia, Cal., August 11, 1891.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before S. A. Holmes, superior judge of Fresno county, at Fresno, Cal., on November 2, 1891, viz: Milton C. Davison, Homestead No. 5172, for the SW¼ section 31, township 15 south, range 15 east, M. D. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: C. O. Oaks, of Fresno, Cal., Frank Hart of Fresno, Cal., A. N. Crawford, of Whites Bridge, Cal., R. Y. Allen, of Whites Bridge, Cal.

au28 6w M. J. WRIGHT, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Visalia, Cal., August 11, 1891.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before S. A. Holmes, superior judge of Fresno county, at Fresno, Cal., on November 2, 1891, viz: Daniel C. Davison, Homestead No. 5173, for the NW¼ section 31, township 15 south, range 15 east, M. D. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: C. O. Oakes, of Fresno, Cal., Frank Hart, of Fresno, Cal., A. N. Crawford, of Whites Bridge, Cal., R. Y. Allen, of Whites Bridge, Cal.

au28 6w M. J. WRIGHT, Register.

TRUE PETROLEUM.

Great Strike of Oil in the Coast Range.

PROSPECTING STILL CONTINUES

A Los Angeles Company Taps the Oleaginous Deposit and Will Develop It.

"It was at a depth of 295 feet, in a 6-inch well," said W. H. Childers, of Coalinga, yesterday, "that the oil was found near our place. The oil is not the gummy stuff found in many places, notably in Ventura county, but the true petroleum. It has a slightly green color to it, but burns in a lamp, with a little smoke. I am satisfied that when refined, which is impossible with the southern oil, it will have no superior as a burning fluid. It is the true stuff.

WHERE LOCATED.

"The site of the well is two miles west of Coalinga and six miles north. It is in low foothills, on which scarcely any timber grows, save a scattering juniper. It is, perhaps, among the most barren and uninviting looking of land in the county. The land surrounding the company's property is owned by sheepmen, principally Frenchmen.

"The operations for oil have been conducted by a company composed of Los Angeles men, of whom State Senator R. B. Carpenter is one. He has been on the ground and is greatly elated over the strike, as are, indeed, all who have any connection with it. They think they have a big thing.

WILL THOROUGHLY DEVELOP.

"Just as soon as the strike had been made the company ordered machinery and plant by telegraph and are getting into condition to develop the property in a scientific and thorough manner.

"The company began operations about two months ago, paid their way promptly and made no fuss. A week ago they received six carloads of machinery and three large oil tanks, probably thirty feet in diameter, such as they use in Pennsylvania oil fields, are being erected, about twenty men in all being employed.

FLOW OF THE WELL.

"The flow is quite good, probably ten or twelve barrels a day, judging by the eye. Until the tanks are completed and put in place, the oil will be allowed to run down the gulch as it does now. When disturbed the well flows very heavily, pouring out oil like a geyser. They do not needlessly disturb it now, but propose to enlarge it at once to sixteen inches in diameter and will then pipe the oil to Coalinga, the more readily to handle it. The company was in earnest from the beginning and is evidently bent on developing the region for the money that is in it."

This is one of the most important discoveries ever made in this county. It means the addition of millions to the wealth of the coast. That oil existed in this region has long been known and was demonstrated by the fact that the San Joaquin Coal company has been skimming enough of the surface of various sinks to supply their engines with lubricant, but up to now no one had made a systematic effort at development.

There is no doubt whatever that a great oil belt exists on the east side of the Coast range and that there will grow up a great industry.

Some San Francisco oil men, A. C. Dietz & Co., have filed many oil claims in that section and they will probably begin operations as soon as the permanent success of the present well is established.

NATURAL GAS.

Natural gas has long been known to exist over there, and the Los Angeles people have been driving their engines and drills by the gas that they have been able to catch as it leaked out from crevices and cracks in the earth. This is an indication of what will follow exploiting for this best and cheapest of fuel.

The site of these important operations is about fifty five miles from Fresno, not too great a distance by any means to pipe oil and gas, the former to be refined and shipped here, and the latter to furnish cheap fuel for manufacturing enterprises. Viewed from any standpoint, this is a most important matter for Fresno and may have a tremendous influence upon its future growth and development.

THE LOSS BY SUNBURN.

Mr Reese Places It as High as 30 Per Cent.

J. W. Reese, writing to THE REPUBLICAN, says: "Almost six weeks ago I gave it as my opinion that the raisin crop would be cut short fully 25 per cent by the hot wave in July. Now, since the crop is half gathered, or more, I can inform you, without fear of successful contradiction, that the loss will be more than 30 per cent. One vineyardist, who is just finishing up 100 acres, tells me that the yield is fifty tons short of what he expected when he commenced picking. Nearly all the vineyards throughout the county will show about the same results."

70-POUND WATERMELON.

West Park Furnishes the Largest Watermelon of the Season

There have been many splendid specimens of watermelons brought into the Fresno market this season. A few days since our evening contemporary spoke of having received a melon that weighed fifty-six pounds. THE REPUBLICAN can now discount this by nearly forty per cent. On yesterday Benjamin Dore of West Park colony, who has brought to Fresno so much excellent fruit this season, placed on the desk of this office a watermelon of the Cuban Queen variety that weighs a full seventy pounds. It is splendidly shaped and sound as a dollar. What county can show a melon of equal size?

HE WANTED CLOTHES,

And After Stealing Them He Fought to Retain Them.

Before Recorder Laning yesterday Ed Silva was arraigned on a charge of petit larceny. He was charged with stealing a pair of overalls from Tom Burdick's saloon on Front street. After getting possession of them, the owner came up and demanded them. Silva refused to give them up and fought hard to retain them.

He was quickly found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of $40 or remain in the sheriff's charge for twenty days. He chose to do time for his punishment and is doing labor with the chaingang.

POSTAL BUSINESS HEAVY.

Mr. Moodey Reports Lively Times in His Office.

Postmaster Moodey reports that there is a very decided improvement in business, judging by the enormous increase in mail matter. The force, which was inadequate before, is now kept unusually busy, and the volume of business is constantly increasing.

The first change in business is always felt in the postoffice. It is the best possible barometer of trade and Mr. Moodey's report is a very encouraging and hopeful one. Trade is improving and the population is increasing.

THE SAN JOAQUIN BRIDGE.

Doe, Hunt & Co. Will Build It for the Mountain Road.

L. B. Doe and R. Hunt, of the well known firm of Doe, Hunt & Co., San Francisco, came down on yesterday morning's train and at daylight proceeded to Hamptonville to make measurements for the bridge of the Mountain railroad over the San Joaquin. They were accompanied by Major Osmun, secretary of the company, and Mr. Baron, the chief engineer.

The bridge will be located below the Jenny Lind bridge, directly opposite the old quarry and leading into Cottonwood gulch, up which the line will be built. It will be 800 feet long, with two piers in the river, and be forty feet above the water level.

It will be a most substantial wooden trust bridge and will be completed as rapidly as possible.

The graders on the road were working in front of J. W. Brown's house, at what is known as Brown's station of the North Fork Lumber company, yesterday, and the contractors are pushing the work. The next move will bring the graders to the plains overlooking the San Joaquin, where a large camp will be established, as heavy work will have to be done. They hope to have the road graded and ironed to the San Joaquin by October 1.

TEACHERS' ASSIGNED.

THE BOARD COMPLETES THIS WORK YESTERDAY.

High School Located in the K-Street School — Assigning Pupils.

The board of education held a meeting yesterday afternoon for the purpose of locating the high school and assigning teachers. All the members were present save Mr. Vincent, who is out of town.

It was decided that the high school should be located in the K-street school and in accordance with this decision the following assignment of teachers was made:

K-street—First grade Miss Senter, second grade Miss Steinmetz, third grade Miss Fernald, fourth grade Miss Anderson, fifth grade Miss Pieffer, sixth grade Mr. Lane, seventh grade Miss Nicholson, eighth grade Miss Gilmore.

Central — First grade Miss Sledge, Miss Sledge, Miss Somers, second grade Mrs. Roberts, Miss Williams, third grade Miss Booth, fourth grade Miss Hawkins, fifth grade Miss Gertie Rowell, sixth grade Miss Cora Rowell, seventh grade Miss Pendergrast, eighth grade Mr. Walters.

C-street—First grade Miss Pool, Miss Norton, second grade Miss Henry, third grade Miss Gilmore, fourth grade Miss Darling, fifth grade Mrs. Gois, sixth and seventh grades Mr. McLane.

Hadsell—First grade Miss Parsons.

It was further resolved that all pupils below the eighth grade west of the railroad should attend the C-street school; of the eighth grade, either Central or K-street school. East of the railroad the division line between Central and K-street schools will be Inyo street and Inyo avenue for first grades; for all other grades below the high school the division line will commence at the intersection of Fresno and Front streets and run thence to K street, thence to Tulare street and out Tulare street and Tulare avenue to the limits of the school district.

Students wishing to enter the high school should be at the K-street building Saturday morning at 9 o'clock. Any not able to be present may come at 8 o'clock Monday morning.

New pupils below the high school may also present themselves at the building Saturday morning.

There will be a meeting of city teachers at the Central building at 2 p.m. Saturday for general instructions.

Conditioned pupils should be present Monday in their former grades for promotion examination.

AN ARMY OF VISITORS.

MORE THAN EIGHT THOUSAND TICKETS SOLD

By the Southern Pacific Company During the Month of August.

Fresno is today the most important station on the line of the Southern Pacific railroad, between San Francisco and Los Angeles.

Traffic, both freight and passenger, is extremely heavy and Fresno county pays large sums of money monthly into the coffers of the company.

Last year the products of this county actually shipped required a train of seventy-five cars for every working day of the year, or about 2250 cars.

What the importations amounted to no one knows, as the company has declined to furnish the figures, but they were very heavy and ran into the millions in value.

An idea of the business that is now being done may be gained by the fact that during the month of August alone the company sold 8400 tickets for the city of Fresno. In other words, the company landed at the passenger depot in this city 8400 whose tickets expired here.

This would give an average daily arrival of 271 persons.

These figures do not include commercial travelers and others holding through tickets and taking "stop-overs" here, nor persons with tickets for points on the Fresno division, who are compelled to lay over here to wait for connections.

The passenger business is so heavy in and out of this city that the company has been compelled to put on an additional train agent to assist in collecting tickets. This special runs only between Tulare and Merced, to help out the regular train agent.

The company understands the advantageous location of this city and as shown elsewhere, contemplates further important improvements here, which, Mr. Crocker says, "Will make Fresno a second Chicago."

KICKED A STALLION

And Now He Is Nursing a Broken Leg.

Mr. Yancey, the Pine Ridge lumber man, came down from Toll House on Wednesday, driving his well known bay stallion. The animal was put in Henry's stables on J street. Yesterday morning John Lowery, employed in the stable, after watering the horse returned him to the stall, which the horse resented. Lowery raised his foot and kicked him on the leg to drive him in. He had no sooner done so than the horse kicked viciously at Lowery, hitting his right leg below the knee, making an ugly wound and badly breaking the bone. Lowery is an old man and will be laid up some time.

Home Again.

After a month's vacation on the coast, during which time he visited the principal galleries of San Francisco, Oakland and San Jose, W. A. Foster has returned improved in health and with new ideas in connection with photography. He has reopened his old gallery on I street, south of the Hughes hotel, and is determined to keep the lead by giving the best work for the lowest price.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

From the Daily of Sunday.

The chain gang is increasing in size.

There is plenty of work for the men.

Fresno is the great sanitarium of the state.

Uncle Billy Hutchinson's figures will not be disturbed by the state board of equalization.

The Herrmann Sons will hold a picnic at the fair grounds on October 11, in celebration of German day.

The receipts of the office of the collector from licenses amounted to $2258.10 during the month of August.

The board of directors of the Selma irrigation district are sitting as a board of equalization this week.

The outside towns of the county complain of the practice indulged in by the Fresno justices of floating tramps and vags.

Another 10-stamp mill has been put in operation on the Harbert mine in Coarse Gold gulch. It is now crushing rock.

The Fowler dramatic association recently gave a very creditable dramatic performance, but it wasn't the only representation of "The Flowing Bowl" in the county.

The friends of W. Laing Malcolmson will be pained to learn of the death of his wife yesterday at the Malcolmson vineyard. She had been ill for some time from a complication of diseases.

George Flournoy, the well known horseman, has bought the Wood place adjoining Straube's ranch at Wildflower It will be turned into a stock farm. The price paid was $100 an acre.

C. H. Nelson, near Selma, went out to look at his vineyard a day or two since and found that some one had been there ahead of him and had picked the grapes from about two acres of vines.

J. W. Martin of Fresno has been engaged by the Alliance of Hanford to conduct their raisin and dried fruit pack this fall. He has taken charge and the building is being prepared for operation.

The marriage of Samuel E. Owen to Miss Martha J. Lawrence was solemnized on Thursday by Rev. C. O. Steele of the Methodist Church South. The groom is 21 years of age and a native son, his wife is only 17 and a native of Michigan.

From the Daily of Tuesday.

Tomorrow is Labor day.

Blankets are comfortable now.

Delightful days and charming nights.

The packing houses are a busy sight.

Fresno is the liveliest city in California.

The summer exiles are rapidly returning.

Some public officials are too thick-skinned.

Drops of rain fell early yesterday morning.

Next year will be notable for street improvements.

One doesn't see so many straws now with men attached to them.

The county board of trade yesterday received some splendid specimens of fruit from J. Ed Hughes and Henry Davenhill.

Mrs. John H. Smith of Reedley died in that city of consumption on Tuesday night. Deceased had been married only about five months and leaves a deeply bereaved husband. She was a daughter of Dr. and Mrs. B. F. Day.

Says the County Review: "The Madera Athletic club had a meeting on Wednesday evening. Stock in the sum of $5000 was issued and the club will endeavor to be prepared to occupy the large room over the bank building as soon as completed. Work on the second story is being rapidly pushed."

From the Daily of Wednesday.

Fruit buyers should get together.

Raisin men are watching the weather.

The woods seemed full of railroad detectives.

The courts will be in operation a fortnight hence.

Newspaper wrappers should be more generally used.

The county has twenty-one more teachers than last year.

The county board have an immense amount of work before them at present.

Fresno's vital statistics are better than those of any city of its size in California.

John S. Dore has sent a splendid cluster of Thompson seedless grapes to the county board of trade.

Raisin shippers all over the state are complaining that a reduction of 5 cents a hundred, or $10 a car, is not enough to make them feel thankful.

Ollie Henry, the 11-year-old daughter of Robert Henry of North I street, was wounded in the hand on Monday by the accidental discharge of a revolver she was putting away.

The people of Selma and vicinity are moving in the matter of establishing a high school district under the new law. The necessary petition will be presented to the board of supervisors this month.

The Southern Pacific Railroad company has filed a demurrer to the complaint of San Diego county, in which it states in a general way that on the whole the tax laws of the state of California are unconstitutional.

The petition for calling an election to incorporate the town of Selma and surrounding country will come up before the board of supervisors this week. There being no protest in to the petition the board will have to call the election.

Yesterday Constables Frasier and Matheson dismissed all their deputies save two, Matheson retaining J. M. Inglis and John Dennis; and Frasier retaining Ike Walton and M. A. Blade. Deputies Wofford, Dumas, Doolittle and Ward lose their badges.

New filing cases have been placed in the office of the county superintendent of schools. They are of the finest make and will save much room and a great deal of time. The filing cases are large and in them the superintendent proposes to keep all things which pertain to the different districts.

The arguments in the Lower Kings River Water Ditch company vs. the Fresno Canal and irrigation company case are expected to be heard before Judge Cross this week at Visalia. It will be remembered that this case was on trial last June and consumed over a month.

Deciduous fruit shipments from California during the present season up to September 1 amounted to 1960 carloads, against 1600 carloads at the same date last year. This represents approximately $475,000 paid to the railroad companies for transportation.

Dr. Gardner's lectures before the Unity Society will be resumed at the Barton opera house on Monday evening, September 20. Dr. Gardner delivered an address on Sunday evening in San Francisco, and on next Monday evening he and Dr. M. J. Savage will be the guests of the Unitarian society of San Francisco.

On Thursday of last week a fire broke out near the old Millerton road, at Coarse Gold, and burned over about 5000 acres of land before it was extinguished. The fences of Fred and William Ninnis, Peterson, Strombeck, D. R. McKenzie and John Krohn were destroyed. The hoisting works and about seventy cords of wood at the Texas Flat mine, owned by John Krohn, were also burned.

From the Daily of Thursday.

Remember the fair.

The hotels are all filled.

Not many idle men left.

Dove hunting is in order.

Blankets are in demand.

Mine booming is an art.

Bernhardt next Tuesday.

Guard against timber fires.

Good lawn tennis weather.

The doctors are not happy.

Raisins are not curing fast.

The hot weather has broken.

Insurance rates are too high.

The park never looked better.

Lots more of school children.

The oil industry is looking up.

No city franchises for Chinese.

Fine stationery is the latest fad.

The superior court is itself again.

Manager Pyke is booming things.

Try a star brevity advertisement.

The summer exiles are returning.

Lower freight rates are demanded.

The schools will open on Monday.

The Pine Ridge flume is not dead.

The health of the city is excellent.

The Salvation army is rather noisy.

California as a state is 42 years old.

Travel to and from Fresno is heavy.

Repair the crossing at Mono street.

No more hay market on the square.

Exceedingly quiet in the court house.

Fresno's mines will come to the front.

Snow will soon appear on the mountains.

Little fancy raisin packing done this season.

The water will soon be out of the canals.

Court work will begin in earnest on Tuesday.

County offices and courts were closed yesterday.

Lots of people daily visit the board of trade rooms.

The chaingang at the court house park is still large.

The street sprinkler should not become discouraged.

Judge Crichton devoted himself to bookkeeping yesterday and cleaning up.

The milling company have closed down for a few days while a new engine is being put in.

The one week old child of Ah Sun was buried yesterday from Taylor's undertaking establishment.

Says the Modesto News: "The Fresnoites have secured the actress Sara Bernhardt for one night, as a means of advertising their town. Fresno plays for points."

J. E. Chapin of Whisky creek has sent to the board of trade a box of egg prunes which judges pronounce the finest ever seen in this county. They are attracting much attention.

Maggie Carreia died on Tuesday at the home of her parents, No. 1543 F street, of heart trouble. The girl was a native of Portugal and a little over 11 years of age. The remains were buried yesterday.

Thirteen electric clocks are now in use in Fresno. When two more are added a central control clock will be put in the office of the Western Union Telegraph company and the clocks be set every hour.

R. P. Pauline and two other Fresno gentlemen have recently purchased 160 acres of land two miles from Tulare and will soon move to that city. Mr. Pauline has for two years past been the superintendent of the Butler vineyard.

A number of citizens of the extreme eastern portion of the Selma irrigation district are getting up a petition to be taken into the Alila district for the reason that they have high land that cannot be watered from the canals on this side of Kings river.

From the Daily of Friday.

The Women's Christian Temperance Union will meet this afternoon at 3 o'clock at Methodist social hall.

John Garhett, the fellow who fired a shot into John Murray's leg some weeks or more ago, has been held in $500.

Captain Mace is contemplating the erection of a new brick block adjoining the Yosemite hotel on Yosemite avenue in Madera.

The military list with 2500 Fresno people named thereon, has been forwarded to the secretary of state and the high military authorities.

George Williams, Dan Smith and Thomas Edwards were locked up yesterday at the request of Officer Smith, who charged them with vagrancy.

The board of directors of the Madera irrigation district, sitting as a board of equalization, had but little to do in settling complaints about assessments.

The infant son of A. W. Petrea, the Toll House stage driver, died at the family residence, Toll House, on Wednesday. Its remains were interred at Pine Ridge.

Frank Williams, for disobeying the orders of the supervisors in relation to conversing with the prisoners in the county jail, is to answer the charge before Judge Crichton?

A rate war is going on between the Southern Pacific company and Piper, Alden & Co., owners of the Sunol, and the result is that passengers are riding to Vallejo for 25 cents.

The railroad men say that tramps are more numerous along the line of the Southern Pacific railroad through the San Joaquin valley than they have ever been known to be before.

W. D. Reyburn and Miss Minnie E. Shortridge were married at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Shortridge, on Dry Creek, by Rev. C. Yager on Wednesday.

W. T. Slaughter, aged 30 years, who had been employed by the Sanger Flume company died at that place on Wednesday after a brief illness. His remains were interred at Centerville yesterday.

A warrant was issued yesterday by Recorder Laning for the arrest of George Reed, who is wanted for stealing a hat from Bernum's saloon on the west side. He will plead to the charge of petit larceny.

John Morrison got drunk yesterday and was raising considerable hilarity on the west side. He was having too much fun and Officer Walsh locked him up on a double charge of drunkenness and vagrancy.

Buckskin Bill, an Indian, who has been in jail a good many times, was again arrested yesterday on a telegram from Constable Doc Green of Madera. It is understood that Buckskin is charged with robbery, for having taken money from a squaw.

On Tuesday last Rev. W. H. Martin performed a marriage ceremony for Milo Estes and Cora B. Hart of Visalia. The former is a native of Michigan and at 29 is six years the senior of his bride, who is a native New Yorker.

Camp meeting is in progress at Academy. Revs. Hunsaker, Oately and Neate have been doing the preaching. Several other ministers are expected during the week, among them Bishop O. P. Fitzgerald of San Francisco. He will remain over Sunday.

The marriage of Judson D. Jacobin of Kings river to Miss Nellie E. Denissten was solemnized on Wednesday by Rev. W. H. Martin of the Christian church. The groom is a native of New York and 35 years of age, while the bride is a native daughter and only 19 years old.

As an item of news it may be stated that subscriptions due THE REPUBLICAN will be gladly received at any time. There is no better time than now to close up newspaper accounts.

The Griffin-Skelley company yesterday shipped the first car of London layers for the season. This was as nice fruit as ever left the state, and was packed with unusual care.

Says the Selma Irrigator: "Miss Gertrude Hawthorn came down from Fresno last night to see about taking charge of the postal telegraph office here. Mr. Morris, who has been in charge of the office ever since it was established, has tendered his resignation and will seek other work."

The three fellows who were arrested by Officer Smith for stealing second-hand clothing are in jail awaiting a trial today.

PERSONAL.

From the Daily of Saturday.

Jacob Clark was up from Selma yesterday.

Coroner and Mrs. E. E. Brown were up from Selma yesterday.

Miss Clara Boyd of Tulare county is a guest of Mrs. G. B. McIntosh.

Constable Orr of Delano was in the city on official business yesterday.

Charles Halstead, the Dry Creek merchant, spent yesterday in the city.

Mrs. G. A. Clarke is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Shuler, at Traver.

Return Roberts and wife came down from Madera last evening and are at the Hughes.

Mrs. A. J. Lyons and children of Villa addition have returned home after an absence of two months.

Miss Nellie Gilmore, one of the teachers in the C-street school, returned yesterday from her summering in the mountains. She has gained strength from the rest and is about ready to return to her work.

From the Daily of Sunday.

Miss Daisy Roundtree of Felton visited her cousin, Mrs. J. W. Ferguson, this week.

T. J. Brennan, of the Fresno mining district on San Joaquin, is in the city. He reports that the mining industry is picking up.

Miss Eva Turner left yesterday for Bereda, where her school will open on Monday.

Justice Arch McDonald left this morning for his home in Fresno Flats, after a month in the city presiding for Judge Prince.

Mrs. W. Jensen and daughter, who have been spending the summer at Pacific Grove, returned to their home in Letcher Thursday.

From the Daily of Tuesday.

W. L. Childers of Coalinga is in the city.

E. H. Tucker was up from Selma yesterday.

Justice Shannon of Kingsburg is in the city.

J. E. Ward of Modesto is at the Hughes.

John Krohn of Coarse Gold Gulch is in the city.

Editor Dewey of the Sanger Herald was in town yesterday.

O. O. Felkner, daughter and son of Vacaville are at the Hughes.

James McCardle came down from his mill on Pine Ridge yesterday.

J. Luther Bowen of Madera is in the city, a guest at the Grand Central.

Mr. and Mrs. L. O. Breeden of Sanger are visiting their former home at Pomona this week.

Miss Della Bozeman of Selma returned last evening from San Francisco and is at the Grand Central.

W. H. Smith, late of Grass Valley, has come to Fresno to locate. He will engage in the confectionery business.

Mrs. L. M. Baird of this city has left San Francisco for a few days stay at Rural Health retreat in Napa county.

J. T. Pyott of Wildflower has gone to San Francisco to pursue his art studies in the School of Design. He is an artist of much promise.

Master Tracy R. Kelly, son of Rev. D. O. Kelly, has gone to San Mateo to enter St. Matthews hall, Rev. Dr. Brewer's military school for boys and young men.

Miss Rena M. Smith, who has been visiting her cousin, N. J. Hutchison, left last evening for Tulare. Miss Smith came to California over a year ago on an extended visit. She is much pleased with northern and central California and intends visiting Los Angeles, after which she will return to her home in Plankington, S. D.

From the Daily of Thursday.

S. A. Yancey is down from Toll House.

A. Heilbron of New York is in the city.

W. B. Good was up from Selma yesterday.

H. C. Smith of Sanger registers at the Hughes.

Return Roberts is down from Madera, at the Grand Central.

John Hutchinson is visiting at Irvington, Alameda county.

C. W. Gearhart is spending a brief season in San Francisco.

Sheriff Hensley has returned from a short trip to the mountains.

H. G. Sturtevant is in the city interviewing the hardware dealers.

C. H. Wolcott, the insurance man, has returned from a visit to Stockton.

William M. Hammerschlag of Newark, N. J., is registered at the Hughes.

Constable Stoll of Reedley was in town yesterday accompanied by his wife.

J. H. Whitehead returned yesterday evening from a trip to San Francisco.

Mrs. Ella Rube and Miss May Blackwell are in San Francisco on a short visit.

W. R. Harvey, of the Great American Tea company, is in Sanger on business.

Judge Prince left yesterday morning for San Francisco on a brief business trip.

Allen Goucher, the son of the senator, arrived last evening on the midnight train.

J. M. Furnish, deputy constable of Lemoore, is in the city on a visit to his brother.

Van Buren Cobb was in the city yesterday from his home on the San Joaquin river.

Bishop Fitzgerald of the Methodist Church South was expected last night from San Francisco.

H. A. Williams, of Williams, Brown & Co., is in the city looking after his large raisin interests.

J. M. Proctor, M.D., of Petaluma, is in the city, the guest of F. P. Wickersham at the Grand Central.

Dr. John S. Potts of San Jose left this morning for his home, after a short visit with Dr. W. T. Maupin.

Stanley Ponton again shows his countenance on the streets of Fresno. He is still visiting "the trade."

W. P. Barton, representing the Pacific Insurance Union, is in the city making surveys and observations.

Mrs. S. H. Redden is dangerously ill with brain fever at her home on the corner of San Joaquin and L streets.

Judge M. K. Harris returned last evening from San Francisco, where he was called by the sickness of his wife.

J. E. Ward, cashier of the First National bank at Modesto, spent yesterday in the city. He went to Traver last evening.

Special Officer J. E. Ragsdale and family returned last night from San Francisco, where they have been since Friday.

The family of W. H. Hodgkins arrived last evening to join Mr. Hodgkins, who recently purchased the Goodman vineyard, east of the city.

Miss Cora Summers, one of the teachers at the Central building, returned last night from Oakland, where she has been spending the summer.

Miss Celia Williams, one of the teachers of the K street school, returned last evening from her vacation which she has spent in Oregon and Washington.

Deputy Sheriff W. J. Pickett returned yesterday morning from Temperance Flat, where he went to summons witnesses in the Sullivan and Leachy cases.

Mrs. Robert Barton returned yesterday from Los Angeles, where she has been for a month or more. She left this morning for San Francisco, but expects to return here within a few days.

William G. Barnum, the well known West Side caterer, will today leave for Pine Ridge, where he will spend ten days or two weeks. He leaves his business in the hands of Bert Campbell.

Misses Mollie and Hattie McLeran returned on the midnight train from San Francisco and Oakland where they have been spending their summer vacation. Both ladies will begin teaching school near Selma on September 14.

D. E. McCarthy of San Jose has been spending a few days in the city visiting his partner, John Noon of the Bodega, the firm being Noon & McCarthy. He has visited the colonies and vineyards and is charmed with the outlook.

Leopold Gundelfinger, cashier of the Bank of Central California, is now at Lake Tahoe, where he will remain ten days or two weeks. He met his wife near there on her return from the east and they went to the lake together.

David S. Jordan of the Stanford university, has advised Superintendent Kirk that he will attend the Fresno teachers' institute and lecture on "Agassiz as a Teacher," and also on the value of higher education. Professor Barnes will also be here at that time.

Bishop A. G. Haygood of Georgia is expected here next week from his present station at Los Angeles. He comes for the purpose of seeing the county and to dedicate the new edifice of the Methodist Church South at Sanger, which will be done on Sunday morning, September 20.

From the Daily of Friday.

Jeff Rodgers is down from Madera.

F. J. Crank is again somewhat indisposed.

S. N. Griffith is at the Palace, San Francisco.

J. R. Chambers of New Zealand is at the Hughes.

David Gorman of New South Wales is at the Hughes.

Constable J. M. Qualls is visiting friends in Sanger.

Mrs. Raines is visiting Academy and Humphrey's mill.

H. K. Lemon was up from Selma yesterday on business.

George A. Murphy, of Phoenix, Ariz., is at the Grand Central.

Frank H. Webster is down from Minturn on a business trip.

Constable J. A. King of Kingsburg was in the city yesterday.

P. B. Donahoo left yesterday noon for San Francisco on business.

G. P. Josephian, the tailor, left for San Francisco on business.

Deputy Constable Warren Hill came over from Sanger yesterday.

Chris Ryer is at his old home in Stockton visiting former friends.

Sheriff Hensley returned yesterday from a trip to the mountains.

Rev. C. O. Steele and Judge Baley have been visiting Academy.

Miss May Blackwell returned last evening from a business trip to the city.

J. H. Whited was up to see Kate Castleton and her comedians on Wednesday evening.

G. W. McClure, a Los Angeles insurance man, is in the city on company business.

Marcus Pollasky of the San Joaquin Valley railroad, reached New York last evening.

L. E. Walker, representative of the Santa Fe, has returned to the city from a short trip.

Mrs. D. Q. Adams, a well known and wealthy lady of Woodland, is at the Grand Central.

Harris Baldwin, of Prescott, Ariz., arrived in the city yesterday and is a guest at the Hughes.

Constable Lee Phillips is exceedingly sick at his home in Sanger. He is not expected to live.

Ed Vogelsang, the representative of peace and order in Huron, was in the city yesterday on business.

Frank Pasmore says he will hereafter post himself on the apple crop so he may know whether to buy raisins.

J. P. Vincent and family returned on the evening train last night from their summer outing at Pacific Grove.

Major Gil Osmun, secretary of the San Joaquin Valley railroad company, made a visit to Hamptonville yesterday.

Thomas E. Hughes is recuperating at the Baldwin, San Francisco. So are Judge Prince and C. W. Callahan.

Wave Bradford of San Francisco is in the city to look at his vineyard near town. He is at the Grand Central.

Phil Kennedy, the well known traveling man from San Francisco, autographed on the Grand Central register last evening.

L. O. Shephens, of Stephens & Bean, undertakers, has returned from a visit to Woodland. He was accompanied by his family.

Misses Mollie and Hattie McLeran left on last evening's train for Selma, where their schools will begin on Monday next.

Mrs. E. Davis, who has been staying with the family of A. W. Packard. West Park colony, returned here yesterday from a visit to San Francisco.

Rev. Philo Phelps, pastor of the Presbyterian church, has returned to the city after taking a month's rest on Pine Ridge. He will officiate on Sunday.

Thomas H. Thompson, the world's fair commissioner, came down from San Francisco yesterday morning and last evening continued to his home in Tulare.

E. S. Barney, formerly of THE REPUBLICAN, but now of San Leandro, is in the city. He is accompanied by Mrs. Barney and they are guests at the Grand Central.

D. G. Waldron of Crocker's Railway Gazette has returned from a trip over the Fresno division. He did a splendid business at Sanger, Reedley and Porterville.

H. F. Walter, brother to Hon. C. L. Walter, and recently elected one of the teachers of the Fresno city schools, came from the north last night and is a guest at the Hughes.

Miss Hilke, a sister of Miss Lena Hilke, a former teacher in the Fresno public schools, arrived in the city last evening to take charge next Monday of her school in the Madison district.

THE FRESNO DRIVING CLUB.

Additional Members Secured—A Handsome Surplus.

Secretary Ronck has secured the following additional members for the Fresno Driving club: E. S. Valentine, Collie P. Emmons, George Helm, W. Weaver, H. B. Watson, J. C. Collyer, E. A. Walrond, Louis Einstein, J. J. White, W. C. Guard and James Faylor.

The club will have a surplus of about $1000 and will be on a sound basis to carry out the original conditions upon which its organization was effected.

The badges will be of unique design in gold and blue enamel.

The committee in charge of the cuisine has about closed the contract to furnish a splendid lunch each day for the club members and their friends.

At a meeting held last evening by the executive committee of the Driving club a permanent organization was affected to be known as the Fresno Driving club.

The membership is now seventy-eight strong and composed of representative citizens of Fresno county.

The officers of the Fresno Driving club are: Dr. Lewis Leach, president; S. N. Straube, vice president; F. P. Wickersham, treasurer; J. M. Ronck, secretary, and directors, Leo F. Winchell, T. J. Hay and W. H. Paulsin.

A committee was appointed consisting of F. P. Wickersham, L. F. Winchell and W. H. Paulsin to provide badges, luncheon and service for members during the coming fair.

The rules of the club will be strictly enforced and no resident of Fresno county not a member of the club will be permitted to enjoy the privileges of the club.

Those of our citizens who are at all interested in the success of this club should make application for membership.

A SUMMER JAUNT.

Healthiest Village in the United States.

CRESTON HAS THAT DISTINCTION

An Interesting Journey Overland From the Coast by Professor Sanders and Party.

LEMOORE, September 4 — We have enjoyed our trip on the coast and in the San Luis Obispo mountains, but we could stay no longer, as raisins were ripening and we were obliged to hasten home. One of our most pleasant stops on our return was at Creston, eighteen miles from the ocean. The village has a population of 1300 and boasts of having only two deaths from natural causes during the fiscal year 1889-90. This report was made officially, but was returned from Washington with censure for carelessness or falsehood in not reporting a sufficiently great mortality. The enumerator returned it again to Washington with evidence of its correctness and received congratulations for having enumerated the healthiest place in the United States.

The village is eighteen miles from the ocean in an air line and the locality was only a wild cattle range.

ROAD HOME.

We could stay no longer, raisins were ripening, we must hurry home. Twenty uneventful miles and we were again at Cholame. A short distance away was pointed out the trail where the Dalton train robbers were tracked. Everybody here knew the Daltons. Several of the smartest always knew they were up to train robbing and the like.

From Cholame to Sunflower we came over the shortest route, the Blue Point road of ill repute. Five miles of it is a narrow, sideling cut along the side of a steep rock mountain. A few days before a man crossing here upset his buggy, broke his arm and killed his horse. We passed without accident, but a light wagon, an hour behind us, upset and smashed things generally. From Sunflower we came by way of Tulare lake, twenty-five miles without water and some of it heavy sandy road. We made the distance in a little over five hours, arriving at the artesian well, near the lake, for dinner. The water of this well is pure and cold as mountain water. The lake is full of claim houses, some of them standing intact and almost wholly out of water, while others are nearly submerged, and others are broken to pieces. These houses were built by settlers who claimed the land, now bottom of the lake, which were temporarily dry two years ago. The filling up of the lake is accounted for by the inflow from lands that have been long irrigated. The rivers convey less and less water to the lake every year, and yet it is constantly filling up as the country around becomes more and more saturated by irrigation.

We travel twenty miles along side of the lake which we can't see across, the hazy atmosphere completely hiding the opposite shore and the mountains beyond. Flocks of thousands of swans and other water fowls were in sight, which magnified by the smoky haze, looked as large as Selma's pterodactyls.

A few miles up Kings river and we are at Lemoore. We camp in the shade of some huge willows—the shade is pleasant after 100 miles of shadeless, sunburnt road. Under foot is a perfect mattress of salt grass and lippia. This is the lippia nodiflora, the great honey plant of the low marshy parts of our valley.

COGITATIONS.

A short drive through thickly settled, wealth producing country and we shall be home. A hundred thousand dollars has been spent during the summer by people sojourning on the coast for rest. We've contributed our due proportion to this fund and are now going home less invigorated than we were last year from a like sojourn in the mountains. We leave camp and lie down on the dense green sward, our thoughts run on the subject of building up a mountain resort—ice cold water, primeval giant forests, grand mountain scenery, balsamiferous, health giving odors of the pines, and horses to ride, fattening without expense on the rich grass of the mountain meadows. A shiny black bottle spider of the deadly poisonous kind crawling across our arm broke our reverie. We're lying on a bed of lippia, a thousand bees are gathering its nectar for honey; a score of spiders are gathering the same nectar, but with them it becomes poison. What a lesson in human nature. I've seen persons stand together before the majesty of the ocean, some of them wrapt in admiration and enjoyment of its grandeur, while others took to themselves only the poison of the stupid sandhills, ill-smelling mud flats, and the ravenous poison fleas.

I've seen those same people on mountain tops with the earth spread around them like a map, and while some were treasuring pictures of majesty and beauty and grandeur in light and shade coloring, others were only finding fault and complaining that somebody else has a better glass, or a better point of observation, or knows more of the country to enjoy it—in short, spider like, they were gathering only poison from the flowers. While we're thankful that there are many that, like the bees, gather honey to give out its sweetness, we have a regret, poignant indeed, that there are others wearing the human form that, like the spider, treasure up in themselves and give out to others only that which is poison.

W. A. SANDERS.

THE COUNTY BOARD.

BUSINESS TRANSACTED BY THE SUPERVISORS.

A Franchise for an Electric Street Car Line on Elm Avenue Granted.

The board of supervisors were in session all day yesterday and besides transacting much other business, enrolled many bills for passage.

The resignation of W. L. Tadlock as poundmaster of the Selma district was received and accepted. J. M. Lowe was elected to succeed him.

In the matter of plat books, maps and check books for the assessor, the board decided that the county must needs have a new set and directed the assessor to procure them. The old plat books are in bad condition as to binding, etc., and are not up to date and the new ones are an absolute necessity under the new law regarding the assessment.

The plat of the streets in part of the Elm Grove addition were submitted by Henry Bants and others and were accepted.

The petition of McConnell & Hogan for the right to put in a pair of scales in the hay market on K street between Mariposa and Fresno streets, was read and granted.

The petition of Fulton G. Berry and J. R. White for a franchise on Elm avenue for a street car line to be operated by horse, electric or cable power was read and granted. The construction of the proposed line must begin inside of three months and must be completed in a year or the franchise becomes forfeited. It is understood to be the intention of the petitioners to put in an electric line and to begin the work immediately.

THE SUPERIOR COURT

Judge Harris Again on the Bench.

A JUDGMENT IN FORECLOSURE

W. H. Cureton Brings Suit Against Emil Bernhard for $10,000 Damages for Assault.

New Cases.

There was plenty of business about the county clerk's office yesterday as there usually is after a holiday. Judge Harris' return from San Francisco, where he was called by his wife's illness, brought business before the superior court.

In the case of Joseph S. Elliott against Joseph Brodie and others, a default was entered against the defendant and on the showing of the plaintiff a judgment on the foreclosure of a mortgage was rendered. The judgment is for $6900 and the foreclosed mortgage is on the north half and southwest quarter of section 24, township 13 south, range 22 east. Judgment for $420 was also rendered for attorneys fees.

AN INSANE CASE.

The court adjourned in the afternoon for a short session at the jail where an insane case had to be inquired into. The patient prisoner was Harry Arezy, though he did not pretend to know of a certainty what his name really was and wanted the question referred to the priest.

The doctors found that he was most certainly insane and that the form of his insanity was a tendency to the belief that some one was running away with his money. He had been insane before and had once tried to commit suicide. He is a native of Illinois, where he has a divorced wife and a large family of children. He is the same man that a short time ago had a bartender at Sam Rawlson's saloon arrested, asserting that the whisky seller had kept some $65 which he had given him to keep. Arezy is very strong when he takes a notion to be and the straight jacket has to be used.

The examination over he was adjudged insane and the commitment made out for Stockton. He will be taken up in a day or two.

DAMAGES WANTED.

W. H. Cureton, Esq., yesterday began a damage suit in which Emil Frederick Bernhard is the defendant. The suit grows out of the trouble the two attorneys got into in Judge Prince's court some time ago. For cause of action in this case the plaintiff sets forth that on the 11th day of April, A.D., 1891, at the county of Fresno, in the state of California, the defendant with force and arms violently assaulted the plaintiff and struck, beat, bruised, wounded and maltreated the plaintiff and thereby put the plaintiff to great bodily and mental pain and suffering to the plaintiff's damage in the sum of $10,000.

Wherefore the plaintiff demands judgment against the defendant for the said sum of $10,000 damages, together with costs of this action.

The attorneys who appear for the plaintiff are E. D. Edwards and Sayle & Coldwell. The defense will probably be represented by the firm of Goucher, Jacobs & Jones, who represented him in the other cases growing out of the same trouble.

A CHANGE OF VENUE.

Yesterday the papers arrived from San Joaquin county in the case of Louis and Caroline Meneth against the Barton Estate company.

The suit is brought in the name of and for the benefit of the two children, whose father died at the vineyard or winery while cleaning out a tank for the reception of wine. The accident happened some years ago. The suit was brought in San Joaquin county on March 11, and the motion for a change of venue to Fresno county was argued and granted on Tuesday.

OTHER CASES FILED.

Margaret Morgan yesterday began a suit against Lemuel Harp and others to quiet the title to part of lot B in section 28, lot 10, range 22 east, in which all the defendants claim an interest.

H. H. Borchers has commenced a suit against Lawrence Copeland and others to foreclose a mortgage for $160 on lot 13, of block 7, of the Central addition to Fresno.

Dan Taggett began suit against Willett Gates to recover $555.76 on a promissory note together with $100 attorney's fees.

Joseph H. Hull and others have commenced an action against Annie Wyatt to recover on an open account.

INFORMATIONS FILED.

Deputy District Attorney Welsh yesterday filed three informations in criminal actions.

E. H. Harriman and Mrs. Sheahan are accused of receiving stolen property in the matter of the stolen watch which was recovered after nearly two years of search.

Bailey C. Leach is accused of committing the crime of forgery on July 16, by signing his wife's name to a deed to certain property.

Johnnie Murphy is accused of the crime of murder committed on July 25, when he shot and killed Philo Johns in Auberry valley.

The stage from Madera to Firebaughs no longer carries Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express. The business was withdrawn on the first of the month, and in future will go by way of the Tracy railway. Fresno county now has only one express office reached by stage and that is the Grub Gulch agency.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Stockton, Cal., July 29, 1891.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before A. C. Williams, Clerk of the Superior Court, of Fresno county, at Fresno, Cal., on Wednesday, September 23, 1891, at 10 a.m., viz: William E. McGilligan, of Fresno, Fresno county, on Pre-emption Declaratory Statement No. 15104, for the lots 4 and 5 and 6 of section 21, township 11 south, range 20 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Elmer E. Redfield, Frank Joseph, J. B. Wainscoat, Thomas Kennedy, all of Fresno, Fresno county.

Albert C. Buntley, who filed Declaratory Statement No. 14855, dated January 13, 1890, for said land is hereby notified to appear at the time and place aforesaid, and show cause, if any, why claimant should not be allowed to enter said land.

au7 15w GEO. A. McKENZIE, Register.

School Bond Election Notice.

State of California, Fresno county.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE QUALIFIED electors of Los Gatos school district that in accordance with the provisions of sections 1880 to 1888, Political Code, an election will be held on the 12th day of September, A. D. 1891, at which will be submitted the question of issuing bonds of the district for the purpose of raising money to purchase school lot, build, furnish and fence a school house thereon.

The polls will be open at the house of Peter Johansen in said district from 12 o'clock m until 7 o'clock p.m. Peter Johansen Frank Cleary and Joseph Garner will serve as judges of election.

The amount of the bonds to be issued is Twelve Hundred dollars ($1200), of the denomination of $200 each, and to bear interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum. The number of years which said bonds are to run is as follows, viz: Six Hundred Dollars payable January 15, A. D. 1896, and Six Hundred Dollars payable the next year thereafter, on January 15.

FRANK CLEARY,
PETER JOHANSEN,
C. DANIELSEN,
District School Trustees.

au14tw

STAGE LINE.

The Fresno, Easton, Oleander and Fowler stage leaves Fresno every morning (except Sunday) at 7 a.m. Depot at Stewart & Shaw's feed yard, corner L and Fresno streets.

FIXING TAX RATES.

City and County Rates to Be Fixed.

RIGID ECONOMY NECESSARY

The New Law Compels an Almost Impossible Action On the Part of the County Auditor.

During the present month the tax rates for both the city and the county taxes will be fixed by the boards having control of the same.

The city assessment rolls amount to $7,944,1?3 and with the personal property on which the tax has been collected the total valuation is $7,533,948. At the rate of taxation of last year, $1 on $100, the amount of taxes would be $75,340, which amount is over $7,000 more than was raised by taxation last year, because we have a larger assessment by about $580,000 this year than we did last year, despite the fact that the board of equalization cut the roll down by about $1,700,000.

A gentleman who closely watches city affairs said to a reporter yesterday, in talking upon the subject of the rate for city taxes:

"I do not see the necessity for an increased levy. I may not know what increased expenses there are to be, but my impression is that I can name them all. The increased bonded indebtedness in the $50,000 of school bonds now awaiting a purchaser will form one increased expense, but I believe that the increase in the assessment will overcome that.

"The city now has another fire engine to care for, the chemical, and its men and horses and house form a pretty large item of expense. The police force is enlarged by one, which is exactly one more than is necessary as all of the officers said at the time the increase was made. But he is there and that means $900 a year. Then the city needs two more sprinkling carts. I would put that expense at the top of the list of increased expenses. I would just lop off that extra policeman, save that $900, buy those two wagons and pay the freight on them with it. It seems a little hard to perpetrate on the people a star of authority in front of a policeman that the Mongolians wouldn't have as a watchman, but politics makes strange bedfellows and some promises made before election, as to places, etc., have to be carried out even at an expense of $900 to the taxpayers and a possible one fourth of a cent raise in the tax levy.

"There is another point in additional expenses. The Chemical was bought last year and does not have to be again. True the fire boys want another engine this year and I don't blame them. If I was a member of the department and only that I would want all the department could get. I would like to see my department the best equipped on earth. But I don't believe in the absolute necessity for the engine. Six weeks more and we will be past the time we usually fear big fires. That is, the heated term will be over. True, we run some risk, and indeed we would not get the large engine this year should we order it. If the old Silsby can stub along the rest of the season and until the rainy season begins we can send her off to the boiler shops and in a week or two she will be as good as she ever was.

"I cannot bring myself to the belief that the necessity exists for an increase in the tax levy, at least not to the extent of a 25 per cent raise."

The sentiments expressed by the gentleman are the sentiments usually expressed by the tax-paying citizens. The board of trustees will make an effort to find a way to keep the rate down possibly as low as it was last year. The income in some of the departments could be increased also. The recorder's court has not been self-sustaining a single month under the present administration.

THE COUNTY RATE.

The county auditor has about finished his work and has the assessment rolls in good shape. The full assessment is something over $40,000,000. Last year the rate was $1.53. This year the board want to keep the rate down as low as that and if possible bring it lower.

Like many another law passed by the last legislature, the law regulating the payment of taxes twice a year is not all that might be claimed for it and was claimed in fact. Fortunately for Fresno the officers are better prepared to do their collecting in this way than any other county in the state. We have a duplicate assessment roll in which we have credit columns ruled and the tax can be carried out separately into different columns of the book.

The new law has a bad feature. It is the limited amount of time in which the auditor has to get the rolls prepared after the rates are fixed. Section 3696 as amended says: "Between the first and second Monday in September of each year the board (the state board of equalization) must determine the rate of state tax to be levied." Section 3714 says: "The board of supervisors of each county must, on the fourth Monday of September, fix the rate of county taxes, * * * and must levy the state and county taxes." Section 3732 says: "On or before the first Monday of October, he (the auditor) must deliver a copy of the corrected assessment book to be styled, 'duplicate assessment book,' and by him subscribed," that he has corrected it, recovered the respective sums due on taxes, added the columns of valuation, taxes and acreage.

During next week the state rate will be fixed by the state board. Three weeks from next Monday the county rate will be levied. Within a week, after that time the auditor must complete his work on them and return them to the tax collector for the collection. In that one week the auditor has to make all the computations necessary to make out the tax.

In this county there are 2280 pages in the assessment roll, averaging eight entries to the page. This amount to 18,450 computations for the assessment roll itself. On the duplicate roll there will be more than double the computations to be made. In the duplicate roll there are two columns to be filled up, one with the tax which is due in November and the other with the tax due at the time of the second payment.

A man is assessed with $2490 worth of real property and $729 worth personal. The $2490 must be divided by two. To one half the $729 must be added and the tax cast on the sum and also on the other half of the realty so that there are double the calculation on the duplicate and on the two not less than $50,000, calculations to be performed during the week.

PRETTY MUCH OF A ROW.

Troubles In the Family of John McCrossan.

Last evening a little black eyed lady appeared in Judge Prince's court room and intimated her desire to have some one arrested. She succeeded and soon her husband was before the judge on a charge of battery, which consisted in choking his wife. She showed the marks of the affair and he asserted that he was just trying to quiet her.

He was arrested and gave bonds, but soon after returned and swore to a warrant charging his wife with being drunk and disturbing the peace. Together they have succeeded in getting their family trouble into court and there they will likely be aired unless they get them out of it.

GENTLEMEN'S DRIVING CLUB

Great Success Met in Its Reorganization.

The efforts to reorganize the Gentlemen's Driving club have been crowned with success, and Mr. Reuck deserves great credit for his splendid work in this connection.

There are now fifty-three members who have actually paid up, thirty more who have become subscribers and fully twenty who have promised to become members. This insures an actual membership of 100, a very creditable showing for the city.

The new names received yesterday are W. A. Shepard, C. L. Walters, S. J. Hinds, G. G. Warlow, Gil R. Osmun, P. B. Chambers, A. V. Lisenby, George A. Wilson, G. R. Flourney.

The club house is the handsomest in the state, and it will be thoroughly repaired and put in shape for the fall meeting.

It is proposed to maintain the club throughout the year and to put new life into the house and the splendid grounds throughout the winter, as was the original purpose. This club could be made one of the most pleasant features of the city's social life.

DON'T FORGET THE FAIR.

It Begins the Last of This Month. Bring in Exhibits.

The citizens of Fresno county should not forget the fifth annual fair of the Fresno fair grounds association that begins here September 29 and lasts five days. An advertisement on the first page of THE REPUBLICAN will explain particulars, but if more are wanted a full premium list can be secured free by addressing J. M. Reuck, secretary of the association. The statement is made that the display of Fresno county will be the largest ever exhibited in the San Joaquin valley. A fine program has been prepared for each day. The school children will have a special day, as also will the Farmers' Alliance.

There is a possibility that Governor Markham may be induced to attend on one day of the meeting.

The school children will this year be permitted to attend on the first day of the fair without restriction. Last year the number was limited to 1000.

BALDWIN REINSTATED.

A Temporary Suspension of the Action in His Case.

Several months ago the directors of the Fresno fair grounds association ruled off the track Frank B. Baldwin, his son N. I. Baldwin, ex-manager and ex-secretary respectively of the association, with others, for an alleged fraudulent entry.

The case was appealed to the American board and word was received in the city yesterday that pending the appeal the Messrs. Baldwin had been temporarily reinstated.

The appeal will be heard in this city on September 28 by M. F. Tarpey, Colonel Harry Thornton and I. DeTurk of Santa Rosa, a committee designated for the purpose by the American board.

TULARE PRESBYTERY.

AN EXCEEDINGLY INTERESTING TIME BEING HAD.

Discussion of Reports by Committees. Missionary Meeting Held Last Evening.

The Tulare Presbytery of the Cumberland Presbyterian church, which has been in session since September 2, has been well attended. The interest has been good. The business will probably be through with by 11 a.m. today. Most of the committees have reported, and some have elicited interesting discussions. By order of the Presbytery last evening was set apart for the exercises under the auspices of the Ladies' Presbyterial Missionary society. At 7.30 the Presbytery was called to order and the meeting was then turned over to the society.

In the absence of Mrs. J. T. Jopling, the president, Mrs. S. S. Patterson of this city presided. An interesting program was then rendered, consisting of songs, a scripture lesson by Mrs. J. A. Longbottom of Selma, a select reading by Miss Nellie Kerr, recitation by Misses Neverda Osburn and Bonnie Cummings, an address by Mrs. L. R. Bird of Plainsburg.

A select reading, "Eleven good reasons for not attending the missionary meeting," by Mrs. I. B. Self of Denver, Col.

A paper, "Missionary self sacrifice," by Mrs. Lemmon of Selma. Two or three short speeches by ministers and an appeal by Mrs. Matthews of Selma, to which the audience responded liberally and pleasantly.

The meeting then closed and the presbytery adjourned to meet at 9 a.m. this morning.

The hour of 10 a.m. has been set apart for the discussion of the Sunday school question. At 11 o'clock there will be a sermon by Rev. N. W. Motheral of Hanford. There will also be preaching at 7.30 in the evening.

FROM NATURAL CAUSES.

A Coroner's Jury Finds that Gip Lee So Died.

At the morgue at 1.30 o'clock yesterday afternoon a coroner's jury was impaneled to inquire into the cause of the death of Gip Lee, the Chinaman who dropped dead at W. H. Will's vineyard on Thursday last.

E. Gatcomb, the superintendent of the Wills' vineyard, said; Gip Lee was at the ranch for several days, but did not work. On Thursday evening witnessed saw the deceased sitting on a box and saw him fall. When he reached him he was dead. The man was about 70 years of age.

Dr. Hopkins was sworn and testified that the body was in a natural condition and that death was caused by heart failure.

This was all of the testimony, and the verdict was in accordance therewith.

RAILROAD NEWS.

The Sleeping Car Companies Have a Fight on Hand.

The sleeping-car companies in California have a big fight on hand. The Pullman car company is waiting to see what the railroad commissioners will do about Warren's petition that upper births be ordered closed when unoccupied, now that Attorney General Hart has given an opinion that the commission has jurisdiction. If such a regulation is made it will be disregarded and vigorously fought by the company. One of the grounds of contest will be that the Pullman car company is not a common carrier, and not within the jurisdiction of the commission.

The Southern Pacific announces that Salton postoffice, in San Diego county, has been discontinued. The flood spoiling the salt works ruined the business of the postoffice.

Card of Thanks.

On behalf of the Old Ladies' Home and the Maria Kipp Orphanage of the Episcopal church, we desire to return our sincerest thanks to the good people of Fowler for their exceedingly liberal donation of green and dried fruits. The green fruit has been canned or sealed in jars and will all be sent to the above institutions at San Francisco.

Managers of Old Ladies' Home and Maria Kipp Orphanage.

WAS IT A SCHEME.

Stanley Says a Fraud Has Been Perpetrated.

HE DON'T LIKE HIS LAST TRADE

The Court Asked to Set Aside a Bill of Sale and a Deed Which Were Part of the Transaction.

An interesting suit was begun yesterday in the superior court by N. J. Stanley, through his attorney, Frank H. Short. It is brought against W. R. Lane, S. S. Culver and W. H. Careton, and in it the plaintiff asks that a certain series of transactions be set aside and declared null and void.

Briefly told the story of the complaint is as follows: Stanley was and is the proprietor of the news stand at 1111 J street, where he has the agency for San Francisco papers, and does a pretty good business from one week's end to another. S. S. Culver was a month or more ago employed in the agency and store. W. R. Lane was the owner of a certain 20-acre tract of land in Temperance colony, which he desired to dispose of for cash or trade.

Stanley was willing to trade his business for some land and had some money beside which was ready to put into land. Land and Stanley heard of each other, and various offers were made. W. H. Careton was employed by Stanley to attend to the legal papers in connection with the change.

Culver and Stanley took a ride out to see the land and the former advised that the land was good and with what Lane offered it for. Stanley believing this concluded the arrangement. He paid $50 in cash, gave his note for $1450, assumed a mortgage of $2200 and gave a bill of sale of his business on J street. In return he was to receive a deed for the 20-acre lot.

In the complaint Stanley asserts that he has looked into the value of lands since and has examined the lots in question. He learned that instead of being worth the large amount he gave for it he found it worth about $3000 and no more.

He therefore alleges that there was collusion between the parties defendant to the action and that there was some sort of a deliberate attempt, thus far successful, to scheme him out of the money.

The close of the complaint asks for judgment, that the deeds, bill of sale, promissory notes and other matters pertaining to the deal be set aside.

HELD UP.

An Old Man Waylaid and Beaten in an Alley.

About 7.30 o'clock on Sunday evening a bell boy at the Hughes hotel informed Bill O'Donnell, the intrepid engineer of the electric plant connected with that house, that a couple of fellows were beating an old man in the old barn back of the house.

O'Donnell rushed out and found one young fellow beating an elderly man, while another was going through his pockets. The old fellow yelled lustily, but kept his hand down over his pocket and thus saved his money.

The old man was sober, but had asked the younger men in to take a drink. In paying for the liquor he exposed some bills and in coming up from Front street they induced him to enter the alley back of the Hughes and attempted to rob him, and would have succeeded but for Mr. O'Donnell.

The old man was taken to the Mint saloon, where he deposited a gold watch and $70 in greenbacks. He went away satisfied to carry a little silver.

Sometime later the fellows returned to the alley and by the aid of matches were searching the alley, evidently for the purse they didn't get, and were again driven away.

An officer was called by the night clerk, Mr. Silver, but the men escaped.

FIRST SHIPMENT OF RAISINS

The Fresno Home Packing Company Got Off a Car Yesterday.

The first car of raisins for the season of 1891 was shipped yesterday from the packing house of the Fresno Home Packing company. This is not only the first car of the season, but it is believed to be the earliest raisins shipped from Fresno.

The same company also shipped a car of dried fruit on Saturday and will ship another on today.

Experts who saw this shipment of raisins declared them to be the finest early fruit ever sent from here and fully a grade higher than it was graded.

IN ROYAL STYLE.

Colonel and Mrs. Moreeau Doing Cincinnati and Ohio.

The following is from the Cincinnati Enquirer of August 19: "Colonel Theodore Marceau, the well known photographer formerly of this city, whose wedding to a wealthy widow was one of the events in San Francisco society some weeks ago, arrived with his bride at the Burnet last evening. The happy couple travel in royal style, with liveried servants and twelve trunks go with them. The colonel will remain in the city several days."

SOUTHERN PACIFIC HOSPITAL

How the Railroad Company Cares for Its Injured.

The report of the superintendent of the Southern Pacific company's hospital at Sacramento, for the month ending August 31, 1891, shows: Number of patients in hospital August 1, 48; number of patients admitted during the month, 76; total, 135; number of patients discharged during the month, 67; number of patients on hand September 1, 1891, 68; total number of private house and office patients treated during the month, 330.

MAJOR DOWNING'S MISHAP.

Falls From a Carpenter's Bench and Breaks an Arm.

Major J. Downing, well known hereabout, about noon yesterday attempted to climb on a carpenter's bench, but fell and broke his right arm above the elbow and dislocated the right shoulder. Dr. Maupin was called, set the shoulder and reduced the fracture. Despite the patient's age, nearly 70 years, he was resting easily last night.

RE-OLVING STAR GROUPS.

Secretary Osmun Invites Others to Assist Him.

Major Gil R. Osmun, secretary of the San Joaquin Valley Railroad company, is quite an astronomer for a business man. At his residence, corner of Stanislaus and L streets, he keeps mounted a telescope about five feet in length which he uses almost nightly in revolving the different groups of stars and nebulae. He states that he will be pleased to have any ardent lover of the starry sphere call and view the heavens through his telescope.

An excursion to the San Joaquin will soon be in order.

READY TO WORK.

The Engineers for the Colis Line Now In the City.

Yesterday the engineers who are to run the survey of the Colis line arrived in the city ready to go to work on Monday morning. The line will enter the city near the old graveyard, so that there will be no condemnation proceedings to gain possession of property in the city.

The advantages of the new line to the city cannot be over estimated though only fifteen miles long, and probably less. It will open to Fresno a new section of the county which has but recently been opened and which by the new line will be made almost directly tributary to Fresno. All of the towns just building will turn their first attention to Fresno, because of the new line which will bring Fresno nearer than all the other cities to them. These first commercial relations will hold for many a year and Fresno will reap the reward.

The survey will be commenced tomorrow and will be quickly completed. The work is not heavy between Fresno and Colis and it is very likely that the grading and track laying will be completed this year.

FROM GARFIELD.

Notes From the New Settlement North of Fresno.

M. H. Kuedy has a new baby boy and the father is overwhelmed with joy.

J. Beard has gone to Stanislaus county on important business.

B. Parks, family and neighboring friends have gone on a rusticating tour to the mountains.

B. Morton has built quite a large addition to his already extensive barn.

E. Kerr has about completed the new addition to his house, which has been in progress for several weeks.

The Misses Beards have gone to the mountains in company with J. Renfro, late of Green Hill, Mo.

HIS COMMISSION HERE.

It Is Now Captain Scribner, Adjutant of the Sixth Regiment.

When Colonel Luhe of Stockton was in the city Friday night he brought and handed to Lieutenant Scribner, his recently appointed adjutant, his commission. The Lieutenant now ranks as captain, dating from his appointment. He is the youngest in the Fresno battalion, both in point of years and service as lieutenant. Besides this he is from the baby company of the regiment, F of Fresno, and the appointment is a compliment all around.

Fresno Commercial College.

The Fresno commercial college, corner Mariposa and N streets, has begun its fall session and reports a successful opening. Dr. G. B. McIntosh is principal. Life scholarship is $50 and monthly tuition $10. Prizes of $100 each to the best accountant and penman will be given. Scholars who attended this college last year were highly pleased with the progress made.

ALLEGATION DENIED.

M. J. CHURCH FILES AN ANSWER TO THE SUIT.

He Did Not Slander Zua, Neither Did He Defame Her Moral Character.

Several months ago, it will be remembered, Zua Daniels, the daughter of Rev. Daniels, of the Adventist church of Stockton, began a suit against M. J. Church of this city, accusing him of slander and defamation of character and wanting to recover damages therefor.

Demurrers and motions have delayed the issues, but Church filed his answer this week. Miss Daniels' charge was that Church defamed her moral character. Church makes a specific denial of each and every allegation. Referring to the conversation in which, the plaintiff claims, Church slandered her, he says that he, M. E. Barr and E. P. Daniels (the father of the plaintiff) were members of the Seventh-Day Adventist church, in which Mr. Daniels had been a minister. In Calaveras county the defendant and Mr. Barr held a conversation in regard to matters of interest connected with the church, in which conversation it was stated that the plaintiff had expressed her intention and determination to prevent her father from further acting as a minister or preaching in that church, as she had no faith in it. The defendant thereupon said that she was "a nasty, dirty little thing," but he did not at any time say anything reflecting on her moral character. He also denies the allegation that he spoke to divers persons in a scandalous way about the relations of her father and mother before marriage and that he drew conclusions therefrom as to her own conduct.

THAT DEAD CHILD.

The Person or Persons Responsible For Its Death.

To the Editor of The Republican.

If it be true, as often charged, that the canal on Fresno street is a public and dangerous nuisance; that it exists in defiance of law; that it is the duty of its private owners to abolish it and the duty of the public officers to compel them to abolish it, and if it be true that both the private owners and the public officers refuse and neglect to do so, and if in consequence of such neglect a helpless infant is drowned in that canal in the public highway in a public street of Fresno city, how can the private and public persons above indicated evade the responsibility of that law which says: "If death results from neglect or omission of a plain personal duty the crime is manslaughter. An act of omission as well as an act of commission will subject a person to indictment for manslaughter. When any negligent act results in death the crime of manslaughter has been committed, as in permitting wild beasts to go at large or in exposing poison."

Were those private and public persons to turn one or two hundred wild beasts or serpents loose in Fresno street and a little toddling child should be destroyed by the monsters, those private and public persons, howsoever hedged about by the dignity of wealth and position, would be jailed as criminals. How vastly better it is to turn loose in Fresno street a serpent-like canal that snatches in a twinkling the fascinated infant that approaches, all unconscious of danger.

Where is the difference between these two cases? Who will split the invisible hair that divides them? Who is the private or public person charged with the duty of abolishing the Fresno street canal; whose conscience is so scarred that the vision of that helpless babe shrieking, and feebly struggling in those waters as it was swept to its doom, will not fill his waking thoughts and midnight dreams with those indefinable horrors of soul that belong to quenchless remorse?

If such things be he is not human.

JUSTICE.

All Persons

Going East will learn something greatly to their advantage financially and add greatly to their physical comfort while en route if they will address me for particulars concerning our through Pullman sleeping car excursions, leaving every Thursday. No change of cars to Chicago. Through sleeping accommodations to New York and Boston. LESTER C. WALKER, 1050 South J street, opposite Grand Central Hotel.

THE RAISIN PACKING

All of the Houses Will Begin This Week.

PACK ABOUT AS LAST YEAR

Quality of Fruit First Class, But Prices Will Probably Be Twenty Per Cent Lower.

The packing houses are getting down to business and considerable activity is noticeable about some of them. The raisins are coming in and by the end of the week all of them will be working full forces.

A canvass of the houses yesterday developed the fact that all of them are hopeful of the future and consider the situation promising. The pack will, it is estimated, be about the same as last year, of a somewhat better quality, but prices will, it is believed, be about 20 per cent lower.

The Fresno Home Packing company began packing raisins on Thursday with a full force of hands, and last evening had a carload ready for shipment.

The company had up to last evening received about forty tons of raisins, and is confident of a steady supply. The stock is superior to that of last year and could not be improved upon.

Manager Craddock informed a REPUBLICAN reporter that his company had also received large quantities of dried fruit and would tomorrow probably ship a car of raisins and twenty tons of dried fruit. These will be the first raisins to go forward this year.

"The quality," he said, "is very good, for early raisins. The pack will be about the same as last year, but prices will be about 20 per cent lower. The outlook is hopeful and we will pack more than last year."

Williams, Brown & Co. will begin packing on Tuesday. They have about fifteen tons of raisins in, but expect large additions. "The quality is fair, but rather too early to tell of tha ," said Mr. Ball. "The finest grade does not come in until later. We expect to put up, if we have good luck, from 160 to 200 cars. Prices will be from 3½ to 5 cents loose, and from 5 to 5½ cents for layers. It will depend entirely on quality." This house will employ about 300 people the first week.

The Producers' Raisin company began packing at noon on Friday. They have packed small quantities, but think fruit will come in more plentifully next week. "Quality good," said Secretary Forsey. "Product will be no larger than last year. There will be no more layers. As to prices, there have been no sales and prices are not established."

The Griffin-Skelley company are working their third car of dried grapes and received some raisins yesterday. They will start on Tuesday packing raisins. "Price will depend on quality," said Mr. Romayne, sententiously.

A. D. Barling, at his El Modelo vineyard, gave his usual initial entertainment to his employes and a very fine time was had. Mr. Barling employs white labor only and holds it by treating it well. Work will begin this week.

W. R. Strong & Co. have opened a packing house in the Burleigh grain warehouse. They have been dealing in fruits principally until now, but will begin work on raisins this week.

Cook & Longey shipped one carload of dried grapes yesterday and are ready to begin on raisins tomorrow.

Schacht, Lemcke & Steiner shipped one car of dried grapes on Thursday and are working their stemmer now. They will begin packing about Wednesday. They are not contracting this year, but are buying at their door, paying market prices as per daily quotations.

All the houses are being put in preparation for active work. As seen, most will begin by Tuesday, but none of them, save the Fresno Home, will be working full capacity before the latter part of the week.

THE SUPERVISORS.

The Regular Monthly Meeting for September.

THE PUBLIC LAW LIBRARY

The Plans for the Proposed New Court House Again Discussed—Matters of Interest.

The regular September meeting of the board of Supervisors was begun yesterday afternoon, with Chairman White in the chair and supervisors Myer, Hanke, Letcher and Butler all present.

The matter of the suit now being brought by Deputy District Attorney Wash against the auditor to recover a certain salary allowed to him by the already odious county government act, was called up, and the opinions of ex-Attorney General Johnson and Judge McKinstry were looked up and discussed. It was partially decided to have Judge McKinstry here at the time of the trial to represent the board.

Nerwin & Hoen, the contractors for the painting of certain bridges of the county, were allowed the following amounts on their contract:

On Lane's bridge	$214 75
On Sycamore bridge	220 00
On Firebaugh bridge	542 00
	$976 75

The matter of the establishment of a law library was discussed, it being brought to notice by a petition. These law libraries are a creation of the last legislature. In that session it was decided that every plaintiff filing a civil suit should pay into the county clerk's office the sum of $1 for each case begun. This $1 does not go to pay the costs of the suit, but go to the public law library fund. This fund has grown to about $300, and it is possible that the work of organization should begin. The direction of the library shall be according to law, the judges of the superior court, the president of the board of supervisors and two other members of the bar. It is to decide what were necessary, and to do that the board postponed the matter until today.

The matter of the Selma incorporation, the number of inhabitants in the district seeking to incorporate, was fixed at 2000.

WANTS DAMAGES.

Suit Dismissed in the Justice Court Begun in the Superior Court.

Yesterday suit was begun by Manuel Rodrigues against F. A. Serpa and John Rodrigues for $5000 damages and costs of suit. This is about the same suit as that which was dismissed in Justice Crichton's court the day before. The plaintiff was arrested on a charge of obtaining board under false pretenses.

He was not convicted and claims that it was guilty of no offense, except that he was maliciously disliked by the defendants.

YOUNG MEN'S INSTITUTE.

It Will Meet In Fresno In September of Next Year.

A private telegram from William Fahey, delegate from Queen of the Valley council No. 64, to the seventh grand council of the Young Men's Institute, now in session at Watsonville, announces the fact that Fresno was chosen as the place for holding the next grand council in 1892.

Mr. Fahey worked hard for this proposition. This council numbers nearly 500 young men, comprising some of the brightest in the state. In San Francisco Mr. Fahey had a card printed, reading as follows: "Queen of the Valley Council No. 64, of Fresno solicits, the honor of the Eight grand council."

This was neat and modest and won the day.

THE MOUNTAIN RAILROAD.

Grading and Track Laying Going On Steadily.

President Pollasky of the San Joaquin Valley railroad company, is now at San Francisco, but will leave there tonight for Chicago and New York. He will be away three or four weeks.

In the meantime work on the road will go rapidly forward. The graders are now out in the Garfield district, while the track layers have gotten through the Barton estate and are putting down iron beyond. The latter work was delayed some to allow the men to service up the line this side.

All material being now on the ground there will be no further hitch until the San Joaquin has been reached.

A MARRIAGE ANNIVERSARY.

Happy Time at the Home of Mr. and Mrs. Boles.

Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Boles celebrated their first wedding anniversary on Wednesday evening, at their home on M street. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Boles, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Ewing, Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Ewing, Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Lisk, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Knapp, Miss Alice Bowen, Miss Joe Wagner, Messrs. O. L. Everts and Ralph Wofford. A very interesting time was had and all wished the happy couple long life and prosperity and trusted that all might be present to celebrate their diamond wedding anniversary.

PAINTER—FERGUSON.

An Interesting Event at the Vineyard of J. Ed Hughes.

Last evening at the vineyard of Mr. and Mrs. J. Edward Hughes in Central colony, occurred the marriage of Miss Anna Ferguson, the sister of Mrs. Hughes to Arthur Painter of San Francisco. The ceremony was performed by Rev. D. O. Kelly of the Episcopal church, in the presence of a few friends of the contracting parties. The couple left on the south bound train for a short bridal trip before returning to their future home in San Francisco.

A LAW NOT KNOWN.

FRESNO COUNTY HAS NOT A SINGLE LEGAL SURVEYOR.

Act Passed by the Assembly Compelling Surveyors to Secure Licenses.

County Recorder T. A. Bell has received from surveyor General Theodore Reichert a list of the names of the licensed land surveyors of the state who secured licenses from the surveyor general's office in the months of July and August, 1891. According to it Fresno county has not a single surveyor licensed to act as such.

The law compelling the licensing of surveyors was passed at the last session of the legislature and was approved on March 31. By its provision a person desiring to become a licensed land surveyor of the state must present to the state surveyor general a certificate of good moral character and a certificate signed by three licensed surveyors asserting the applicant's competency.

If no certificate is presented signed by three surveyors already licensed the applicant must go before a board of examining surveyors, who shall determine as to his competency. The board of examiners was appointed by the governor and meets on the first Friday of each month in San Francisco and at such other times as the board may see fit.

Each licensed surveyor shall have a seal like to a seal of a notary public which shall be impressed upon all of the maps and papers made and issued from his office. The license lasts during good behavior, but may be revoked for failure to comply with the law.

THE FIRST CONCERT.

Much Enjoyment Furnished by the Park Band.

On Sunday afternoon at the Court house park the band which has taken its name from the park gave the assembled people, fully 1200 of them, an extremely pleasant afternoon. Thanks to the manager, Nick P. Justy, and the director, Professor D. C. Smith, the program was nicely selected.

Particularly should be mentioned the cornet solo, "Surf Polka," by Professor Smith, and the duo, "Kiltee Willie," by Messrs. Goudy and Belard playing trombone and baritone. With only two rehearsals since arriving here the director has with only two rehearsals brought his instruments and players well in hand and by so good a concert in so short a time gave promise of the excellent ones to follow.

Special Officer Hutchinson did his duty in preserving order and added much to the pleasure the people enjoyed by keeping the small and noisy boy quiet. The only drawback was the fact that the players themselves suffered from the lack of shade. There was none at the band stand and, if possible, the stand should be moved to a location furnishing more shade. As it was the boys, to protect themselves, had to hurry through the program, which, but for the heat, would have been longer and more enjoyable.

FOR DYSPEPSIA and Liver Complaint you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. Webster Bros. *

HOME FROM DENMARK.

Two Fresno Vineyardists Return From a European Trip.

C. S. Paulsen, wife and children, returned yesterday to their vineyard home in Central colony from a visit to their old home in Denmark. They have been absent from here since April 14. Several points in Europe were visited besides Denmark. Mr. Paulsen brought with him six girls and two young men, all of whom are old enough to do a round day's work. Most of them have already found employment in different families.

Jacob Fisher and family of Washington colony, who went to Europe at the same time, returned last Monday. The other members of the party who left Fresno in April have not yet returned.

C. B. Ryer left yesterday morning for Oakdale to bury his child, who died of diphtheria.

SHILOH'S CURE will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis. Webster Bros. *

ALONG THE SURVEY

A Summer Jaunt Into the Mountains.

NEW TOWN OF HAMPTONVILLE

The Engineers Working Up Along the Headwaters of the San Joaquin—Interesting Notes.

Writing from a camp in the mountains, H. H. Clark, superintendent of the Oothout vineyard, says that starting from Hamptonville, in company of his wife and Mr. and Mrs. Wiley Gordon, he made a trip to the mountains along the line of the survey of the San Joaquin valley railroad and beyond. He writes:

"Before leaving the camp on the river at Hamptonville we first paid a visit to Fresno's antiquated ruins, old Millerton, and while exploring the court house discovered a trap door behind the judge's bench, connected with which was a smooth pole reaching to a cell below, very much like the pole used by firemen in descending from their sleeping quarters. Wondering what it could be used for we interviewed Judge Hart and were told that in early days when a judge sentenced a prisoner he immediately dropped through the trap door to escape the bullets of the prisoners' friends.

AT OLD FORT MILLERTON.

"We next visited Old Fort Millerton, now the residence of Judge Hart, where we were treated to some well told pioneer yarns by the judge. We were not only treated to yarns, but to luscious fruits, apples, peaches, figs, and all we could eat out of a 40-pound watermelon.

"We then wended our way back over three miles of land that through some mistake was set on edge, and being somewhat exhausted concluded to rest until the morrow, anticipating a fine time taking in the sights of the new town—Griffith-Pollasky.

"On the morning we crossed the river and first called upon the business men, whom we found full of energy and doing a fine trade. We next mounted the 'Judson' water tower by means of an electric elevator, which receives its power from the dynamo located at the 70-foot waterfall just below the source of the Griffith canal, which passes through the Hart mountain in a large tunnel, thence flows over the entire tract of fertile land lying between here and Fresno. It is no very great stretch of the imagination to stand upon this tower and look along the line of the San Joaquin Valley railroad and see large vineyards and orchards covering the entire stretch between here and Fresno, while railroad stations are located every mile in order to be able to handle the immense crops of fruit raised in the immediate vicinity, and the grain from that immense acreage of grain land lying on the north of the river.

WITH THE SURVEYORS.

The next morning we started bright and early for the mountains with our families, following the old South Fork trail and the line of the San Joaquin valley railroad for about thirty miles. We camped the first night at Fine Gold where, through the kindness of Mr. MacDonald, the clever merchant, we were enabled to pass our first night by the campfire in a very enjoyable manner. In the morning after eating our bacon and beans we commenced our journey up the mountains and that night camped on South Fork, where we found Lorenzo Church and Mrs. Morse and family of Fresno camped.

As the surveyors had just reached that point, and as Mr. Ward of Fresno, one of the surveying party, had made himself so popular with the natives, they gave a grand ball that night in his honor, and it goes without saying that Mr. Ward did full honor to himself and the town he represented, and we doubt not that through his diplomacy there will be a treaty of peace made that will be of everlasting benefit to this section of the country, and his name will be handed down to posterity as one of the greatest diplomats of the nineteenth century. Among the notable persons present were Hickory Jim, Mary Blue Eye, Kate Crowfoot, Jerusa Jay Bird, Mr. Wallace, Lorenzo Church, Mr. Ward and many others your correspondent did not know. It is customary to describe the costumes of the ladies, but we were so interested in gazing upon the handsome faces that we are not sure that they were costumed at all.

ON WHISKY CREEK.

The next morning we proceeded upon our journey and by noon had reached Whisky Creek, where we camped until next day, while Mr. Gordon and self prospected the creek for two miles, but did not succeed in locating any whisky, but at night a large drove of hogs succeeded in locating our camp and the yell that went up from Mr. Gordon when a large razor-back sow took his toe that protruded from under the cover for an ear of corn and tried to swallow it, would have done credit to a Camanche Indian, and when in the morning we found it necessary to go down the mountain for a new supply of grub you can guess that no one would have taken us for Sunday school superintendents from the language used.

From this point we commenced the ascension of the mountains in earnest, although at this point we were 3100 feet high. We traveled all day and although we had six horses, only traveled three and one-half miles, but ascended 2900 feet, and at night camped at our present camp, where, by rolling a stone down the mountain side it would land within 100 yards of our last camp. Our camp here is simply immense. Highest thermometer Monday, August 24, at 1 p.m. 82, average temperature at 1 p.m. for past six days 78, lowest at 1 p.m. 73, highest 82, lowest 6 p.m. 61, highest 66, lowest 6 a.m. 55, highest 58. From the above it will be seen that the climate is all one could ask, while the water (a spring running perhaps 500 gallons per hour) is the finest we have ever drank, the temperature of which is 50 degrees. The air at this elevation is quite light, in fact we intended going further, but were afraid we would run out of air.

THOSE GLAZIERS.

Our original point of destination was the glaziers, but we were somewhat discouraged when in reply to an inquiry of one of the natives as to where we would find them, he replied: "Oh! my, they be awful wild and cannot ketch 'em without a trap," and as we had no trap we concluded not to hunt them.

We have the honor of being the first summer campers on this mountain, and Mrs. Gordon and Mrs. Clarke the only ladies making the ascent to this out of the way place, at least this is what an old man who lives on the road here tells us. But did others know what a beautiful place it is I am sure many others would make this their summer home.

THE RAILROAD SURVEYORS.

On our way up we stopped at the railroad surveyors' camp and ate lunch, and found Mr. Rideout and Mr. Chase in charge of the office work. We did not have the pleasure of meeting others of the party, but judging from Mr. Rideout and Mr. Chase they must be a jolly crowd. They were then locating the line over the north fork of the San Joaquin through a very rough piece of country. To one unfamiliar with railroad construction it would seem almost impossible to build a road through this rough country, but by taking the advantage of the latitude allowed them in curves and grade (15 deg. curves or a circle about 700 feet in diameter and three feet grade to the hundred) they have been enabled to avoid a great portion of the cuts and fills that would be necessary on the usual curves allowed by other roads (curves not to exceed 8 degrees and grade two feet).

When this road is completed it will resemble the trail of a serpent as it winds its way upward through these beautiful mountains and forests of pine and fir, and no road on the coast can boast of such grand scenery. In places the tourist can look down from the car window hundreds of feet and see the tops of the majestic pine tree while on the other side he can look up hundreds of feet to the top of the rock covered mountain with its rocky cliffs and wierd canyons.

THE NORTH FORK BOX FACTORY.

At North Fork we visited the box factory of Bartram & Brown and were shown through the factory by Mr. Bartram, who is thoroughly posted as to the needs of his customers and is careful in the selection of material for boxes and trays. We have never seen as fine a lot of timber used in boxes and their sweat boxes are made on a new plan, which insures two fold greater strength than the old plan.' They own their own mills, located some eight miles further up the mountains.

HAMPTONVILLE'S ADDITION.

While going down to North Fork for Bacon and Beans (capitalized because they are proper things to have here,) we saw coming up the mountain side a long linen duster, and when we advanced within hailing distance the top dropped back, and lo! and behold, before us stood the bright, smiling countenance of S. N. Griffith, who, when he recognized us, in a stentorian voice yelled "all right," and immediately the relieved looking countenance of S. N. appeared from behind the bill, and with a "Broadway bow" saluted us, as only the keen S. N. knows how to salute those whom he thinks he can gain information from. We were quite anxious, of course, to know what could bring him up in that "unright" country, but we could only gather from his conversation that he was platting an addition to Hamptonville, and was looking for a place to locate the public park.

CAMP NOTES.

All enjoying splendid health.

Tents pitched under the majestic sugar pine and our bed mattresses made of pine needles.

We have a nocturnal visitor in the shape of a Mr. Bruin, but all our efforts to catch him have proven futile.

Game is not very plentiful, although last evening I succeeded by a very fine double shot, made by Mr. Gordon, in bringing down a ground squirrel.

On Saturday last Mr. Gordon's little 2-year-old boy, while running around camp barefooted, stepped into the ashes and coals of a bonfire and virtually roasted his little feet before any one could rescue him. Several of the leaders are bare and great flakes of flesh dropped from the poor little fellow's feet. He is doing as well as could be expected.

H. H. CLARK.

A WEEK'S SUCCESS.

THE FRESNO BUSINESS COLLEGE AND ITS PUPILS.

Twenty-Five Young People Seeking a Practical Education for Their Labor in Life.

The first week of the existence of Ramsey's business college has been a successful week in every respect. On Monday evening the professor tendered to the citizens of the city a reception and entertainment which was pre-eminently a success in every sense of the word.

On Monday morning the doors were thrown open for the reception of pupils, and a large number compared to what were really expected, presented themselves. Classes were immediately formed and the work proceeded rapidly and encouragingly.

On the first morning the school opened with twenty-three pupils. The next day two more came in and with this number the teachers have been busy this week. Twenty of the pupils have begun the business course and five are in the shorthand department.

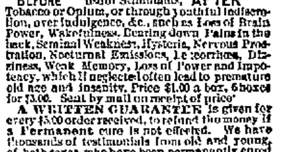
"We feel perfectly satisfied," said one of the teachers, "with the opening. It is fully as large an opening as we had at the other school, where we now have from 150 to 200 pupils, and where in winter time we have over 300. We did not expect any more during the week, as everyone suspects that the last end of the week is not the best time to begin work. It is probable, however, that with Monday there will be considerable increase. We cannot expect, however, that the new school will be crowded to the doors."

ZION'S CHURCH NEW ELDER

He Will Visit the City Today and Sunday.

Rev. J. J. McEntosh of San Francisco, recently appointed presiding elder of the A. M. E. Zion connection on this coast, and also general manager in the absence of Rev. R. C. O. Benjamin, will be in this city this evening. He will hold services all day Sunday and a cordial invitation is extended to all. The members are especially requested to be present and meet the gentleman.

The Celebrated French Cure,
Warranted "APHRODITINE" or money refunded. to cure



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A WRITTEN GUARANTEE is given for every $5.00 order received, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. We have thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, who have been permanently cured by the use of Aphroditine. Circular free. Address

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COMING TO FRESNO.

Dr. Liebig & Co. of Liebig World's Dispensary, Los Angeles and San Francisco, Cal.

The leading and most successful Specialists on the Pacific Coast, will visit FRESNO, Grand Central Hotel, October 2d and 3d, at Visalia 5th, Tulare 6th, Bakersfield 6t .

Successful Treatment

For Deformities and Diseases of Women and Children. Braces, splints, appliances for deformities, surgical treatment for malformations and chronic diseases of every description. Above case should call for unequaled advice by the surgeon of the Liebig International Surgical Institute.

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.

The reason the ordinary oculists and aurists to day fail to cure diseases of the above organs is owing to the fact that most cases require proper constitutional treatment which is seldom given.

Chronic and Complicated Diseases of Men, Blood, Skin and Nervous Diseases—By the use of the Latest Scientific Remedies, Hot Springs and Baths are unnecessary in the treatment of Blood and Skin Diseases, Loss of Vitality, Hernia or Rupture, Hemorrhoids or Piles specially treated.

Remember the address, 123 South Main street, Los Angeles, Cal.

THE PERSECUTED JEWS

A Plan for Their Systematic Relief.

VAST RESOURCES POSSIBLE

Corporate Stock to Be Issued to Rich and Poor In Proportion to Their Wealth.

Referring to the recent eviction of the Jews from Russia and the persecution of the race in that country, S. Simon of this city writes to THE REPUBLICAN as follows, answering to the oft published question, "What is to be done to better the condition of the Jews."

"Replying to this question I would say that first we must have unity of feelings, then we will see that the Lord did not make the world for one nation only, but for all mankind. This unity will not only help the defense of the present persecution, but will prove a solid foundation for future generations. Whatever is done shoul l be done at once, and should not come from the rich alone, such as Baron Hersch and the Rothschilds, but must begin by the poor and middle class putting their shoulders to the wheel and then depend upon the rich for protection.

"So long as we are selfish and look for our own interest, regardless of others, or wait for the rich or philanthropic people to assist us; or even give 25 cents a month, as some do now to the Jewish Alliance, and heap coals of fire upon the Russian government for their cruel deeds against the Jews—even all this will not stop the persecution at the present time, nor will it further our hopes in the future.

"Although there are many Jews who are working harder for a living than are some other nationalities, still you will hear some asking what is the Jew good for? and what benefit is he to this or any other country? What does he produce? and what have our people invented to advance the progress of the nineteenth century?

THE ANSWER.

"The Christians are entitled to an answer, and what should our answer be?

"Should we reply that we are waiting for another Moses, and will show the wonderful things with his cane again? or shall we answer, wait for the fulfillment of the prophecies, or shall we answer according to the words of the Bible that we are the Lord's chosen people and that our religion is the only true one, or shall we answer that the Bible commands us Hebrews to have no inventions of our own and Christians to do all? or shall I give a better answer, and in doing so state that we Jews are naturally born and raised smart, in a business way, and we do not require to make inventions or to take farm or other produce to market. Still we are not only making a living, but a great many of our people are getting rich, even quicker than other nationalities, by speculation. Therefore we do not require to invent anything.

"This would be a smart answer, but the Christian would ask, how far have we advanced up to this age? And even should we show with facts that there are less drunkards, murderers, thieves, gamblers, licentious (prostitut s) than any other nation by a majority, even this will not answer the Jewish question, 'What benefit are we to the world?'

"If even we receive the acknowled ement from others that the Jews are a good moral race, full of sympathy for others, have produced some of the best artistic actors in the world, including singers and philosophers, I say even this will not answer the old Jewish question, viz: What benefit are we, what shall we do, how shall we be treated by other nationalities or in what country we shall be allowed to live and how long can we live in said country before we shall be driven out again.

DETAILS OF THE PLAN.

"A great number of our people have given their opinions upon this subject. My thought is the following:

"First. I would suggest to our community that the money that is expended at the present time in building churches should be used more for the advancement of schools and the instruction of the people in the language belonging to the country in which they reside and make their living, and do away with the prejudice and feeling that exists between the orthodox and reform Jew, the Russian Jew, the Polish Jew, the German Jew, the English Jew and even the civilized American Jew.

"Second. We must not depend upon the rich and wait for their support by their donations only, or depend on the money that is at present donated by the rich and the 25 cents monthly which is given by some of the middle class to the Jewish Alliance, for the benefit of the persecuted and the poor.

WHAT IS TO BE DONE.

"Let every individual, rich or poor, young or old, man or woman in this or any other country who is able to work and make a living amalgamate as one. To illustrate this I would say make a corporation with connections all over the world. Should we find 8,000,000 Jews, one-half of whom are comparatively well off, that is, making their own way in the world, and the other half poor, then my idea would be for the 4,000,000 well off to buy shares in the corporation at $10 per share.

"Let these people purchase ten shares each at $10 per share, which will amount to $100 each. By this proposition I consider that the poorest will be able to become members by giving them ten months time to pay for the ten shares at $10 per month each. If this proposition of the coporation should be published in the English and German languages I would not be surprised if we received applications from many Christians to take stock in the corporation.

HOW TO GET MEMBERS.

"In the first place have this information published in every paper in the world, in their respective language, and state in the publishing of the same that the corporation is not only for the benefit of the Jew, but also for the Christian, and in the main it is for the benefit, principally of the poor of both sects. So far as the corporation is concerned it does matter who takes shares therein, as they will make $16,000,000 interest at the above rate of 4 per cent per annum, but upon further information you will see that more than 4 per cent should be gained, and I consider it would be better to have the Christians and Jews.

"Russians could not exist without having outher nationalities in their country, and in the course of time they will find out that these words will come true; that is, after they have driven all other people from their country, their sword will then be turned against each other. As the czar will have no more bait left wherewith to satisfy the cravings of his ill-treated subjects, the Russian people themselves will have to supply this want. Second—For instance, we start manufacturing, agriculture or railroading; we cannot use the Jew alone, but must have mechanics and artizans of other nations. It gives the Jew a chance to learn also, and not only this, but the Jew will be compelled to do his share of the employment the same as others, and this will benefit him for the future.

"Now, if this proposition should be considered and taken up by the majority, and the corporation should be formed with the money, which would amount to $400,000,000 more or less, and this money should be invested, one-third in farming land, one-third in manufact ries and one-third in a reserve fund in banks, then in the course of time you will see that we will require less benevolent societies and you will find less poor or helpless people, less pawnbrokers, less second-hand clothing, less poor man's friends, less speculators, less failures and less enemies. In place of this you will find more educated, more mechanics, more inventors, more farmers, more good laborers, and most independent. And to my idea this is the only help for the present and coming generation.

"This is what I wish, and hope it may come to pass."

WELCOMED AND GOING.

Father Aguilera Returns From a Long Journey Only to Go.

Rev. Valentine Aguilera has been for nearly or quite twenty yea s the pastor of the Catholic church in the parish of Fresno. For nineteen years he has baptized, confirmed and administered the first communion to the Catholic children of the parish. He has united many loving couples under the indissoluble bonds of the church, given consolation to the sick and dying, buried the dead and celebrated requiem mas-es for them.

Any wonder that he holds a beloved and reverential place in the hearts of his parishioners and that his name is above all human names in the Catholic homes of the city?

A native of Barcelona, in Spain, he had not been home for seventeen years. On June 17,1890, he left here, with the prayers of his parishioners for a safe journey, for sunny Spain. He spent two months in his native Barcelona, eight days in Rome, sixteen in Jerusalem, visited the pyramids and nearly all points of the world.

In June he landed in this country and then visited nearly all points on the Pacific coast, spending a few pleasant days at Los Angeles with Bishop Mora, arriving home on September 3.

He has received a great welcome home and gladdened the hearts of the members of his choir with beautiful remembrances of a sacred and holy nature.

The welcomes have been sadly interrupted by an order from the bishop transferring Father Aguilera to San Luis Obispo.

Today he will preach his farewell sermon and on Tuesday he leaves for his new field of labors. The sorrow of his people is inexpressible, but they bow to the apostolic authority, and their love and their prayers go with their old and well beloved pastor to his new charge.

Father Garriga, who has supplied Father Aguilera's place in his absence, will be temporarily in charge.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

It Decides Temporary Building Cannot Be Built.

THE HIGH SCHOOL WILL NOT MOVE

New Teachers Elected to Fill Vacancies—A Slight Change to Be Made in Boundaries of School Wards.

The board of education met last evening in an adjourned session to discuss school matters and to further prepare for the opening of school a week from Monday next.

President Church occupied the chair and the full board was present except Mr. Vincent.

A general report from Superintendent Heaton was received. In the matter of the temporary building he reported that it would be impossible to go on with the work because the building would cost about $1200, and under the law the board would have to advertise for bids for at least two weeks. As it would be impossible under these conditions to get the building ready for the opening of school on September 14, he recommended that the project be given up, at least for the present.

It was decided to do so, and the high school will remain where it now is, in the K-street building. The school has always been crowded in those quarters and will probably be more crowded this year. In order to obviate the difficulty as far as possible it was decid-d to move one of the first grade rooms from the K-street school. At present there are two, but as the principal portion of the children live around the Central school building it has become necessary to draw the boundary line of the K-street district almost up to the Central building. By changing this line a little, as far as it effects first grade pupils, the attendance at the various schools will be equalized.

This arrangement will give the High school one more room at the K-street building, and will permit of one teacher being removed to the school in the Hadsell addition, where a first grade room will be opened in the one room building which the school board owns. The other grade pupils living in the Hadsell and other additions will attend the Central school building. The exact boundaries of the different districts will be given later. Miss Agnes Parsons was selected by lot as the teacher who should be transferred to the additions.

Mr. Woodward reported that the special committee on awnings for the Central school building were at work and would finish on time.

The change back to the original plan regarding the high school necessitated changes again in the arrangement of teachers.

Mr. Love and Miss Gilmore had been changed. Mr. Austin moved that they be restored to their former grades, Mr. Love to the sixth and Miss Gilmore to the eighth. Miss Gilmore's salary fixed at $78.

The contract of Mr. Woodward with Mr. Main to repair and kalsomine at Central building for $45 approved.

The resolution passed at last meeting authorizing committee on houses and sites to build extra rooms was reconsidered and the matter deferred.

Henry Walter was elected principal of the Central school in place of Professor Sturgess, resigned. Mr. Walter is a graduate of Monmouth college and has had ten years experience. He comes very highly recommended.

Miss Rowell, a niece of Dr. Rowell, recently graduated from Michigan university at Ann Arbor, was also elected. The schools have a valuable acquisition in Miss Rowell. The full corps of thirty teachers is now elected.

Adjourned to meet Monday at 4 p.m.

A Woman with Business Capacity.

Woman in a business capacity is certainly found in one of Grafton's residents. The proprietor of the Warren estate has several tenements and shops. She is at present in charge of her farm, has two cottages of summer boarders, and in direct connection is a livery stable, all in good order. Recently she has fitted and rented a bakery, which brings two families into town, and a Chinese laundry, which it is expected will meet the demands of the public, saving the trouble of sending such work by express eight miles.

Unlike some of the hardworking men with a multiplicity of cares, she finds time to attend divine worship. Her pew at the West church is always well filled. She is upright and courteous in her manner, thoroughly believes in the prosperity of her native town, and merits success in her undertakings.—Worcester Spy.

THE GOOD TEMPLARS

Annual Session of Fresno District Lodge.

FIFTY-FIVE DELEGATES PRESENT

The West Park School House Filled With Delegates—The Annual Election of Officers.

The annual session of the Fresno district lodge, I.O.G.T., convened at the West Park school house at 2.30 on Friday afternoon with D. T. Banta in the chair.

The absentees were: D.V.T., P.D.T., D.C., D.T., D.D.M., D.A.S. The chair appointed Miss L. H. Hatch D.V.T., P. H. Hoag P.D. T., M. B. Harris D.C.

The following lo lges were represented:

Lodge.	Mem.	Del.
Sanger, No. 228	55	5
Eden, No. 243	50	5
Reedley, No. 251	72	8
Echo, No. 253	25	2
West Park, No. 266	77	8
Oleander, No. 271	34	3
Triumph, No. 303	160	10
Fresno, No. 409	83	7
Fowler, No. 555	70	7

The Sanger Band of Hope, No. 115, reported sixty members and two delegates; West Park, No. 116, reported forty-five members and two delegates.

Communications were received from Mrs. M. E. Richerson, G.S.J.W., concerning the progress made during the quarter and that she may have been instrumental in that progress.

The following communication was received from the grand chief templar: "I see from your last report that you are keeping up your usual activity and interest in the order. The report all through has the true ring to it, and only shows what I have said before, that you have an excellent district lodge, one which is always a pleasure to visit."

The committee on credentials reported favorably upon the certificates of the following members: Kate M. Kent, N. Boyd, Edward Miller, Lucy Maxwell, J. T. Maxwell, who were duly initiated into the district lodge degree.

The district secretary reported four lodges on the gain, two the same as last quarter and three with a small loss.

For the year the following officers were elected: D. T., M. B. Harris; D. C., W. P. Bow n; D. V. T., Sister M. Shannon; D. S., George Lee; D. M., C. M. Glazier; D. M., Lucy Fairweather; D. G., Sister L. K. Beardslee; D. Sen., Charles Long.

Miss Nellie Boyd was appointed chaplain by the district templar.

The district secretary appointed Miss Lizzie Giffin assistant secretary.

Russell Eaton was appointed district deputy marshal.

The minutes of last meeting were read and approved.

The reports of the finance committee and treasurer were read and approved.

The officers elect were duly installed, with the exception of D. S., by B. H. Hoag as grand chief templar, after which the lodge adjourned to meet at 9 o'clock Saturday.

OPEN MEETING FRIDAY NIGHT.

Called to order by W. P. Bowen in the chair.

Opening Ode	
Prayer	J. W. Webb
Address of Welcome	J. S. Dore
Response	A. M. Drew
Recitation, "I've Drank My Last Glass,"	Miss Fairweather
Song, "The Vacant Chair,"	Lizzie and Etta Giffin
Recitation	Miss Boyd
Song	Mrs. Drury
Remarks	M. B. Harris
Instrumental selection	Mr. Drury
Recitation	Lizzie Ginn
Address	Rev. J. W. Webb
Solo	Mrs. Drury
Recitation	Miss Boyd

SATURDAY'S SESSION.

Opened in due form; D. T. M. B. Harris in the chair.

Officers all present with the exception of D.G., D.S. and P.D.T.

On motion a committee was appointed to devise ways and means to conduct good of the order, the same to be recommended to subordinate lodges. D. S. Ewing, B. H. Hoag and Nellie Boyd were appointed.

LUNCH TIME.

An elegant repast was furnished the visiting members during the noon hour by the members of West Park lodge. The repast was all that heart could desire, and West Park lodge certainly deserves the unanimous vote taken during the afternoon session on the resolutions acknowledging the hospitable manner the visitors had been treated.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Called to order, D. T. M. B. Harris in the chair.

The committee on resolutions offered the following:

Resolved, That this district lodge desires to record the loss it has sustained in the death of Sister Mrs. George Lee, also to tender to Brother Lee our heartfelt sympathy with him in his great bereavement.

Resolved, That this district lodge desires to recognize the great and successful work accomplished by the subordinate lodges of the county in bringing together over 450 young people every week and educating them in the noble work of the order, but desires particularly to call attention to the subordinate lodges that this is only part of the good work, and that the work to be wholly successful should be an aggressive work by the members outside the lodge room.

Resolved, That we extend to the Reedly Exponent our thanks for printing full reports of the last D. L. meetings and furnishing extra copies, generously declining all remuneration for the same.

Resolved, That we heartily sympathise with the W. C. T. U. in their noble work, and that we hereby appoint sisters H. G. Livermore and Kate Burford as fraternal delegates to their next county convention to present our best wishes for their prosperity.

Resolved, That this D. L. calls attention of subordinate lodges to section 3 of the by-laws of subordinate lodges and recommend its most strict conformment.

Resolved, That this district lodge tender a visiting vote of thanks to the members of West Park lodge for i s munificent and bounteous entertainment of the district lodge during its present session.

B. H. HOAG,
WILLIAM HARVEY,
G. T. MAXWELL,
Committee on resolutions.

Brother W. M. Harvey was elected to represent Fresn- district lodge at the next session of the grand lodge.

Sanger was chosen as the next place of meeting. Time, December 18 and 19. To open Friday evening with open lodge.

Lodge adjourned.

GEORGE LEE,
District Secretary.

Central Colony Church.

Some complaint is being made in Fresno Colony over the selling of the church to the Danes. The complaint is that the money is being used to build a hall, while no provision is being made for any house in which American born citizens can worship alone if they choose.

Another Fire Near Sanger.

Fires in the vicinity of Sanger seem to be of frequent occurrence of late. A day or two since a dwelling house just north of the Balfour & Fortune vineyard burned to the ground. It was owne l by Dr. Williams of Sang r.

BLINDNESS AMONG HORSES.

Its Causes and Something About Prevention and Proper Treatment.

It has been stated that blindness is more prevalent among horses in America than among those of other countries. If this is the case the causes of the evil should be investigated and removed if possible without delay. It is the fact that blindness is more prevalent among horses in Ohio than those of any other section of the country. The cases of blindness are attributed in a great measure to overfeeding, the Ohio horses being notoriously fat. It is a common practice to force the fat upon horses intended for sale by stuffing them principally with Indian corn, and keeping them without service in warm, close stables.

This method of feeding soon fattens a horse, but at the same time its digestive functions are injured by the treatment. It is now believed that blindness can be traced to a sympathetic relation between disorder of the digestive organs and the brain, and that through the latter the optic nerve becomes diseased and ends in destroying the vision. Blindness is also frequently transmitted to offspring, and thus an evil, first originating in disease, almost becomes a natural defect by hereditary descent. Errors in feeding horses, as is well known, also produce blind staggers and organic disease of the brain, therefore the greatest care should be exercised in feeding them.

In order to prevent the spread of horse blindness it is recommended that whenever the animal shows the least symptoms of the disease it should be kept on a light diet of hay and oats. A horse may be maintained in good condition on twelve pounds of hay and five pounds of oats for daily feed. In breeding horses it is also recommended that all animals showing the least symptoms of organic disease be rejected.

One of the first symptoms incident to blindness, which any person may readily notice, is the disposition of the animal to raise his forelegs unnecessarily high, while, at the same time, the ears are drawn back and forth in quick succession, and thus giving sure evidence that the sagacious animal is sounding the ground over which he travels. These are the principal ideas advanced by most veternarians respecting the cause of prevalent horse blindness in our country and a mode of arresting the spread of the evil. There are some other causes of this disease which appear more evident, any of which are perfectly capable of removal. Blind horses are more common in cities than in the rural districts. This is principally caused by bad stables. Many of them are underground cellars, and with few exceptions all stables are too small. They do not admit a sufficient quantity of fresh air for ventilation and respiration, and this always tends to injure the health of the animals. Light is as essential to the health of horses as that of men, and yet most stables are nearly as dark as dungeons. It would be far better for most of the horses in our cities to be kept in open sheds than in the stables commonly provided for them.

I am also positive that eyeblinds on the harness tend to injure the eyes of horses, and as they are totally useless and unsightly appendages they should be abandoned entirely. The open bridle has become more common, but it should be universal. Tight, close collars, which squeeze the eyes of horses in putting them on, are also very injurious to the eyes of the animals. I have known one case of permanent injury to the eyes of an excellent horse from this cause. Carriage and draft horses should be provided with divided collars, secured either at the top or bottom, so that they are not required to be forced over the heads of the animals.—New York World.

How to Tell Iron from Steel.

A writer in the Glasgow Engineer, in pointing out some of the most practicable data in testing iron and steel, lays down a simple rule to start with—namely, that in any case where a fracture of iron gives long, silky fibers of a leaden hue, the fibers cohering and twisting together before breaking, it may be considered a tough, soft iron. Further, a medium, even grain, mixed with fibers, is a good sign, while a short and blackish fiber indicates badly refined iron, a very fine grain also denoting a hard and steely iron, which is apt to be cold short and hard to work with the file. Again, coarse grain with a brilliant crystallized fracture and yellow or brown spots, denotes a brittle iron, cold short, working easily when heated and welding well.

Nitric acid will produce a black spot on steel the darker the spot the harder the steel—while iron, on the contrary, remains bright if touched with that acid. Good steel in its soft state has a curved fracture and a uniform gray lustre, but in its hard state a dull, silvery, uniform white; again, good steel will bear a white heat without falling to pieces, and will crumble under the hammer at a bright heat, while at a middling heat it may be drawn out under the hammer to a fine point.

The Marvelous Power of Tree Growth.

Washington and Independence squares give illustrations of the wonderful power of tree growth. In 1853 the commissioner of city property took up with the good idea of naming the trees. It was shown that the growth of the trees would either force the labels from their staples or else cause them to stand out in a horizontal line. The commissioner at once had the staples drawn, but for all this in some cases the labels have been torn from their hinges, while others stand out from the trunks as if they were intended as platforms for birds to rest on.

The soft cells, as soft and tender as a mushroom when growing, have yet power enough with ease to lift these metallic plates by the edge and force them into a horizontal position. Any one could lift one of these to such a position if the finger could be gotten for a half inch under the plate, but imagine the force which a sort of yeast like substance must possess, which, getting under but perhaps the sixteenth or eighth of an inch, can yet elevate the plate to a perfectly horizontal line!—Thomas Meehan in Philadelphia Ledger.

Which One Was Kept.

There were two little kittens, a black and a gray,
And grandmamma said, with a frown:
"It will never do to keep them both,
The black one we'd better drown.

"Don't cry, my dear"—to tiny Bess,
"One kitten's enough to keep;
Now run to nurse, for 'tis growing late,
And time you were fast asleep."

The morrow dawned, and rosy and sweet
Came little Bess from her nap;
The nurse said, "Go into mamma's room
And look in grandma's lap."

"Come here," said grandmamma with a smile,
From the rocking chair where she sat,
"God has sent you two little sisters,
Now what do you think of that?"

Bess looked at the babies a moment,
With their wee heads, yellow and brown,
And then to grandmamma soberly said,
"Which one are you going to drown?"
—Fashion Bazar.

Cowardice.

Cowardice? Yes, we are cowards: cowards from cradle to bier,
And the terror of life grows upon us as we grow year by year;
Our smiles are but trembling ripples, urged on by a subtide of fear.
And hence, or at substance or shadow we start, though we scarce know why,
Life seems like a haunted wood/ where we tremble and crouch and cry,
Beast, or cobber, or ghost—our courage is still to fly.

IS THIS TIM'S BROTHER

A Fresno Man Who Claims That Relationship.

KEEPER OF A LODGING HOUSE

Bears a Striking Resemblance to the Famous Contestant—Something on That Adoption.

Tommy Nolan, the proprietor of a Mariposa street lodging house, is a full brother of Tim Hopkins, who has become famous as the principal contestant for the millions of Mrs. Hopkins-Searles.

Mr. Nolan is tall in stature, and in form and face resembles the brother. He is inclined to the belief that Hopkins has been wronged by undue influence of his share of the vast possessions of his foster mother. Tommy has a moustache similar in growth to that worn by Tim, but perhaps that of the latter is a shade darker and heavier.

It was not until last night that a REPUBLICAN representative succeeded in associating the lodging house-keeper of this city with that of the now famous contestant, and when Mr. Nolan was spoken to about it he expressed surprise to learn that his family relations had been discovered.

"Yes," he said when spoken to, "I am a brother of Tim's, and if I say it myself I am the only black sheep in the family. Of course, there is got to be a black sheep in every family I suppose, bu by that remark I do not want to have it appear that I am not welcomed at home at any time I want to go there."

"Where is that?" Mr. Nolan was asked.

"My mother lives in Woodland now. That is twenty miles out of Sacramento, but I have not been home for three years. And, by the way, it is that long since I have seen Tim, but I have heard from him through mother, to whom he writes regularly.

"There appears to be from what I can learn from the newspapers an idea," continued Mr. Nolan, "that the adoption of Tim by the then Mrs. Hopkins, was one of charity on her part. That is nonsense of the worst kind, for when Mrs. Hopkins formed an attachment for Tim our family was in much better financial circumstances than were the Hopkins'. We were neighbors, and my mother and Mrs. Hopkins were on the most sociable and friendly terms. Tim was five years my senior, and as we gamboled together on the lawn that divided the two houses in Sacramento, Mrs. Hopkins was constantly seeking his company and asking my mother to let him come and live with them. At that time the Hopkins' were running a hardware store, and how the profits of that institution invested in the Southern Pacific railroad grew into millions needs no telling from me. Mother, at first was very much adverse to parting with Tim, but under pleadings from Mrs. Hopkins that she was childless and loved the boy, whom she promised to educate and leave at her death all she possessed or ever hoped to possess, my mother yielded to allow him to become a member of the Hopkins family. The promise was made that he should receive benefits of the tutorship of the best colleges, both of this and foreign countries, and how well the old lady kept this promise everybody knows. Tim today is as well an educated man as there is in the country, and speaks fluently and writes six or seven different languages.

"I call to mind this day one of his experiences while at school at Sacramento. Tim was given to athletic exercise and while he was exercising in the gymnasium he sprained one of his arms badly. He was taken to his room in the Hopkins residence, and that he might be enabled to maintain his place at the head of the class a special teacher was employed until such time as he was able to resume his studies in the school."

Mr. Nolan declined to express an opinion on the probable outcome of the promised litigation, discharging the reporter with the signifying remark that Tim was fully capable of taking care of himself.

CARD FROM MR. PYKE

HE HAS SOMETHING TO SAY TO THEATER GOERS.

Benefits That Fresno Has Derived From the Erection of the Barton Opera House.

DEAR MR. REPUBLICAN: At this particular time in the history of Fresno amusements, a few words from me might not be out of place concerning theatrical matters, and principally the appearance here of the world's famous tragedienne, Sara Bernhardt.

Before going into the result her coming is likely to produce around and about us, I shall make a few statements as to the general effect the erection of our beautiful temple of amusement has produced in the country far and near.

The Barton opera house is becoming well and favorably known, principally through the agencies of the theatrical profession, whose pleasure it is to indorse a new house as soon as it produces good financial results. Not only does the house receive words of praise, but so does the community that constitutes its clientele.

This, then, to start with, places the name of Fresno conspicuously on the records of prosperous and enterprising cities, not alone in America, but in all parts of the civilized world.

It is nothing new nor startling to hear people remark that the opera house is taking all our money away, or that it is impossible to observe any advantage the building of such a house will be to Fresno. We do not have to go back many months to recall the time when there was a general disgust observable upon countenances of people when any one happened to mention Fresno's house of amusement. Good attractions were hard to get, and when obtained generally became so disgusted with the place provided for them to appear in and the lack of energy displayed by our people in not having some suitable place for them that they often vowed never to come here again.

Since then a temple of amusement has been raised in our midst and what is the result?

Our people have what they have long desired. Theatrical attractions have come and gone, paying our house and city the greatest compliments that could be expressed in words.

Only the smallest particle of common sense is required to say which of the two positions is to our general good.

Since the opening of the opera house, just one year on the 29 day of the present month, the financial results, while not of very large proportions, have been sufficient to warrant the exertion and maintainance of a first-class place of amusement.

It is true that there are there who were loudest in their praises when the building was being erected, rarely, if ever, grace its inner walls with their presence; yet there are others who are most liberal in their support and patronage. So, at least, the good done is appreciated.

When the late lamented Robert Barton completed and gave to Fresno one of the most beautiful temples of a nusement in the world, he gave as much for Fresno as any single individual has done, if not more, since the erection of the first adobe hut upon her barren plains, down to the present day, standing a model of energy and enterprise among the many and envious cities of the world's famous golden west.

In stating this it does in no way belittle the many other and praiseworthy enterprises. They all have their importance and will stand in our history as brilliant examples of the faith and courage of our citizens, whose ambition and delight it is upon all proper and suitable occasions to advance the name of Fresno honestly and conspicuously in the eyes of the world.

Granting this to be all true, the question I now ask: "Will not the appearance of the world's tragic idol, Sara Bernhardt, be of vast importance to our city?" is in order I think.

This will hardly admit of an argument. It has importance and great importance, for no sooner will this great artiste have appeared here than will the press of the country speak of Fresno.

They all know Madame Bernhardt plays only in metropolitan cities, and if she plays in Fresno, Fresno must be of more than ordinary importance.

In conclusion there is only one thing to be desired, that Fresno will on this occasion show the divine Sara that she is equal to all things where energy and ambition are concerned, and that on the eventful evening there may be a financial and brilliant success.

Taking this for granted I have laid out the following program for the madame: A visit to our board of trade exhibit, the decorating of her dressing room, the walls of which shall bear upon them a few neat and appropriate mottoes; on her dressing table a display of the products of our county, to be given to her. Then should the audience give her the reception a d welcome she deserves.

Shall ask for a few lines from her own pen as to her opinion of Fresno and her products. This accomplished the press will do the rest and the mighty cities of the east will quickly discern that beyond the great western mountains there is a proud little city by the name of Fresno whose financial standing, peace and prosperity is not equaled by any other city of its size in the union. This much will Sara Bernhardt's coming help to elevate the name of Fresno. Yours respectfully,

C. M. PYKE,
Manager Barton Opera House.

THE BERNHARDT.

SHE WILL APPEAR IN "FEDORA" AT THE BARTON.

Criticism of Her in This Play By the Player of the San Francisco Examiner.

But one week will elapse before the appearance here of the greatest of actresses, living or dead, Madame Bernhardt, the eccentric genius of modern times. She will produce "Fedora" here, with the following magnificent cast:

Princess Fedora	Mme. Sara Bernhardt
Comtesse Olga Soukareff	Mme. Gilberte
Comtesse de Tournis	Mme. Nadre
Bone Okar	Mme. Merle
Dcmit I	Mlle. Seylor
Marita	Mlle. Simonson
Loris Ipanoff	Mons. Duquesne
Sirlex	Mons. A ge o
Boroff	Mons. Deschamps
Gretch	Mons. Retel
Docteur Loreck	Mons. Munie
Desidare	Mons. Duberry
Tchiloff	Mons. Charton
Rouvel	Mons. Bolson
Cyrille	Mons. Cartereau
Baste	Mons. Piron

"Speaking of the performance at San Francisco and of the few fashionables who stayed away because it was on Saturday night, the Examiner says:

"They missed a sight of three wonderful costumes and a death scene that was ever more admiration compelling than Sara Bernhardt's frocks. For three acts Madame Bernhardt dusted the second-hand furniture of the Grand opera house stage with the most dazzling draperies that ever eye of San Franciscan gazed upon.

"Her first frock looked like a robe of gold against a back ground of olive green moss and covered with butterflies and flowers. It was cut so low in the back that all who were there could tell of their own knowledge that Madame Bernhardt eschews corsets, and it had the singular effect of making the actress look particularly thin. Her second dress was of black, for she was in mourning, but the court train was lined with blue satin and blue ostrich feathers and she wore a fan of blue ostrich plumes. This gave Bernhardt the appearance of belonging to the heavy weight division, so much did it add to the roundness of her contour. The last costume was a yellow silk covered with white lace, with a train of white brocade and edged with sable fur. It was the sort of thing that the Russian princesses one reads about in books might be expected to wear. In every respect it was a costume admirably adapted for the death scene in the last act.

"If Sara Bernhardt had never done anything else this death scene in 'Fedora' would be sufficient to give her undying fame. Other actresses have simulated death on the stage in nearly all its forms, from the long, lingering, languorous pulmonary departure of Clara Morris in 'Camille' to the short, sudden shock of the ponderous flop of Fanny Davenport in this same play; but none of them have succeeded as Sara Bernhardt does.

"When the look of approaching death steals over her face and you see her changing in appearance from a woman to an old woman, they lean forward till you feel afraid lest they fall. Incidentally the audience do the same, and after that you have no eyes for either supernumeraries or spectators. All the eyes you have are needed to watch Bernhardt, and keep them busy as you will you feel that you are missing half of what you wish to see.

"A motion of the hand that looks like an accident pushes up most of the clustering hair that softens the line of her low, broad brow. In a second the softness of the face is gone, the cheek bones seem to rise, the cheeks fall, the lines about the eyes deepen, and you think you can note the growing pallor that the poison is producing. That is only fancy, for she does not chalk her face to simulate death. The jaw drops a trifle and then the face is set.

"For an instant she rallies, and you notice that the servants are getting ready for the supreme moment. You wish they would go off the stage and die, or find something else to occupy their time.

"A shiver that seems to start at the heart and spread all over the body chains your attention to the actress of the drama once more.

"The knees tremble, the hips undulate a little, the figure half turns towards the awful pink lounge, the arms drop limply by the sides, the neck becomes an inert thing, the head falls back, and the whole body sways, totters and falls.

"One convulsive writhe of pain and you see that death has come. A glance reveals the shrunken, pallid face of a corpse."

J. R. Corle x left at the rooms of the board of trade some very fine apples grown in Big Sandy valley, without irrigation, at an altitude of 2000 feet above the sea. Thomas Creighton of the Martha vineyard also left some fine grapes and figs.

The suit for damages brought by G. A. Evarts against Joe Spinney was yesterday continued by Justice Crichton until next Monday at 10 o'clock. Evarts claims that Spinney ran into his buggy and broke it on the Fourth of July last, and he wants damages.

The effort to have a pigeon shooting contest at the track during the fair has failed. The contest will be held some time later than the fair.

Emil Frese's HAMBURG TEA

Purifies the BLOOD, Cures CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, BILIOUSNESS, LIVER COMPLAINTS, SICK HEADACHE, COLDS, PIMPLES, all SKIN AFFECTIONS, and DISEASES ARISING from a DISORDERED STOMACH.

The Genuine HAMBURG TEA is put up in YELLOW WRAPPERS with Facsimile Signature of EMIL FRESE.

REDINGTON & CO. AGENTS, SAN FRANCISCO.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS.

Yards at Hanford, Lemoore, Tulare, Delano, Bakersfield. | Yards at Newman, Fresno, Porterville, Traver, Visalia.

SAN JOAQUIN LUMBER CO,

J. O. BYXBEE, Agent at Fresno.

Lumber Dealers.

—DEALERS IN—

Oregon, Mountain Pine and Redwood Lumber, Doors, Window Blinds, Laths, Lime, etc.

Grape Vine Stakes and Posts in Carload Lots a Specialty. Lumber Sawed.

PERRIN COLONY No 4

A Magnificent Body of Land Offered to Home Seekers.

Perrin colony No. 4 consists of 12,000 acres of land especially adapted or raisin, fruit and alfalfa, and is situated eight miles west of Fresno, adjoining the celebrated "Fruit Vale Estate." The San Pablo and ulare extension of the Southern Pacific railroad crosses this land, nd the town of McMullin is located in about the center of the tract.

This tract was selected some years ago by Dr. E. B. Perrin, out of a body of 200,000 acres, as being the best adapted for general vine, fruit and alfalfa culture on account of the abundant and luxuriant growth of natural grasses. These are the undisputed guarantees as to quality and fertility of the soils of this valley. A deeded water right goes with each twenty acre tract sold. The water right is from the Fresno Canal and Irrigation Co. (Church water), which runs the year round.

The land is level as any in the country and the vines on adjoining lands have made as fine growth as any in Fresno county. The town of McMullin, being located in the center of this magnificent tract and fourteen miles from Fresno, will in a few years be as large a town as Sanger or Selma.

This colony will be sold on easy terms and at a very low price when we consider that it will produce $100 per acre the third year after planting to vines. Vincent, Chittenden, Cole, Sharp & Gordon, dealers in real estate at Fresno, are are handling this tract. This firm makes a careful selection of lands before accepting them for sale. The firm's standing is such that every colony handled by its members has been a marked success.

KUTNER -:- COLONY

Situated one mile east of Temperance Colony. The soil is composed of No. 1 red soil and humus deposit, of which th Temperance Colony and vineyards east of Fresno are justly celebrated. This land is well sub-irrigated by waters from the well-known Church ditch and Gould canal. A water right deeded free with each 20-acre tract sold. Price $100 per acre. No payment on principal required for five years. Interest at 8 per cent per annum, payable annually in advance.

PERRIN COLONY NO. 2

This magnificent property is a portion of the CELEBRATED HELM TRACT, and is situated 3½ miles north of Fresno, on Blackstone Avenue, and contains 6000 acres of superior quality of red land and is pronounced by experts to be of the same character and equal to the soil of the Celebrated Gordon Raisin Vineyard and Richland Tract. The Richland Tract is situated 3 miles southeast of Fresno, and sold recently, without improvements, for $250 per acre. This land is irrigated by the Fresno Canal and Irrigation Company (Church water), and a water right will be deeded free with each 20-acre tract sold. The soil is unequaled for raisins, figs, olives, oranges, nuts and all kinds of deciduous fruits. This property will be offered at the low price of $75 per acre for a short time only; interest on deferred payments 8 per cent. Terms easy.

Prof. E. W. Hilgard says: "It is an excellent soil for raisin grapes.

THE ENTERPRISE COLONY

Situated eight miles northeast of Fresno, in the Fertile Dry Creek Basin, LEVEL SANDY LOAM AND RED SOIL. At an elevation of 100 feet above the City of Fresno, in the warm belt near the foothills, where there is less frost, more rain, and where fruits ripen earlier than nearer the center of the valley. Splendid land and climate for raisin growing and all kinds of citrus and deciduous fruits, nurseries or the growing of small fruit. It is on the line of the Oakdale Branch of the S. P. Railroad, for which rights of way have already been purchased.

CALEDONIA COLONY

THIS TRACT IS

Especially Adapted to Raisin Growing

And was selected for that purpose by its present owner, ALEX GORDON, proprietor of a magnificent vineyard adjoining this city. Terms as follow: Interest in advance; no payment on principal for five years. Both of these tracts are covered with water-right, guaranteeing water for irrigation to every purchaser.

Prices Low - Terms Easy.

$50,000 TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE. For terms and full particulars apply to or address

VINCENT, CHITTENDEN, COLE SHARP & GORDON.

Atlantic & Pacific

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1050 J Street

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STEAM SHIP TICKETS

—TO—

All European Points

VIA ALL LINES.

L. E. WALKER

Passenger Agent.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

Safe, always reliable. Ladies ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. [illegible] At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. [illegible] Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, [illegible]

Sold by all Local Druggists. [illegible]

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Visalia, Cal., July 12, 1891.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of U. S. Land Office at Visalia, Cal., on November 10, 1891, viz: Albert J. Cory, Homestead No. 6690, for the SW¼, section 35, township 15 south, range 14 east, M.D.M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Pearly C. Fantz, Elmer R. Fantz Richard Y. Allen, Albert N. Crawford, all of Whites Bridge, Fresno county, Cal.

jy21t6w M. J. WRIGHT, Register.

School Bond Election Notice.

State of California, Fresno county.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE QUALified electors of Los Gatos school district that in accordance with the provisions of sections 1880 to 1888, Political Code, an election will be held on the 12th day of September, A.D. 1891, at which will be submitted the question of issuing bonds of the district for the purpose of raising money to purchase school lot, build, furnish and fence a school house thereon.

The polls will be open at the home of Peter Johansen, in said district, from 12 o'clock m. until 7 o'clock p.m. Peter Johansen, Frank Cleary and Joseph Garner will serve as judges of election

The amount of the bonds to be issued is Twelve Hundred dollars ($1200), of the denomination of $600 each, and to bear interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum. The number of years which said bonds are to run is as follows, viz: Six Hundred Dollars payable January 15, A. D. 1900, and Six Hundred Dollars payable the next year thereafter, or January 15.

FRANK CLEARY,
PETER JOHANSEN,
C. DANIELSEN,
District School Trustees.

au1t1w

Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A meeting of the stockholders of the Madera Canal and Irrigation company, a corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the state of California, is hereby called for the 29th day of August, 1891, at 10 o'clock a.m. of that day, for the purpose of obtaining on behalf of the directors of said corporation the consent and authority of the stockholders of said corporation that the directors of such corporation may by resolution divide among the stockholders of said corporation such proportion of the water rights held by said corporation as may be deemed advisable at said meeting; and division to be made in the proportion to which their holdings of said stock at the time of such division would entitle them; and also such other and further business as may properly come before said meeting so called.

Said meeting is to be held at the office of Thos. E. Hughes & Son, in the Hughes Hotel, in the city of Fresno, that being the principal place of business of said corporation.

By order of the president.

Dated, Fresno, August 12, 1891.

(Seal) R. C. MAYFIELD, Secretary.

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A TIMBER LAND FAKE

The Examiner's Alleged Expose so Denounced.

HOW THE LOCATIONS ARE MADE

Michigan People Own Less Than Fourteen Thousand Acres North of the San Joaquin.

"Of course, a city paper is liable to err in treating of subjects at remote distances, but I have never seen a newspaper make such glaring errors in a single article as the San Francisco Examiner did recently in an alleged account of timber and mineral frauds in this county," said a prominent pioneer of Fresno, now residing at Fresno Flats. "It is about as absurd and ridiculous an article as ever was published and is full of misrepresentations.

"There is no doubt that there have been fraudulent entries of timber lands in this county, just as there have been elsewhere, but to no such extent as the writer of the article referred to attempts to convey.

"If the writer of that article is at all familiar with government land matters he knows that the general land office has several special agents in this state investigating all applications for government land and that if any claims are found to be fraudulent they are at once thrown open to bona fide locators and the fraudulent locators brought to justice.

"As to the timber lands acquired by companies south of the San Joaquin river I admit that I have no knowledge whatever, but as the article treats principally of the region north of the San Joaquin river I will by facts and figures, refute the arguments as applies to this region.

HOW THE LAND WAS LOCATED.

"Being a resident of this vicinity and being personally acquainted with the timber regions and prominently identified with the mining districts and knowing the manner in which much of the timber lands has been located, I think I am in a better position to state the exact facts than one who simply basis his argument on hearsay and suppositions.

"Four years ago about 10,000 acres of timber land were located in one tract fifteen miles northeast of Fresno Flats by reputable citizens of San Francisco and this section of the county, and the following year about 8000 acres were acquired by a Michigan company by purchase from the locations, the company paying the highest market value for it, leaving about 2000 acres in the same tract owned by the locators, who refused to sell to the company.

"During the years 1888, 1889 and 1890 about 12,000 acres were located in this and Mariposa counties near Fish camp, by citizens of Merced, Mariposa and Fresno counties, and in 1889 about 5000 acres were purchased by a Mr. Hill, a lumber merchant of Michigan. The rest of this tract is principally owned to the present day by the original locators.

MICHIGAN HOLDINGS.

"The records of this and Mariposa counties will bear witness to the fact that the lumber merchants of the state of Michigan own not to exceed 14,000 acres of timber land north of the San Joaquin river, and not 34,000 as stated in the Examiner's article. As for the Michigan company or Mr. Hill securing large bodies of mineral land, nothing of the kind has ever been done and the records of Fresno county will not shows the transfer or location of any such lands, notwithstanding we invite eastern or other capital here to investigate and develop our vast mineral resources.

"Such articles are not calculated to inspire capital to investigate our possibilities and invest in our county. Cloud a title and your sale is ended.

"I concede that the manufacturers of lumber in this state acquire their lands from locators, but I would like to know in what other manner they could acquire it?

"A bona fide locator has a right to dispose of his location as soon as his final proof is accepted at the local land office, and it is for the officers of the local land office to judge the good faith of the locator and not for a newspaper writer who bases his article, as he admits, on hearsay and supposition."

There is much force in what this old resident says and an examination of the records shows that he is right in his figures.

So far as Mr. Pollasky is concerned, and he was in the same article charged with being a heavy holder of timber lands, the records do not show that he owns a foot of land in the timber belt. Somebody evidently imposed on the Examiner.

NOT QUITE, BUT NEAR IT.

Attorneys Van Meter and Terry Very Close to Blows.

In Justice Crichton's court yesterday the examination of Jacob Heffner, on a charge of assault with a deadly weapon, was held. Heffner is accused of striking a fellow teamster named McGinn over the head with a short crowbar. The people were represented in the case by Deputy District Attorney Van Meter and the defendant by Reel B. Terry. In the course of some argument over the introduction of certain testimony the attorneys became quite warm and the justice had to call them to order. When they did not obey he cited them to appear before him at 2 o'clock to show cause why they should not be fined for contempt of court.

At that hour they appeared, and having settled the dispute between themselves apologized to the court for indulging in a too heated debate in the court room. The court decided not to impose a fine, and after hearing the rest of the evidence he took the case under advisement until today.

FRESNO EXCURSIONS.

Conditions Upon Which They Can Be Had.

A number of gentlemen interested in the upbuilding of Fresno have been making an effort to secure a rate from San Francisco that would enable them to run excursions from that city to this.

"I saw the railroad people the other day," said Fulton G. Berry to a Republican reporter, "and they show a decided interest in the matter. They like Fresno, admire its push and enterprise and will do anything they can to aid us.

"They will give us a rate of $7 for the round trip if we guarantee that 120 tickets will be sold. I consider that reasonable. There are two sides to the matter. The moment we begin advertising, the railroad people say, everybody who ever had any thought of coming to Fresno, Madera, Merced or intermediate points will hold off and wait for the excursion. So the railroad people are out there.

"These round trip tickets will be good for five days. If we can bring several hundred people down here during the fair, show them that, the town, the vineyards, the colonies, take them out to the San Joaquin river over the Mountain road, a new item that the roundhouse is moving from Tulare here and that we will soon be connected with the West Side I think it will benefit the town.

"I feel so sure that it will that I will be one of five men to guarantee the railroad company that $840 worth of tickets will be sold. The matter should not be allowed to go by default and that's the way to get it through. There are plenty of other men who will stand as I do on this proposition. Put me down for one-fifth of that stock."

The matter will probably be brought to an issue in a day or two. It would be a big thing for the fair.

CAMP WONDER.

One of the Delightful Retreats of Pine Ridge.

Camp Wonder is a picturesque spot immediately surrounding Bancroft & Litchfield's tray mill. The encampment consists of half a dozen families. A small circle, but rather select, all having the equal enjoyment of fine water, fine air, and the grandest of scenery.

In the first place, as everything is done properly, we have what we term camp meetings, which really ought to be called song worship, as singing religious, patriotic, pathetic and comical songs constitute this performance. Then we have the most delightful social sessions around the camp fires, three or four of these lighted at once. Then to wind up with comes our weekly Saturday night ball. We have a fine floor, erected by our boys.

The ball of the season was honored by the presence of Mr. and Mrs. Ray White, Mr. and Mrs. Gross, Mr. and Mrs. McKay, Mr. and Mrs. Howard, Mr. Burgess, musician; Alonzo, the chef, playing a guitar accompaniment; Mr. Litchfield, Mr. and Mrs. Bancroft, Master R. Burgess, Misses Mernie McVey, Irene and Pearl White, Edna Howard, Julia McKay, George and James Bancroft, Clarence Howard, Ray White Jr. Every one enjoyed themselves to the best of their ability. The ingenius F. Musser and Mr. Gorman were also present.

Next Saturday being the last before the breaking up of the camp, we intend to have a grand wind-up, in which some of our neighbor of the near camps promise to grace the occasion with their presence.

We also go on excursions after gooseberries, alderberries and the grandest of scenery and wonders of all kinds, such as mountain lions and so on.

We have been promised a visit from Frank Bancroft and several chums, but, as the young gentlemen have not put in an appearance, I suppose they are better entertained in Fresno, where we will also put in an appearance shortly. N.

WAS IT A FAMILY ROW

CHARLES HENRY WILSON IS WOUNDED.

A Fellow Workman Named Bruno Draws a Knife Through His Closed Fingers.

When the 5 o'clock train pulled into the depot a pretty well frightened man got off with his hand bandaged up and bleeding hard. He placed himself in charge of Officer Grady and was conducted by him to Dr. Sponogle's office, where an examination disclosed a severely cut hand, three of the fingers being cut to the bone and the fourth one sadly scratched.

The wounds had bled profusely and beneath the handkerchief the blood had clotted. While the doctor was dressing the wounded hand the fellow asserted that he would tell nothing about it. He kept talking all of the time, however, and before the last bandage had been tied he had told a reporter very nearly all of his side of the story.

His name is C. H. Wilson, and he is employed on the section gang of the Southern Pacific road at Sycamore, or Borden, as the postoffice department calls the place. He is married and his wife keeps a boarding house at Sycamore for the section hands. Some time ago he left the section to go with a threshing machine or harvester, and it was while he was away that his wife started the boarding house. After his return he again went to work for the railroad.

He asserts that he was warned that a German fellow, who was called Bruno, and he did keep some sort of an eye on him. He was wounded just before the train left Sycamore. He had come to the house to tell his wife that he would have to come to Fresno. As he passed into the dining room Bruno said something about the advisability of never coming back.

One word brought on another and finally Wilson went into his pocket after a dirk he was carrying. About the same time Bruno grabbed for a butcher knife which was lying on the floor. Both got hold of the knife, Bruno by the handle and Wilson by the blade. The scuffle for its possession was one sided and left the knife in Bruno's hand and the cuts in that of Wilson.

When Wilson had concluded his story thus far he learned that he was talking to a reporter. He immediately shut up and would say nothing of the cause of the trouble except that it was a family affair.

After the wounds were dressed Wilson went to the depot where he moaned the time away until 3 o'clock, when he left on his return trip home.

RETURNED SUCCESSFUL.

Councilman Fahey Brings the Grand Council to Fresno.

City Trustee Fahey returned last evening on the 5 o'clock train from Watsonville, where he went as the delegate of the Queen of the Valley lodge of the Young Men's Institute to the grand council of that order.

When he went away it was conceded that Fresno would make a claim for the next meeting place. At that time the idea was that Fresno should make a claim simply for the purpose of getting her name before the council so that next year Fresno could make a demand for it.

Delegate Fahey was not one of those who feel like fighting unless it is fighting in earnest for what is wanted. He therefore began an active canvass and was soon known among the delegates as "the boomer from and for Fresno." He worked hard and incessantly and finally succeeded in getting the order made after a hard fight with Marysville, in which he won by just five votes.

The coming of the grand council to Fresno means considerable in that it will bring to Fresno about 2000 people from all over the coast, including Washington and Oregon, all of whom need to know something of Fresno and its vicinity and will learn it quickest in this way.

STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.

Green Goods Men Still Sending Out Circulars.

Two or more concerns must be engaged in sending circulars out of New York offering for sale spurious money. Not less than fifty people are known to have received such circulars and no one knows how many received them and have said nothing about them.

John Albin of the Pleasanton hotel, yesterday received one of them, requesting him to telegraph as follows:

"N. A. Helmbold, 203 Broadway, New York—Colvert pipe with improved rockets. Sign your name and postoffice address."

He is a particular fellow, this Helmbold. He insists on suckers going to New York to be skinned, adding: "You will please remember to pay the charges on your telegrams, as I don't wish them sent in any other way, and won't receive them unless they are prepaid. In conclusion I wish to say if you cannot come on here or have not $350 to invest, simply let the matter drop until you hear from me again."

Mr. Albin not being a selfish man shares this opportunity with the world.

ABOUT READY FOR BIDS

Revised and Enlarged Court House Plans

ARE EXAMINED AND APPROVED

The Buildings to Be Completely Fire Proof—A Magnificent Front Will Be Presented.

When the plans for the additions to the court house, as they are now approved by the board of supervisors, are carried out the county will have a building of which it may well feel proud.

The board was as busy as could be all day yesterday and until late last evening. Architect Comlett was before the board and most of his hours were spent in explaining. The plans were explicit and the specifications were carefully and fully prepared. It took the board a long time to go over them and they were also very careful to go into the examination with the greatest possible minuteness. The accepted plan has already been described in these columns. When finished the building will present an extremely imposing appearance.

The two wings will set out a little in front of the present building and between each of them will be a corridor of sufficient width to lessen any possible chance of danger from fire.

The present approach to the main building will be taken away and a front colonade or inside porch will be built, connecting the two wings and forming a grand entrance to all with a wide flight of steps leading from the ground onto the porch.

The present cupola will be taken down and a larger one corresponding with the enlarged structure will be put in its place.

When the plans had all been examined and the specifications had all been read the board finding no opportunity to complain of them in the least, accepted them and everything is therefore ready for the advertisement for bids. This will soon be done and it is probable that the year 1891 may yet see the laying of the corner stone of the new structure.

Architect Comlett left last night for the city, but will soon return and will probably make his home here for some months during the progress of the work.

FRESNO'S GOOD SCHOOLS.

Comments Thereon By Good Authorities.

The Pacific Educational Journal has the following editorially on "Fresno City Schools":

"The corps of educational workers in Fresno is a strong one. From the superintendent, the board of trustees, the principals of the schools, down through the assistants, from the highest to the lowest, all conspicuous for intelligence, energy and strength of individuality. This is a strong foundation on which to build the educational institutions of the city. They began at the first of the school year to do something more and to do it better than was ever done before. The last year's achievements were not to be taken as a model for this year's attempts. Something in advance of the finest work of last year was the only thing thought of. The work accomplished has come up fully to the most sanguine expectations. The schools have been better than ever before—a great deal better. In the years gone by the schools have been models of efficiency and fully up to the standards of education. But this year has surpassed them all. It has not been done without effort, but it has been the result of great and intelligent labor on the part of all, from the superintendent down to the teachers in the lowest department."

In the same journal Superintendent Anderson has the following to say, in a column personally conducted by him:

"During the month the superintendent had the pleasure of attending the closing exercises of the grammar and high schools in the city of Fresno. He would not do justice were he to neglect giving to Principal Healon and his excellent corps of teachers the meed of praise to which the excellence and efficiency of their work entitle them. The same remark applies to the pupils, whose work he had opportunity to examine, and the character of whose closing exercises delighted him. The members of the graduating class of the high school displayed a proficiency that justly entitles them to the honorable distinction which they enjoy—that of being the first graduating class of this excellent school. Those who follow must work with zeal if they hope to attain the rank and credit which has been secured by the class of 1891. The superintendent was particularly pleased with the high degree of interest manifested by the people of Fresno in the success of their schools. This interest gives good augury of what their schools are destined to accomplish for the good of that community in the future."

THE CANNING COMPANY.

Very Successful Season and a Profitable One.

The Fresno Canning company began operations on June 29, last, and about October 1 will close its first season, and a very successful one it has been.

More than 30,000 cases of Fresno fruit have been packed, mainly of peaches and pears, with some apricots and nectarines. The factory was started rather late for 'cots and the crop was also somewhat short. Work is now mainly on grapes, though some peaches are still coming in.

The management has had no trouble to get all the help it needed, and the hands that were green early in the season have become quite expert. Some of the girls have been making as high as $15 to $18 a week. An average of 600 people have been employed by the company throughout the summer and the weekly pay roll has frequently exceeded $3000.

The establishment of this factory has been a good thing for the fruit men of this county and of the greatest benefit to the city. The pack of this company is not excelled anywhere in the state, and will tend to add greatly to the reputation of Fresno as a fruit center.

More Raisins.

The Fresno Home Packing company, who shipped the first car of raisins for the season on Monday, shipped another car yesterday.

The Producers' Raisin company also shipped a car yesterday and henceforward, should the weather be all right, fruit will go forward very rapidly.

To Fresno for Their Bridal Trip.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Smith left for yesterday morning for their home near San Jose. They were married at San Jose September 1 and chose Fresno as the spot where their bridal trip should be made and spent. The bride was formerly Miss Lucy Young of Hollister. Mr. Smith is a member of Smith Bros., this city.

New Brick Block at Madera.

Good progress is being made on Alexander Gordon's business block at Madera and the expectations are that it will be completed on or near the first of next month. The building will cost about $15,000. All the store rooms in the building are rented except one. Madera as a town is growing rapidly.

SEED BED FOR WHEAT.

Importance of Its Careful Preparation as Explained by American Cultivator.

One of the important requirements of the wheat crop is a good seed bed. Winter grain cannot with any advantage be cultivated after sowing, as after this time the surface should be kept as compact as possible, in order to allow water falling on it to run off with as little sinking in the soil as possible. The more water the soil holds the more it will expand during the inevitable winter freezing. It is the porosity of many soils containing much vegetable matter that makes them unfit for growing wheat, though otherwise much richer than good wheat soils. As the vegetable matter decreases they become better adapted to wheat, though they may be less fertile than when wheat could not be grown. On these partially exhausted lands mineral manures for wheat, especially phosphates, are most helpful, because they supply the plant food that cultivation generally first exhausts. But none the less thorough preparation of the soil before sowing is necessary. It insures the compactness of the soil below the surface that is essential to wheat growing. If the wheat is to follow a spring grain crop plow as early as possible and cultivate on the surface, mainly with implements that press the soil down. Only one or two inches of the surface should be loose, but below that the more compacted the soil is the better the wheat will be next season.

Difference in Cows.

Notwithstanding all that has been said and written about the difference in cows, a great deal yet remains to be learned. Experiment stations can give us the comparative merits of individual animals of the different dairy breeds, but the information most valuable to farmers and dairymen can only be learned by themselves, says the agricultural editor of The World. The difference between cows in the same herd and of the same breed, as gauged by their true value for milk and butter, is surprising. Even cows from the same parents often differ so widely in the quantity or quality of their milk, or in both, as to make one decidedly preferable to the other.

Nothing short of individual tests and comparisons can determine with any satisfactory exactness the relative value for dairy purposes of the different animals of the herd, and there can be no better time in the year for beginning the test than now. Not only should the milk given by different cows be tested for its butter contents until definitely ascertained and a comparison instituted in this respect, but the amount of milk given yearly by individuals should be determined as nearly as possible. Going dry early or an early shrinking in her milk, may make an otherwise good cow comparatively unprofitable.

A Favorite English Breed of Fowls.

Dorkings are favorite English fowls, being recommended by the great beauty of all their varieties and by their unrivaled qualities as table birds. In the latter respect it is claimed that they surpass every other English breed except the game, for the meat is not only of good quality but is produced in the greatest quantity in the choicest parts—breast, merrythought and wings.

Though a fine sitter and exceptionally good mother, the Dorking is a poor layer. The chickens, also, if hatched early, are very delicate and subject to disease. The usually recognized varieties are the gray or colored, silver gray and white.

In the silver gray dorkings the color is imperative. Wright calls the silver grays a chance offshoot from the grays perpetuated by careful breeding. He

SILVER GRAY DORKINGS.

describes a pure silver gray as follows: Cock's breast a pure and perfect black; tail and larger coverts black, with metallic reflections; head, hack, back and saddle feathers pure silvery white; the wing bow also white, showing up well a sharply marked and brilliant bar of black across the middle. A single white feather in the tail would be fatal. Hen's breast, salmon red shading into gray at the thighs; head and neck silvery white, striped with black; back, silver gray; wings also gray, with no shade of red; tail, dark gray, passing into black inside. The general appearance of both birds should be extremely clean and aristocratic, and this makes them favorites, especially with women fanciers.

Things That Are Told.

Overstock a poor and weedy pasture with sheep and fatten with bran and oil meal. That's far better than plowing and re-seeding, for if well managed it kills out all weeds and enriches the field while making a little profit on the sheep, says Farm Journal.

If there are any weeds in the lawn that you are especially desirous of killing, but which have heretofore proved obstinate, cut them off just below the crown while the weather is hot and dry and let the sun do the rest. This treatment is almost as effectual with weeds as with grass, according to American Agriculturist.

It is pretty generally conceded now that the most profitable age at which to sell hogs is from 6 to 8 months, when they will weigh from 200 to 300 pounds. This is the practice of most of the best swine breeders.

Skim and buttermilk can be fed to chickens and hens to more advantage than to pigs. Doing so pays better, and the milk is greatly relished by the birds.

The common puddle duck is of no value compared with the pure breeds. The Aylesbury, Rouen and Pekin ducks not only give a fair proportion of feathers, but also produce large and desirable carcasses.

ON THE GRADE.

The Work Progressing Slowly on the Mountain Road.

The progress of the work on the San Joaquin Valley railroad is slowly but surely going forward. The contractors are now working about 140 men in the two gangs. The graders are some distance above Owens' place working easily and not being crowded at all. The track layers are back surfacing what they have already finished, but will be able to continue with the work in a day or two. The cause of the delay in track laying is the breaking of two construction cars, which had to be replaced. As soon as others arrive, and they were expected last night, the work will proceed. The last full day of track laying showed 4000 feet or about four-fifths of a mile. Thirteen thousand ties are now on the way here, but all material is slow in coming forward.

Attachment May Be Removed.

It is understood that the large merchandise house of Ross & Hall at Selma, which was attached a few days since, will soon be able to make satisfactory arrangements with its creditors. The members of the firm have become well and favorably known in Selma.

THE MAN ABOUT TOWN

Apples and Raisins and Religion and Soap.

PECULIAR INFLUENCES NOTED

Nasty and Adulterated Olive Oil. Wine Men Happy—Raisin Overproduction.

"I'll give you one reason why raisins will be in better demand this year and consequently higher than last year and which will in a large measure also explain the cause of the depression in the trade last year," said Mr. Bennett, a well known fruit buyer from Philadelphia, to me the other day. "It is all embraced in the one word—apples. Last year the apple crop was short all over the country; this year it is great everywhere. Apples will be a drug in the market. What connection is there between apples and raisins? I'll tell you. The consumption of raisins by table use, puddings and domestic uses generally is comparatively small. When there are no apples no mince meat is made, and that is where the bulk of the raisins go. Last year apples were scarce and of a poor quality, consequently no mince meat was made and raisins dragged. This year there is an immense apple crop and hundreds of tons of raisins will be used up by the mince meat factories. So you see what apples have to do with raisins and how an apparently trivial matter may paralyze a great industry."

* * *

Mr. Bennett has not over-stated the matter, I am told by men of experience in the raisin business, and his story is not a whit more singular than that of the manager of the Fresno Soap works in explaining why soap cannot be made here to advantage. "Religion does it," he says. "To make soap we must have tallow, and there is no place in the state where tallow is so high and so scarce, and of course I cannot ship it here from San Francisco and compete with the works there. 'What has religion got to do with tallow and soap,' you ask? This: the Seventh Day Adventists use no lard, substituting tallow for it. Result, a scarcity of tallow and the making of soap under difficulties." There are a good many Adventists in Fresno and I am told that they keep the butcher shops pretty clear of tallow.

* * *

The man who has the street sweeping contract is doing good work, but in common with many people who like to sleep, I wish he'd reduce the register of the voices of his boys who do most of the work. Their whoas and shrieks make night hideous. Call 'em off.

* * *

Good for the new park band and for Nick Justy, its manager. Not only will it give Sunday afternoon, but also Thursday evening, concerts. The first night concert will be given this evening, beginning at 7 o'clock. The program will be an interesting one and the park will be crowded.

* * *

There is no railroad crossing in town that is used so much at this season of the year as the one on Mono street and it must be admitted that it is in a disgraceful condition. The railroad company and the city authorities should join hands and put it in passable condition. It would be a great accommodation to the vineyardists who are compelled to cross it two or three times a day on their way to the packing houses. I have no doubt that all that will be necessary to bring about the desired change will be to bring the matter to the attention of the railroad company.

* * *

In an Arizona newspaper I find the following: "The order of the Red Cross is the highest degree in York Rite Masonry." With the exception that the Red Cross is not the highest degree in York Rite Masonary and that Knight Templarism is not York Masonry at all this article is correct. That is, however, about as near to the truth as the uninitiated usually get, especially those clerical gentlemen who occasionally take the pulpit against the mystic craft.

* * *

Under the direction of the state board of horticulture Professor Rising, state analyst, is now engaged in testing the various samples of olive oil sold in this state. He has already found a great deal of adulteration. Secretary Lelong has been divulging the secrets of the test and among other things says: "One oil that is very largely sold as a perfectly pure article is manufactured by a San Francisco firm, and as a matter of fact does not contain one drop of olive oil. It is so skillfully manufactured, however, that experts have been deceived by it. I understand that one of the swell clubs of this city actually used a particular brand of oil for a year, believing that it was the very best in the market, and when analyzed it was found to contain not over 10 per cent of olive oil. Pure cotton seed oil, while comparatively harmless used in small quantities, has medicinal qualities that render it not always a safe article of diet. Much of the so-called olive oil which we find in this market is composed for the most part of cotton seed oil. The oil is adulterated heavily, and that is where the danger lies. Sulphuric acid is used freely in its preparation, and chemicals are resorted to for the purpose of destroying the peculiar odor which is so striking a characteristic of the cotton seed oil."

* * *

I am glad this investigation is being made, and I hope congress will take up the matter and pass a general law on the subject. I am sorry to say that I have not found a single restaurant in Fresno in which California olive oil is used. Only the cheap foreign article is put upon the tables and their patrons must take these adulterations or not use oil at all. This is short-sighted policy and much to be condemned.

* * *

The wine men are comparatively happy this year. They think they see their way out of the woods, as one expressed it to me the other day. "We have had a pretty hard time of it for five or six years," he said, "but it looks like we would have our innings pretty soon. Everything has been going into raisins and the acreage of wine grapes has not materially increased. California wines are beginning to be appreciated. They are pure, they are the true grape juice, they are not adulterated and they are cheap. True temperance is gaining ground; the wines are displacing bilemaking beer and fiery, nerve-destroying whiskies. The government is beginning to recognize our industry and is helping us. Yes, the wine men are happy; they have a right to be; they will be happier next year and it will be six or seven years before we can be hurt by overplanting."

* * *

There is no doubt that overproduction was one of the causes for the depression in the wine business, and the question of overproduction in raisins is now more seriously considered than formerly. The possibility of overproduction is now, at least, admitted. In this connection the following letter from W. C. Bevan of Malaga, Spain, is of interest. Mr. Bevan is an American who has resided in Malaga about twelve years. He visits the United States once each year. He is familiar with California, and though he speaks from the standpoint of the importer, his ideas may interest many.

* * *

He writes as follows in response to a letter from a friend at San Diego, which place he is expected to visit again soon for the third time: "A few days ago we read an editorial in a Californian paper arguing the impossibility of there being an overproduction of raisins.

"The reasons adduced we think were very fallacious, at least in practice, although they may sound well in theory.

"The writer of the article speaks of 10,000,000 boxes of raisins as if they would be in a great part of a superior or first quality.

"If the writer knew aught of the raisin business he would know that not more than 10 to 15 per cent of the production is of the higher classes, and even granting that that percentage of 10,000,000 could be sold at good prices (which is extremely doubtful, as fine table raisins are luxuries and enjoyed by the few) is it to be supposed that any possible profit made on 1,000,000 or 1,500,000 boxes would compensate for the positive loss on 9,000,000 boxes?

"We speak of the raisin industry with a certain amount of confidence because we have been engaged in it for more than a quarter of a century, and have been for fifteen years the largest exporters from here, to all parts of the world where raisins are used, and therefore know something as to the modes in which raisins are consumed and by whom, etc.

"The greater part of all the raisins produced are consumed by the middle and lower classes of people, and not by the wealthy, and as the custom of eating raisins uncooked is now only a very limited one, and will soon be obsolete, because it is no longer the fashion in high society to put raisins on the table as dessert, and there are so many fresh fruits always obtainable that their absence is unnoticed.

"Now, when there will be produced within a very short time 10,000,000 boxes of raisins, how will they be consumed. There will be tremendous losses and the raisin industry will be looked upon as an accursed thing.

"For those who handle raisins a good thing is coming, and there will be commissions and brokerages galore; but for the farmer the clouds and disaster already lower on the distant horizon.

"Here we can buy vineyards for a mere song, owing to the financial crisis prevailing; but we would not touch one even by proxy.

"Our senior has lately been in Madrid as a commissioner of this chamber of commerce and the raisin growers, in consultation with the minister of state and prime minister over this business, and we think there will be need of much prudence and activity to avoid disaster caused by over production of raisins.

"What we do not understand is that our countrymen are not wise enough to see that if they would cure their raisins by the cheap method used in the Valencia district, they would have an article that, like Grecian currants, would never be in excess, as they are used entirely for cooking and by the masses of the people to whom they have become a necessity. A production of 20,000,000 boxes would all be consumed at good prices.

"Another most extraordinary thing is that currants are not grown in California."

* * *

Mr. Bevan's experience give his utterances force and value that they would not otherwise possess, and this contribution to the absorbing question will be read with general interest. Carlos.

THE OTHER THIEF.

ED PATE LANDED BEHIND THE BARS.

He Was Accused of Stealing W. F. Hanke's Cattle and Fled to Los Angeles.

Deputy Constable Warren Hill returned yesterday from Los Angeles, bringing with him Ed Pate who is wanted here for cattle stealing. The larceny occurred several weeks ago when the present prisoner and a fellow named Bennett took sixteen head of cattle from the pasture of W. F. Hanke near Sanger.

They drove the animals to Dinuba in Tulare county, where they sold them. Bennett took the money and came to Fresno where he spent it royally until the night he was arrested at the Hughes hotel. Pate, as soon as he knew of Bennett's arrest skipped the county, and the officers have for two weeks been industriously trying to locate him.

Hill heard of his being seen in Los Angeles and started down. A few hours' work located him and he was arrested. Pate was taken down last evening for arraignment, and Bennett was taken down for examination. The case is said to be very clear against both the prisoners.

FROM NEW HAMPSHIRE.

People From That Sturdy State May Emigrate Here.

E. H. Wilcomb, formerly in the newspaper business here and more recently one of the proprietors of the Central Californian, is at present at Lake Village, N. H. He writes to friends here as follows: "I am rusticating at my old home in the New Hampshire hills and have succeeded in arousing quite an interest among my acquaintances here in regard to Fresno and her fruit and raisin industries."

He writes that a number of people from that state may come here this fall. It is to be hoped they may.

ORANGE TREES.

One Firm Has Already Sold 6000 for Delivery This Winter.

Long Bros., nurserymen, state that they have already sold 6000 orange trees for delivery in Fresno county this fall and winter. Not one of the trees goes into the foothill country, but for the most part in the lands neighboring the vineyards of this city. They state there is a large demand for trees this season and but little demand for vines. One remarkable feature about orange trees seems to be settled, and that is that they are especially adapted to alkali soils. Long Bros have an advertisement in today's Republican that will interest buyers of fruit trees.

FRESNO'S OIL STRIKE.

Senator R. B. Campbell Enthusiastic on the Subject.

Senator R. B. Campbell has just returned to San Francisco from the scene of the recent oil strike in the Coast range in this county and is enthusiastic over the outlook. To a Call reporter he says:

"At 300 feet we struck a 10 barrel stream of pure green oil, the first ever found on the Pacific coast. It is worth on the market $4 a barrel, while the common oil brings but one-quarter that amount. In addition to that the oil we are getting is capable of being refined, while that in the other California wells is not. Natural gas is also found near the well in such quantities that by capturing it as it issues from the fissures in the ground we are enabled to secure a sufficient quantity to run the machinery for operating the drills and pumps. The strike is undoubtedly the greatest ever made in the west."

THE LAW OF THE CASE

Why the Supervisors Will Make School Tax Levy.

IT AFFECTS ALL OF THE CITIES

The New Law Mandatory in Its Character and Repeals All Acts or Parts of Acts in Conflict.

The tax rate fixed by the city council on Monday evening is the same as that of last year at $1 on each $100 of assessment, but it does not include the levy for school purposes as it did before. This tax is now levied by the board of supervisors in accordance with the law passed by the last legislature and approved on February 14.

Being new it is not well known. It is entitled "an act to provide for the levy and collection of taxes by and for school districts, except in municipal corporations of the first class." It reads as follows:

Section 1. In all cases where the board of school trustees, board of school directors, board of education, or other governing board of any school district in the state, except in municipal corporations of the first class, has or may hereafter have power to raise money by taxation without the vote of the people of the school district, in addition to the funds provided by state and county for school or educational purposes, such money shall be raised and such taxes shall be levied and collected in the manner following, to-wit: The board of trustees, directors or board of education shall, within the limits fixed by law, estimate the amount of money to be raised by taxation and required by their respective districts for school purposes during the year next ensuing, which year shall begin on the first Monday of January at 12 o'clock m. Said meeting for such purpose shall be held between the first and twentieth day of September in each year. Said estimate showing the amount and for what purpose the same is to be used, shall be entered upon the records of the board making the same, and signed by a majority of said board and attested by the clerk or secretary of said board. Said clerk or secretary shall immediately furnish to the board of supervisors of the county in which said district is situated a copy of said record containing such estimate, which shall show the name of the district, the amount of money to be raised, and the purposes for which it is to be used.

Sec. 2. The board of supervisors upon receipt of such estimate, must, at the time of levying the county taxes, levy a tax upon all the taxable property in the school district requiring such money, sufficient to raise the amount; the rate of taxation shal be ascertained by deducting 15 per cent for anticipated delinquencies from the aggregate assessed value of the property in the district, as it appears on the assessment roll of the county, and then divide the amount to be raised by the remainder of said aggregate assessed value. The taxes so levied shall be computed and entered on the assessment roll by the county auditor, and collected at the same time and in the same manner as state and county taxes, and when collected shall be paid into the county treasury for the use of the district for which said money was collected. The county treasurer shall, upon demand, pay out such moneys to the district entitled thereto, in the same manner as other school moneys are paid out by such treasurer.

Sec. 3. All acts and parts of acts in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

This law seems to include in its scope the entire state outside of San Francisco and it not only takes from the hands of the city council the levying of the taxes, but it contemplates doing about all of the school business through the county officials. The money collected is to go into the county treasury and is to be paid out in the same manner as other school moneys.

The council in keeping down the rate to the dollar limit was extremely lucky in that the school matter was taken out of its hands. The council determined that something like $15,000 should be raised for school purposes. If the council had under the law been compelled to raise the taxes for school purposes by the levy of Monday night its dollar limit would have been swelled to $1.25½ or 24½ cents more than the last council was able to get along with.

The council does not therefore save anything to the taxpayer.

Dogs Help Each Other to a Drink.

The fountain on the Clark street side of the county building was the scene of a very funny incident the other afternoon. Two dogs, water spaniels, were trotting north when they came to this place and stopped for a drink. They were both thirsty, but neither was tall enough to reach the trough, and they talked the matter over as dogs will, and wondered why they had not been treated with as much consideration as had the horses. Presently they solved the problem.

One of them ranged himself under the edge of the trough, and the other, resting his fore feet upon his companion's back, was able to reach into the pool and slake his thirst. When he had finished he hopped down, seemed to say the water was good, and then in turn ranged himself under the edge of the fountain and the other reached up for the drink he had earned. When he was satisfied they trotted away together, as well contented as any man could be who had met a problem and vanquished it.—Chicago Herald.

DETECTIVE HARRIS.

His Condition Becoming a Grave One.

Alameda, September 8.—Detective Harris was taken from his bed for the first time today and allowed to sit in a chair for a little while.

"The wound is a very serious one," said Dr. Woolsey tonight, "and Harris' recovery is doubtful. The probe ranged backward, inward and slightly downward. A line extended in the direction of the probe would come out at the left side of the spine of the neck. About at this point I found a point of exquisite sensitiveness, and I infer that the bullet is lodged in the deep tissues of the neck. The case is a grave one. He has some fever today and is troubled by an insatiable thirst."

FRUIT AND FLOWERS

TRELLIS FOR BLACKBERRY VINES.

How an Ohio Horticulturist Keeps His Vines in Convenient Shape.

An Ohio horticulturist describes his management of blackberry plants in The Rural New Yorker. He says:

My plan is to take good fence posts five feet in length, set one at each end of a row, 3½ feet in the ground, leaving twenty inches above ground. I use No. 12 galvanized wire and draw it as tightly as possible. However long the rows may be a post set firmly at each end is sufficient. After the canes are tied to the wire they form a perfect support, and there are no stakes in the way of the hoe. I top my canes at three feet, just the right height to be handy for the pickers. By running the wires twenty inches from the ground they pass below the branches, so that it is much more convenient to tie them, and less twine is required, while the tops are in better shape for picking.

I remove the old canes as soon as the fruit is off, and tie the new ones to the wire to prevent their being twisted off by the wind. I am well aware that a large number of fruit growers dispense

WIRE TRELLIS FOR BLACKBERRIES.

with stakes or wires; but after having used both for three years I regard them as indispensable if one wants the crop to be the best. I would not advise any one to use sawdust as a mulch for anything, as its effects on the soil are not desirable, and it also makes an excellent breeding place for injurious insects.

To keep the soil moist, cool and rich each winter I cover a space about two feet wide along the rows with manure, and start the cultivator as soon in the spring as the soil is in fit condition, and continue its use until August. Raspberries require the same treatment if one wants to be sure of a good crop. During the drought at fruiting time in the past season I noticed that the neglected berries on the wild as well as the tame bushes were drying up, while mine were ripening nicely and in large quantities.

Nut Planting.

Nuts may be planted either in the fall or spring. The objection to fall planting lies chiefly in the danger of their being disturbed and carried off by some of the small animals. The following plan, which comes highly recommended, seems to be an excellent one, not only for preserving the seeds from disturbance, but also for keeping them in a condition favorable for germination in the spring, somewhat similar to that furnished by nature in the forests: Soon after their maturity, and certainly before they have become thoroughly dried, select those of good size, large kernels and thin shells. Place them in boxes of moist soil and sink the boxes to the level of the surface of the ground in some place where they will not be disturbed. In the spring the nuts may be planted in nursery rows or in the spots where it is desired the trees shall stand. Much more attention is now being paid to nut culture than formerly, and it is found that by selection and culture nuts improve almost as readily as fruit.

The Magnolia for Winter Forcing.

The magnolia as a winter forcer is not generally known, and yet a German writer tells that it is comparatively easily managed. Plant in fall in the open ground of temperate house only plants with buds and root bulbs, which will flower by January. Planted in pots or tubs they will answer readily likewise, but do not expose to too much heat. The plants will not suffer much by forcing if due attention is given them after flowering. The flowers are good keepers, and can be used to advantage as well as a cut flower or a decorative plant.

Killing Sorrel.

Salt will kill sorrel very easily, while it will only make the grass grow more and faster. A practical man says: "I have whitened the gravel walks on my lawn in which sorrel came in thickly (with the gravel) with salt, and killed it out at once. I learned this about fifty years ago when my father cleaned gravel walks with it, and it cleans them to perfection, killing any weeds and brightening the surface wonderfully."

Floral Hints.

If plenty of geraniums are wanted during the winter the flower buds ought now to be picked off and the plant pinched back to make a stocky growth.

The planting of bulbs, such as tulips, hyacinths, etc., may be done any time during the months of September, October and later, provided the ground remains unfrozen.

Set tulips five or six inches apart and about five inches deep.

Hyacinths may be planted six to eight inches apart and five inches deep.

Crocuses and snowdrops need not be more than two or three inches apart and the same in depth. Planting in clumps is an effective way to arrange them.

During the autumn the seeds of sweet alyssum, candytuft, larkspur, lupines, mignonette, portulaca, etc., may be sown. These will start up earlier in the spring, and will flower more freely than will spring sown ones.

Lower Freight Rates.

Private advices received here yesterday state that the officials of the Santa Fe railroad are striving with every hope of success to have the freight rate to eastern points on raisins cut down from $1.50 to $1.45 per 100 pounds and canned goods from $1.10 to $1. It is thought the reduced freight rates may be in force by September 21.

DR PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.